HORVÁTH KÁROLY

TWENTY BUT ONE
EGY HÍJÁN HÚSZ

TÁRSALGÁSI TÉMAKÖR AZ

ANGOL

ALAP-, KÖZÉP- ÉS FELSŐFOKÚ NYELVVIZSGÁHOZ

NYELVTANI GYAKORLATOKkal KIEGÉSZÍTVE

PADLÁS NYELVISKOLA KÖNYVEK
Horváth Károly

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PADLÁS NYELVISKOLA KÖNYVEK
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Padlás Nyelviskola

Kiadja: Padlás Nyelviskola Kiadó
Fax: 99/334-206
Írta és szerkesztette: Horváth Károly
Anyanyelvi lektor: Richard von Fuchs
ISBN szám: 963 85779 2 4
Nyomtatta: Hillebrand Nyomda Kft.
Felelős vezető: Hillebrand Imre
Tisztelt Nyelvtanuló! Tisztelt Kolléga!

Sorozatunk harmadik kötetét tartja kezében. Eredendően a szóbeli nyelvvizsgákra készülő hallgatók számára íródott, de mivel a nyelv összetett egész, nyelvtani ismétlő gyakorlatokkal is kiegészítettük. Minden egyes témakör három fokozatra - alap-, közép- és felsőfokra - oszlik, az állami nyelvvizsgák rendszeréhez igazodva. Szaktanári irányítás és kontroll ezúttal is javasolt.

Munkájához sok sikert kíván a

Szerző
The family

Stage 1.

*James, a 14-year-old schoolboy, is talking about his immediate family.*

My family is not a big one. There are four of us: my mum, my dad, my elder sister and me. My parents are in their mid-30s. They are quite young, I think. It's good because they understand our problems. My dad is a joiner. He loves his job. He's tall and big, and he has black hair. My mum is a teacher in an elementary school. She teaches children between 6 and 10. She also likes her job. Sometimes she is tired but she is always very patient with us. She is of medium height and a bit overweight - just a bit. My sister is 16. We quite often quarrel over unimportant things. She thinks she is big enough to order me about, but I don't obey her. Anyway, she does well at school - better than I -, is intelligent and interested in a lot of things. As for me, I'm not very hard-working. I only do what I'm interested in - ship-modelling or using computers. I used to like reading but not any more. Books bore me. I prefer movies. I don't know what I'd like to do with my life in the future.

**Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.**

How many members are there in your family?
What does your father do?
Could you say a few words about his personality?
What's your mother's job?
Could you characterize her?
Do you think your parents are young enough to talk about everything with?
What about your brothers and sisters?
Are any of your grandparents living?
Do you have any relatives living in the country/capital?
How could you introduce yourself in a few sentences?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>család</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>member of the family</td>
<td>családtág</td>
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<td>relative</td>
<td>rokon</td>
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<td>relation</td>
<td>rokon</td>
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<td>szülők</td>
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<td>grandparents</td>
<td>nagyszülők</td>
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<tr>
<td>father</td>
<td>apa</td>
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<tr>
<td>mother</td>
<td>anya</td>
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<td>dad</td>
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<td>English</td>
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<tr>
<td>mum</td>
<td>anyu</td>
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<td>nagypapa</td>
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<td>nagymama</td>
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<td>child, children</td>
<td>gyerek, gyerekek</td>
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<td>was born</td>
<td>született</td>
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<tr>
<td>son</td>
<td>fia, vikinek</td>
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<td>daughter</td>
<td>lánya, vikinek</td>
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<tr>
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<td>fiútestvér</td>
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<td>lánytestvér</td>
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<td>testvér</td>
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<td>nagybácsi</td>
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<td>aunt</td>
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<td>szeretvéd</td>
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<td>love,-d,-d sy</td>
<td>szeret, szeretet</td>
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<td>férfi</td>
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<td>wife</td>
<td>feleség</td>
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<td>first name/forename</td>
<td>keresztnév</td>
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<tr>
<td>surname/family name</td>
<td>vezetéknév</td>
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<td>teenager</td>
<td>tizenéves</td>
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<tr>
<td>die,-d,-d</td>
<td>meghal</td>
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<td>face</td>
<td>arc</td>
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<td>round</td>
<td>kerek</td>
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<td>long</td>
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<td>oval</td>
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<td>square</td>
<td>szögletes</td>
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<tr>
<td>hair</td>
<td>haj</td>
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<tr>
<td>blond/fair</td>
<td>szőke</td>
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<td>red</td>
<td>vörös</td>
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<td>grey</td>
<td>ősz</td>
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<td>get, got, got grey</td>
<td>őszül</td>
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<td>dark</td>
<td>sötét</td>
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<td>light</td>
<td>világos</td>
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<td>thin</td>
<td>vékony</td>
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<td>thick</td>
<td>vastag</td>
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<td>nose</td>
<td>orr</td>
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<td>small</td>
<td>kicsi</td>
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<td>mouth</td>
<td>száj</td>
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<tr>
<td>fat</td>
<td>kövér</td>
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<tr>
<td>thin</td>
<td>sovány</td>
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<tr>
<td>slim</td>
<td>karcşu</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
THE FAMILY

tall magas
look,-ed,-ed kinéz vmilyennek
clothing öltőzet
fashionable divatos
elegant elegáns
goodlooking jöképű
busy szorgalmas
hard-working szerzalmas
lazy lusta
sensitive érzékeny
cheeky szemtelen
lively élénk
patient türelmes
forgetful feledékeny
silly ostoba
stupid buta
nervous ideges
worried aggódó, nyугtalan
careful óvatos
clever okos
cheerful vidám
funny mőkás, vicces

Grammar Review - Practise the Nouns - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. There were several ... and spoons on the dinner-table.
   a. knives
   b. knifes
   c. knives
   d. knivesses

2. How many ... do you have?
   a. pairs of sock
   b. pairs of socks
   c. socks
   d. pair of socks

3. This food consists of too ...
   a. much fat.
   b. many fats.
   c. many fat.
   d. much fats.

4. Giving ... on job possibilities is always dangerous.
   a. advices
   b. some advices
   c. advice
   d. advise
5. Yesterday I had to do ...
   a. a lot of homeworks.  c. much homeworks.
   b. many homework.        d. a lot of homework.

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

Frank, an 18-year-old school-leaver, is talking about his family.

My parents got divorced when I was 9. My younger sister and I live with my mum but my elder brother lives with our dad. To make things more complicated, both of them remarried and now we've got half-brothers and half-sisters as well. But it's all right. I wouldn't say that it's a big happy family, but we get on quite well. I love my younger sister the best. She's 16 and charming. She is very good at arts and very talented in painting. I think one day she will become an artist. In spite of all her troubles, my mum is a confident, optimistic character. Maybe, this is part of her troubles: she has always been a career woman rather than a wife or a mother. By the way, she's a lawyer. My dad is quite a different fellow. He has always liked to depend on someone. He doesn't have his own ideas, his own career. He works as a clerk at the town hall. My elder brother works already. We rarely meet so I don't know very much about him. I have also got some relations but we hardly keep in touch. They live everywhere in the country and abroad. I think friends are much more important, and I've got a lot.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

What's your family background like?
Is it important for you what your parents do for their living?
Do you get on well with your brothers and sisters?
What's your relationship like to your grandparents?
Are you on good terms with your godparents?
Would you mind introducing your favourite cousin?
Have you ever taken part in a wedding ceremony?
Is there a bachelor/spinster in your relationship?
What's your ideal picture like about your future family, if there's any?
THE FAMILY

Do you think that family-based relationships will survive after the year of 2050?

close relative
distant relative
relationship
degree of relationship
great-grandparents
great great-grandparents
godfather
godmother
bring, brought, brought sy up
take, took, taken after sy
come, came, come from a good family
only child
twins
der elder brother
younger brother
der elder sister
younger sister
nephew
niece
cousin
parents-in-law
mother-in-law
father-in-law
brother-in-law
sister-in-law
son-in-law
daughter-in-law
marital status
single
married
divorced
divorce,-d,-d sy
divorce
widow
widower
is engaged to sy
engagement
marry,-ied,-ied sy
get, got, got married
is married to sy
family background

csókó rokon
távoli rokon
rokonság
rokonsági fok
dédnagyszülők
ükszülők
keresztapa
keresztanya
felnevel vkit
hasonlít vkire
jó családból származik
eyke
ikrek
báty
öccs
nővér
húg
unokaöccs
unokahúg
unokatestvér
anyós + após
anyós
após
sógor
sógornő
vő
meny
családi állapot
eyedülálló
házas
elvált
elválók vkitől
válás
özvegy nő
özvegy férfi
jegyben jár vkivel
eljegyzés
elvesz/hozzámegev vkihez
meházasodik
vki felesége/férje
családi háttér
wedding
ceremony
reception
marriage
honeymoon
weds
fiancé, groom
fiancée, bride
husband
particulars
birth
place
male
female
permanent address
temporary address
engagement ring
break, broke, broken
engagement
witness
pregnant
expect,-ed,-ed
baby
have, had, had
infant
child
childless
young
old
grow, grew, grown
child
year-old
live,-d,-d
to be
adult
grown-up
orphan
dead
death
acquaintance
familiar
friendship
will
inherit,-ed,-ed
bury,-ied,-ied
burial
family planning
esküvő
esküvői szertartás
lakodalom
házasság
nászút
új házasok
vőlegény
menyasszony
leendő férfi
személyi adatok
születési idő
születési hely
férfi
nő
állandó lakcím
ideiglenes lakcím
jegygyűrű
eljegyzést felbont
tanú
terhes
gyermeket vár
gyermek születik
csecsemő
gyermeketlen
fiatalok
öregek
felnő
egy tízéves gyerek
egy tízéves gyerek
száz évig is elél
felnőtt
felnőtt
árva
halott
halál
ismerős /fn/
ismerős /mn/
barátság
végredelet
törököl
eltemet
temetés
családtervezés
appearance
as for her appearance
rosy face
tanned
eyebrows
eyelashes
moustache
beard
chestnut
dyed
wavy
curly
straight
bald
shoulder-length
pointed nose
turned-up
thin lips
full lips
build
overweight
plump
muscular
height
is of medium height
is of average height
old-fashioned
tasteful
tasteless
shabbily dressed
casually dressed
personal qualities
manner
good-mannered
bad-mannered
modest
conceited
confident
honest
shy
moody
touchy
nosy
külő megjelenés
ami a külsejét illeti
rózsás arc
napbarnitott
szemöldök
szempilla
bajusz
szakáll
gesztenye barna
festett /haj/
hullámos
göndör
egyenes
kopasz
vállig érő
hegyes orr
turcsi
keskeny ajak
telt ajak
testalkat
molett, teltkarcusú
dundi
izmos
magasság
középmagas
átlagmagas
ódivatú
izléses
izléstelen
ócfsa ruhában jár
lezeren öltözködik
belső tulajdonságok
modor
jómodorú
rosszmodorú
szerény
beképzelt
magabiztos
becsületes
félenk
szeszélyes hangulatú
érzékeny
kíváncsi
reliable
witty
wilful
selfish
self-controlled
permissive
energetic
sociable
megbízható
eszes
akaratos
önzó
visszafogott
engedékeny
energikus
barátkozó, társasági

Grammar Review - Practise the Nouns - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. The UN has only faint ideas about how to help ...
   a. the poor nation.
   b. the poors.
   c. poors.
   d. poor nations.

2. I wonder how many ... you've got on the top of the cupboards.
   a. bottle of wine
   b. bottles of wine
   c. wine
   d. wines

3. In Texas, a lot of ... are bred for the slaughter-houses.
   a. cattle
   b. calves
   c. cattles
   d. beef

4. How many ... would you like in your coffee?
   a. sugars
   b. lumps of sugar
   c. lump of sugar
   d. lump of sugars

5. The ... of Shakespeare will survive forever.
   a. work
   b. pairs of works
   c. works
   d. pieces of works

Translate the following sentences into English.

Stage 3.

Should the bride's father foot the bill?

Lisa Prior may have been the one gliding down the aisle but it was dad Gordon's big day. Gordon was full of pride as he led Lisa, 20, towards the altar. True, the wedding had set him back a staggering £8,000, but that moment made it worth every penny.

"I'll never forget the look on Dad's face when we walked into that church," says Lisa, who married Tom, 22, last August. "My gown cost him £1,500, but he said he was thrilled to be giving away such a wonderfully dressed daughter."

Gordon, 50, is a self-employed builder. Comfortably off, he's by no means a millionaire. But when it came to giving away his only daughter, he was quite determined to live up to a traditional image of the father of the bride - even if that meant footing the entire bill.

However, some couples think it's ludicrous for the bride's father to stump up for everything. Couples are choosing to marry later and so are more likely to have better-paid jobs and to have saved something towards their wedding. Also, as many couples live together before taking the plunge, it isn't surprising that most feel comfortable taking over at least part of the cost of their wedding.

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.

Why do you think more and more marriages break up?
Has married life anything to do with the high number of suicides in Hungary, do you think?
Do you think family planning has got any sense?
What do you think of abortion in general?
If you were the Prime Minister, what measures would you take to help families more?

ancestor descendant the first generation cradle grave toddler triplets spinster bachelor best man bridesmaid előd, ös utód, leszármazott az első generáció bölcső sír totyogó gyerek hármasikrek vénkisasszony agglegény násznagy nyoszolyólány
marriage portion  hozomány
cupboard love   érdekházasság
registrar       anyakönyvvezető
registry office anyakönyvi hivatal
birth certificate születési anyakönyvi kivonat
marriage certificate házassági anyakönyvi kivonat
grass widow      szalmaözvegy
is under age     kiskorú
is of age        nagykorú
guardian         gyám
step-parents     mostohaszülők
steap-father     mostohaapa
step-mother      mostohaanya
half-brother, half-sister féletestvér
foster parents   nevelőszülők
adopt,-ed,-ed sy örökbe fogad vkit
cemetery         temető
coffín           koporsó
wreath           koszorú
mourn,-ed,-ed     gyászol
rest in peace    nyugodjék békeben
child care allowance gyed
freckled         szeplős
wrinkled         ráncos
spot             folt, anyajegy
sideburns        pajesz
pig tails        varkocs
pony tail        lófarok
bun              konty
snub             pisze
inferior         kisebbrendű
superior         felsőbbrendű

Grammar Review - Practise the Nouns - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Yes, I've got ...
   a. some pairs of jeans.  c. some jeans.
   b. some pair of jeans.  d. some pairs of jean.
THE FAMILY

2. ... that I can see in the distance?
   a. Are they sheeps
   b. Are they sheep
   c. Is it sheep
   d. Are they sheepes

3. ... like to spend money on clothes.
   a. Women
   b. The woman
   c. The women
   d. Woman

4. It's not easy to supply ... with proper jobs.
   a. the uneducateds
   b. the uneducated
   c. uneducateds
   d. uneducated

5. You've got two ... ? Are you joking?
   a. mother-in-laws
   b. mothers in-laws
   c. mother-in-laws
   d. mothers-in-law

Translate the following sentences into English.

Holidays

Stage 1.

*Archie is 14. He's talking about his summer holiday.*

When I finished school in June, I was very happy. I was very tired and I wanted a nice summer holiday. For several days I stayed at home and relaxed. I got up late every morning and watched a lot of TV. My mum prepared nice meals for me. Then I visited my grandparents in the country. I like staying there because it's quite different. People are nice and friendly. In July the whole family travelled to Greece. We stayed there for two weeks in an apartment at the seaside. It was wonderful. It was hot and bright, we could only swim in the morning and in the evening. We took trips to the countryside, too. We went everywhere by coach. At the beginning of August I took part in a craft-camp for children. We learned how to prepare mugs, mats, patchwork, earrings and bracelets etc.. I liked it because it was nice to be together with so many children my age. We worked in the morning and swam in a lake in the afternoon. We also learned a lot of games and songs. I made some friends there. I think I'll go back next year, too.

**Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.**

Do you prefer summer or winter holidays?
What activities can you do in winter/summer?
What do you like doing in winter/summer?
Do you like to stay at home or do you like to travel in your holiday?
Which was the nicest/worst holiday in your life?
Have you ever been abroad?
Which countries have you visited so far?
Have you ever stayed at a very nice hotel?
Do you like camping?
What things do you take with you when going on holiday?

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<td>business trip</td>
<td>üzleti út</td>
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<td>study trip</td>
<td>tanulmányút</td>
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<td>world-tour</td>
<td>világ körüli út</td>
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<td>round trip</td>
<td>körutazás</td>
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travel agency
travel agent
It's included in the price.
book,-ed,-ed a holiday
passport
visa
embassy
cheque
tavel-cheque
border
cross,-ed,-ed the border
customs officer
check,-ed,-ed
declare,-d,-d
take in the country
take out of the country
duty
duty-free
take a sunbath
sea
seaside
lake
river
riverbank
mountain
rock
climb,-ed,-ed
accomodation
stay,-ed,-ed at a hotel
stay with sy
reserve,-d,-d
book,-ed,-ed
reception
receptionist
reception desk
porter
guest-book
single room
double room
liftboy
guest house
check in
check out
utazási iroda
utazási iroda alkalmazottja
Benne van az árban.
befizet nyaralásra
útlevél
vízum
nagykövetség
csekk
utazási csekk
államhatár
áltépi a határt
vámhivatalnok
ellenőriz
bejelent, közöl
bevisz az országba
kivisz az országból
vám
vámmentes
napozik
tenger
tengerpart
tó
folyó
folyópart
hegy
szikla
megmászik
szállás
hotelban száll meg
vkinél száll meg
lefoglal
lefoglal
hotelporta
hotelportás
portásplút
londiner
vendégbünt
egyágyas szoba
kétágyas szoba
lifesfiú
vendégházi
bejelentkezik
kijelentkezik
Grammar Review - Practise the Conjunctions - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. He couldn't settle the bill ... he left his wallet at home.
   a. but 
   b. because
   c. therefore
   d. so

2. ... the weather was fine, we didn't go to the beach.
   a. Though 
   b. But
   c. However
   d. So

3. She'll look after him ... she gets home.
   a. while 
   b. since
   c. as soon as
   d. even

4. I'll lend it to you ... you need it.
   a. unless 
   b. or
   c. provided
   d. as far as

5. ... the break, she rushed out to the burger bar.
   a. While 
   b. Below
   c. Under
   d. During

Translate the following sentences into English.

Stage 2.

*Victoria is 17. She has just returned from her holiday in Italy. This is her story.*

At the beginning everything was all right. We started in nice weather and everybody was in a good mood - you know, young people all around. The journey took about five hours and was very pleasant. When we arrived at the boarding house in Jesolo, it was a little bit disappointing, though. We weren't expected! Imagine! Twenty-four people without booking. The travel-agent at home must have made a serious mistake and we called him in vain; all the guest-houses and hostels were booked. At long last, we managed to find a camp-site with mobile-homes. They were quite OK, I'd say. It was right next to the seaside and all the surroundings were charming. But the meals! Pizza and spaghetti all the time! On the fourth day we bought some semi-prepared food in the supermarket and prepared it for ourselves. We missed home-made dishes very much. We visited some places of interest, too, but there were a lot of crowds everywhere and the entrance-fees were terribly high. Unfortunately, one of our mates lost her handbag or it was stolen - she couldn't remember - with all her money and passport. Some arrangements had to be made to get things all right again. When we arrived back home it was a great relief.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Are you planning to take a trip somewhere?
Do you sometimes go on study/business trips?
What sort of sights do you like to see when you stay abroad?
Have you ever had any unpleasant experience while on holiday?
Do you book your holiday with a travel agent or do you arrange it on your own?
Have you ever taken part in a package tour?
What means of transport do you use when you travel?
Have you ever stayed overseas?
Have you ever become ill while on holiday?
Do you make car/health insurance before starting your trip?

inland journey
individual tour
package tour
inquire,-d,-d about sg
in advance
apply,-ied,-ied for sg
extend,-ed,-ed
issue,-d,-d
enclose,-d,-d

belföldi utazás
egyénileg szervezett utazás
társasutazás
érdeklődik vmi felől
előre
kérvényez vmit
meghosszabbít
kiállít
mellékel
revenue stamp  
currency  
extchange rate  
border guard  
control, -led, -led  
customs declaration  
dutiable  
smuggle, -d, -d  
smuggler  
confiscate, -d, -d  
idle, -d, -d  
accommodate, -d, -d sy  
registration form  
suite  
ask for full-board  
half-board  
chambermaid  
settle, -d, -d the bill  
caravan  
camp, -ed, -ed rough  
cover-ed, -ed the distance  
resort  
pier  
get tanned  
suntan lotion  
put sy up  
sleeping bag  
itinerary  
high season  
off-season  
okmánybélyeg  
valuta  
átváltási árfolyam  
határőr  
ellenőriz  
vámárunyilatkozat  
vámköteles  
cempészik  
cempész  
elkoboz  
lustálkodik  
elszállásol vkit  
bejelentőlap  
lakosztály  
teljes ellátást kér  
reggeli + vacsora  
szobalány  
rendezi a számlát  
lakókocsi  
vadkempingezik  
megetesi a távolságot  
üdülőhely  
móló  
lebarnum  
napolaj  
elszállásol vkit  
hálózsák  
útvonal  
főszezon  
utószezon

Grammar Review - Practise the Conjunctions - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. They won't realize who you are ... you introduce yourself.
   a. unless  
   b. as soon as  
   c. as far as  
   d. since

2. Janet helped us ... we could have some spare time.
   a. so  
   b. in order  
   c. so that  
   d. in order to
3. They trained very hard, ... they lost.
   a. and c. although
   b. though d. still

4. ... Gary ... Joan like dancing.
   a. Also; and c. Both; and
   b. Neither; or d. Either; nor

5. She cries ... a little child.
   a. as c. than
   b. like d. then

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

Why can't we get away?

Tiberius was probably the last European to enjoy Capri as a virgin paradise. The Roman emperor was so enchanted with the island that he ruled from there for 10 years, communicating with the mainland via smoke signals. Capri is still among Europe's most-sought-after beauty spots. And in high season, you could be seeking for a long time. Forget a quiet spot in the gardens; look forward, instead, to human traffic jams on narrow byways or to stubbing your toe on someone's luggage in the lobby of an overpriced hotel.

The world is richer than ever before. Tourism is largely a function of prosperity. The more money more people have, the more of it they'll spend on travel. Worldwide, tourism is a $4.4 trillion industry, and this number is expected to grow to $10 trillion by the year 2010. More than 600 million people travelled abroad last year, with the United States, Japan and Germany contributing the largest numbers.

Most of these people are in good health, have lots of money, have retired early and want adventure. They've already been to the usual places. They are looking for something new, something adventurous. But does it exist? Travel agents offer them some unique islands in the Caribbean or at least the places that haven't all been
booked so far. Easter Island, for instance - the remote speck of land in the South Pacific with its huge stone heads - but avoid the island's open-air disco.

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.

What do you think the main attractions for tourists are in Hungary?
If you were the minister of tourism what measures would you take to boost tourism in Hungary?
What's your opinion about village-tourism in general?
Which means of payment do you prefer when abroad: cash, card, cheque?
Could you tell us about a pleasant/embarrassing experience as a tourist?

doorman
key rack
bar trio
pageboy
folding trailer
hammock
scout camp
inflatable boat
oar
air mattress
folding camp chair
lifesaver
lifebelt
paddle boat
beach attendant
underwater swimmer
diving goggles
lifeguard station
sun bed
nudist
 glider
hang glider
hang glider pilot

portás /hotelben/
kulestartó tábla
bárzenészek
liftesdíú
összecsukható lakókocsi
függőágy
cserkésztábort
felfújható gumicsónak
evező
gumimatrac
kempingszék
úszómeister
mentőöv
vízibicikli
strandfelügyelő
békaember
búvárszeműveg
mentőállomás
nyugágy
nudista
vitorlázógép
sárányrepülő
sárányrepülő pilóta
Grammar Review - Practise the Conjunctions - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Although he is old, he ... doesn't know how to do it.
   a. yet          c. still
   b. even         d. so

2. Do come ... you want.
   a. when ever    c. ever
   b. whenever     d. whatsoever

3. The next Sunday, ..., he came again.
   a. however      c. still
   b. despite      d. in spite of

4. ... you come ... not, it doesn't matter to me.
   a. If; or       c. -; or
   b. If; if       d. Whether; or

5. Take it with you ... you need it.
   a. in any way   c. for the reason
   b. in case      d. unless

Translate the following sentences into English.

1. Vonzott is, taszított is. 2. Bár jól ismert mindannyiunkat, nem volt könnyű rábeszélni, hogy csatlakozzon hozzánk. 3. Nem csak kávéval kínált minket, hanem sajátkezűleg készített süteménnyel is. 4. Csak mikor kezet rázott velem, jöttem rá, kicsoda is ő valójában. 5. Mindent megtett a siker érdekében, mégis, a végén elbukott. 6. Látnod kellett volna, ahogy büntudattal az arcán közeledett felénk. 7. Annak ellenére, hogy még csak tizenhatéves, egész jól sakkozik. 8. Ön kitűnő válaszokat adott valamennyi kérdésünkre, a harmadikba, azonban, némi hiba csuszott. 9. Csak azért mondta, hogy nehogy elbízd magad. 10. Amennyiben mindenki ért mindent, akár be is rekeszthetjük a tárgyalást.
Education

Stage 1.

*Maurice is 15. He's just finishing studying in an elementary school.*

I like it, really, especially the last two or three years. Our class became a good bunch of friends. And we also like our teachers. Not all of them, of course but there are some really nice fellows. I personally like my History and Geography teachers the best. If you have any problem you can always discuss it with them. It's because they are young and had the same problems not long ago. In the lower classes it was different. We had strict teachers and we had to study hard. I didn't mind it. I liked reading very much and counting as well, but I hated writing. It was a nightmare to me, even today. Anyway, I've always had excellent marks. Also in the upper classes. I entered several competitions in Maths and History and once came first in a Local History Competition. I was very proud. Now I'd like to go on with my studies in a secondary grammar school, locally, of course. I wouldn't like to live separately from my parents at the age of 15.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

What school do you attend?
Where is it?
Is it in a modern building or in an old one?
How far is it from home?
How do you get to school in the morning?
How long does it take?
Is it possible to go by bike?
What are your favourite lessons?
What subjects are you good/bad at?
Are you gifted in drawing/music/sports?

kindergarten  óvodá
nursery school  óvodá
kindergarten teacher  óvónő
learn, learnt, learnt  tanul
primary school  általános iskola
elementary school  általános iskola
class  osztály
form  osztály
pass,-ed,-ed an exam  átmegy a vizsgán
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<th>English Term</th>
<th>Hungarian Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>fail, -ed, -ed an exam</td>
<td>megbukik a vizsgán</td>
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<td>schoolboy</td>
<td>iskolásfiú</td>
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<tr>
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<td>iskoláslány</td>
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<td>teacher</td>
<td>tanító, tanár</td>
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<td>teach, taught, taught</td>
<td>tanít</td>
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<td>secondary school</td>
<td>középiskola</td>
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<td>gimnázium</td>
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<td>is absent from school</td>
<td>hiányzik az iskolából</td>
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<td>report</td>
<td>ellenőrző</td>
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<td>certificate</td>
<td>bizonyítvány</td>
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<tr>
<td>examination/exam</td>
<td>vizsga</td>
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<tr>
<td>university</td>
<td>egyetem</td>
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<tr>
<td>college</td>
<td>főiskola</td>
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<td>student</td>
<td>egyetemista</td>
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<tr>
<td>subject</td>
<td>tantárgy</td>
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<tr>
<td>school leaver</td>
<td>végzős</td>
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<tr>
<td>do, did, done well at school</td>
<td>jól tanul</td>
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<tr>
<td>do badly at school</td>
<td>rosszul tanul</td>
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<td>hostel</td>
<td>kollégium</td>
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<td>menza</td>
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<td>headmaster</td>
<td>igazgató</td>
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<tr>
<td>formmaster</td>
<td>osztályfőnök</td>
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<tr>
<td>class teacher</td>
<td>osztályfőnök</td>
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<tr>
<td>staff</td>
<td>tanári kar</td>
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<tr>
<td>staff room</td>
<td>tanári szoba</td>
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<tr>
<td>talk, -ed, -ed back</td>
<td>visszabeszél</td>
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<td>diligent</td>
<td>szorgalmas</td>
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<td>uniform</td>
<td>egyenruha</td>
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<td>class-trip</td>
<td>osztálykirándulás</td>
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<td>testnevelés</td>
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<td>biológia</td>
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grade  jegy
badge  jelvény
test-paper  dolgozat
homework  házi feladat
mistake  hiba
make, made, made a mistake  hibát elkövet
correct, ed, -ed sg  kijavít vmit
language course  nyelvtanfolyam
language exam  nyelvvizsga
oral exam  szóbeli vizsga
written exam  írásbeli vizsga

Grammar Review - Practise the Question Tags - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. You are a friend of his, ...?
   a. is it
   b. do you
   c. you are
   d. aren't you

2. You don't have any time, ...?
   a. have you
   b. you do
   c. do you
   d. haven't you

3. It's James Milton, ...?
   a. are you
   b. isn't it
   c. aren't you
   d. it is

4. They won't leave this place so soon, ...?
   a. will they
   b. are they
   c. are they going to
   d. shan't they

5. I'm a member of the team, ...?
   a. amn't I
   b. are I
   c. aren't I
   d. I am

Translate the following sentences into English.

Stage 2.

Chris, who is an 18-year-old grammar-school leaver, is talking about his school-experiences.

Looking back now, it seems better than it really was. At the beginning I didn't like the school very much. I guess we were too much different from each other - you know, teenage boys and girls from different social groups. But later it didn't prove to be a problem. The real problem was that the staff were constantly changing. During the four years, for example, we had seven German language teachers. We hardly got used to one of them when a new one came. Also, we had three form-teachers. Somehow, the school management didn't seem to be interested in us. The other drawback was that our school didn't have its own gym or courtyard. We lacked all sorts of sports facilities. But the knowledge we got will be enough to get a place at some school of higher education, I think. I've been interested in maths and physics, and also computers. I'd like to go on with my studies at the University of Architecture. I hope I'll be admitted. I'm looking forward to my entrance exam. And the summer, of course.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

What kind of school do you attend?
Is it an all boys/girls school or coeducational?
Are you specialized in any subject?
What's your relationship like to your form-teacher?
Does the school provide you any skills?
Do you take part in afternoon classes?
Does the school offer special courses?
Do you get any kind of stipendium?
Does your school prepare you for a particular profession?
Do you idolize any of your teachers?

day nursery  bölcsőde
education  oktatás
junior section  alsó tagozat
senior section  felső tagozat
secondary technical school  szakközépiskola
vocational school  szakiskola
comprehensive school  vegyes ágazatú középiskola
entrance exam  felvételi vizsga
admit,-ed,-ed sy  felvesz vkit
prompt,-ed,-ed  súg
school-leaving exam
higher studies
term
faculty
department
head of department
academy
state exam
degree
optional subject
discipline
art subjects
science subjects
specialize,-d,-d in a subject
part-time student
correspondent student
cheat sheet
boarding school
mixed school
behave,-d,-d badly
can't keep up with the others
gown
study circle
Philosophy
Pedagogy
Psychology
average
revision
beginner
advanced
basic language exam
medium-level language exam
upper-level language exam
examiner
candidate
cope,-d,-d with sg
tuition fee
foundation
stipendium
scholarship
win, won, won a scholarship
érettségi vizsga
felsőfokú tanulmányok
félév, szemészter
kar
tanszék
tanszékvezető
akadémia
államvizsga
diploma
választható tárgy
féglelem
humán tárgyak
reáltárgyak
szakos vmilyen tárgyban
esti tagozatos
levelezős
puska
bentlakásos iskola
koedukált iskola
rosszul viselkedik
nem tud lépést tartani
köpeny
szakkör
filozófia
pedagógia
pszichológia
átlag
ismétlés
kezdő
haladó
alapfokú nyelvvizsga
középfokú nyelvvizsga
felsőfokú nyelvvizsga
vizsgáztató
vizsgázó
megtérítők vizivel
tandíj
alapítvány
ösztöndíj /havi illetmény/
ösztöndíj /amit el lehet nyerni/
ösztöndíjat elnyerni
Grammar Review - Practise the Question Tags - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Let's make things better, ...?
   a. let we
   b. shall we
   c. let us
   d. will we

2. It's all a question of taste, ...?
   a. aren't they
   b. it is
   c. isn't it
   d. isn't there

3. Everybody likes a free drink, ...?
   a. don't they
   b. doesn't she
   c. doesn't he
   d. does everybody

4. We mustn't say 'no' to this offer, ...?
   a. do we
   b. must we
   c. don't we
   d. we must

5. Give me a call in the afternoon, ...?
   a. shall you
   b. do you
   c. will you
   d. don't you

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

It was embarrassing enough when my parents, crying, holding baby pictures and stuffing a flowery note into my carry-on bag, dropped me off at Newark Airport eight years ago for my freshman year at Stanford. But Chelsea Clinton's parents showed up at her Stanford dorm last Friday night not only mushy but also in a motorcade flanked by security guards and nearly 250 of their closest journalists.
Before Chelsea arrived at Stanford, every woman with curly, strawberry blond hair was getting even more double takes than usual. The rumours floating around campus the week of her arrival ranged between true and scary: bulletproof glass in her room (yes), cameras in the hallways (yes), and bathroom (no), massive construction on campus to transform the underground steam tunnels into escape routes (no), and that she has a computer chip implanted in her neck to track her. There was endless speculation, but the thing that obsessed Stanford most was the Secret Service men, who will dress like students and live in the dorm. Will they listen in while Chelsea hooks up? If they go to class with her, will they have to do the assigned reading? And, most important, will they bust students for underage drinking?

The school administration say nothing besides one well-crafted sentence: "We're going to respect the privacy of all our students."

**Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.**

Are you for or against the new educational system in our country?
What do you think of the colleges and universities which offer you easy admittance for a high tuition fee?
What sort of courses have you attended so far and do you believe in their effectiveness?
Do you have any experience of open universities? Do you think that this sort of education is an effective one?
Which language learning/teaching method do you consider the most successful one?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Hungarian</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>register</td>
<td>napló</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pencil case</td>
<td>tolltartó</td>
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<tr>
<td>glue</td>
<td>ragasztó</td>
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<td>coursebook</td>
<td>tankönyv</td>
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<td>notice board</td>
<td>faliújság</td>
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<tr>
<td>drawing board</td>
<td>rajztábla</td>
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<td>drawing pin</td>
<td>rajzszög</td>
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<tr>
<td>brush</td>
<td>ecset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a box of paints</td>
<td>egy doboz festék</td>
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<tr>
<td>crayon</td>
<td>zsírkéta</td>
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<td>pencil sharpener</td>
<td>ceruzafaragó</td>
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<td>ruler</td>
<td>vonalzó</td>
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<td>triangle</td>
<td>háromszögű vonalzó</td>
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<tr>
<td>compass</td>
<td>körző</td>
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<tr>
<td>lunch bag</td>
<td>uzsonna társa</td>
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<td>overhead projector</td>
<td>írásvetítő</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>headphones</td>
<td>fejhallgató</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Grammar Review - Practise the Question Tags - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. There hasn't been any trouble, ... ?
   a. was there
   b. has there
   c. hasn't been there
   d. hasn't there

2. Nice weather today, ... ?
   a. is there
   b. isn't it
   c. is it
   d. nice is

3. Everybody is right, ... ?
   a. isn't he
   b. are everybody
   c. isn't she
   d. aren't they

4. Nobody likes doing it, ... ?
   a. do they
   b. does he
   c. like they
   d. doesn't he

5. It's James McTavish, ... ?
   a. is he
   b. isn't he
   c. isn't it
   d. is McTavish

Translate the following sentences into English.

Jobs

Stage 1.

*Sylvia is talking about the job she's been doing for two years.*

I'm a waitress. I work in a café. It's shift-work. I sometimes work in the daytime, sometimes at night. I quite often work at weekends. I've only one day free during the week. I wish I had more spare time, but it's all right. My boss is nice and my colleagues are helpful, and the money I earn is not too bad. I often get tips, you know. My yearly holiday is as long as that of the other girls my age. Still, I don't think I'll be working here long. It's sometimes tiring, you know. To carry trays full of drinks and cakes up and down the stairs! Oooh! I'd like to do something different. But I don't know what. It's not easy to find a decent job nowadays - a job that suits me, you know, modelling or designing. Or perhaps something in tourism. To be a hostess at a hotel or a guide for a travel agency. That's what I've always longed for. I think I'll apply for a course. I'm said to be talented at languages and meeting and dealing with people.

**Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.**

What do you do?
Do you like it?
When did you take it up?
How many hours do you work a day?
Is it a shift work?
How long is your holiday?
Can you have a day off if necessary?
How do you get on with your boss?
What about your colleagues?
Would you like to change your job in the near future?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
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<td>job</td>
<td>állás, munka</td>
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<td>occupation</td>
<td>foglalkozás</td>
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<td>What's your job?</td>
<td>Mi a foglalkozásod?</td>
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<tr>
<td>What do you do?</td>
<td>Mi a foglalkozásod?</td>
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<tr>
<td>What are you?</td>
<td>Mi a foglalkozásod?</td>
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<td>életpálya</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fashionable job</td>
<td>divatszakma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>factory</td>
<td>gyár</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>firm</td>
<td>cég</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
company
secretary
economist
type,-d,-d
work,-ed,-ed on a computer
typist
take, took, taken up a job
qualification
qualified
colleague
challenge
take shorthand
engineer
worker
office worker
workmate
atmosphere at workplace
working hours
lunchbreak
canteen
day off
take a day off
tax
guest-worker
make, made, made money
work,-ed,-ed overtime
place of work/workplace
full-time job
part-time job
position/post
boss/chief
vacant job
retire,-d,-d
unemployed
unemployment
unemployment benefit
strike
go on strike
prospects
reference
working conditions
standard of living
paid holiday
vállalat
titkárnő
közgazdász
gépel
komputeren dolgozik
gépiró
állást vállal
szakképzettség
szakképzett
kolléga
kihívás
gyorsír
mérnök
munkás
hivatalnok
munkatárs
munkahelyi légkör
munkaidő
ebédszünet
üzemi konyha
szabadnap
szabadnapot kivesz
adó
vendégmunkás
pénzt keres
túlórázik
munkahely
teljes állás
rizsidős állás
beosztás
főnök
üres állás
nyugdíjba megy
munkanélküli
munkanélküliség
munkanélküli segély
sztrájk
sztrájkol
kilátások
ajánlás
munkakörülmények
életszínvonal
fizetett szabadság
holiday without pay  
recess  
pensioner  
salary  
wages  
apply,-ied,-ied for a job  
applicant  
application  
interview  
employ,-ed,-ed sy  
dismiss,-ed,-ed sy  
import,-ed,-ed sg  
export,-ed,-ed sg  
market  
economy  
industry  

fizetés nélküli szabadság  
nyugdíj  
nyugdíjas  
fizetés  
munkabér  
állást megpályáz  
pályázó  
pályázat  
elbeszélgetés  
alkalmaz vkit  
elbocsát vkit  
importál vmit  
exportál vmit  
piac  
gazdaság  
ipar

Grammar Review - Practise the Modal Verbs - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. ... what's going on there?
   a. Are you able to see  
   b. See you  
   c. Can you see  
   d. Can you manage to see

2. Who will ... judge my application?
   a. must  
   b. have to  
   c. can  
   d. able to

3. You ... strike a match in a room full of gas!
   a. mustn't  
   b. can not  
   c. needn't  
   d. are not to

4. Fortunately, we ... take part in the celebration.
   a. hadn't to  
   b. shouldn't to  
   c. didn't have to  
   d. needn't have to

5. Will you ... them do it themselves?
   a. allow  
   b. let  
   c. may  
   d. can
Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

Jeff is a self-employed grocer. He started his business a year ago.

Previously I worked at a big supermarket. I didn't like it at all. I was always told what to do. I sometimes had new ideas but nobody listened to me. My boss was a terrible woman. She was very bad at her job and she liked to order me about. Besides, the job I was doing was quite hard. I had to carry heavy boxes, load and unload trucks that transported the goods to the shop. It was a job that didn't require any talent, so I decided to leave. By that time I'd managed to save up some money so I was able to rent a little grocer's shop. Though the rent was very high and there were few customers at the beginning, after a while I could get along. I sell everything, even some curiosities. I'll never become a millionaire but at least it's my own business. This summer is the first one that I can afford a holiday. We are going to the Mediterranean. Of course, I do have some future plans but much more money is needed to fulfill them. Fortunately, both my wife and I are ambitious and would like to make a living of our own.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

What are the fashionable jobs these days?
What would you like to do?
What education do you think you need to do that job?
Where do you have to make inquires when looking for a job?
What picture do you have of an ideal job?
Why do languages play a more important role in different jobs?
Why are there so many unemployed in Hungary?
Why do so many people work abroad?
Why do you think so many firms go bankrupt nowadays?
Would you prohibit smoking in your office?
What do you do for a living?
How do you earn your living?

profession
plant
shift
do, did, done shift work
limited - ltd
enterprise
entrepreneur
joint-stock company
joint venture
share
personnel department
head of department
accountant
decent job
hit, hit, hit
casual work
Situations Vacant
job centre
redundant
redundancy pay
is employed
employer
employee
skilled worker
semi-skilled worker
unskilled worker
flexible working hours
fixed working hours
social benefits
income tax
manual worker
intellectual worker
probation
self-employed
self-made man
tax adviser
foreman
temporary job
steady job
white-collar worker
blue-collar worker

Mit dolgozol?
Mivel keresed a kenyered?
hivatás
üzem
műszak
több műszakban dolgozik
korlátolt felelősségű társaság - kft
vállalkozás
vállalkozó
részvénytársaság
közösvállalat
részvény
személyzeti osztály
osztályvezető
kölcsönző
megfelelő állás
sújt
alkalmi munka
Üres Állások /sajtóban/
munkaközvetítő iroda
létszám feletti
végkikelégítés
alkalmazva van
munkáltató
alkalmazott
szakmunkás
betanított munkás
segédmunkás
köttetlen munkaidő
köttött munkaidő
szociális juttatások
jövedelemadó
fizikai munkás
szellemi dolgozó
próbaidő
maszek
önerejéből lett az, aki
adótanácsadó
művezető
átmeneti munka
biztos állás
szellemi munkát végző
fizikai dolgozó
Grammar Review - Practise the Modal Verbs - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. I ... for long when my younger brother acquired it.
   a. could swim  
   b. 've been able to swim  
   c. were able to swim  
   d. 'd been able to swim

2. Who ... come in first?
   a. was let  
   b. was may to  
   c. was allowed to  
   d. might to

3. It ... . It was very rude.
   a. shouldn't have been done  
   b. can't have been done  
   c. mustn't have been done  
   d. mayn't have been done

4. He ... be the man we saw yesterday. I am not really sure.
   a. can  
   b. may  
   c. could  
   d. might
5. Rules ... be violated.
   a. may not                    c. mustn't
   b. can not                   d. couldn't

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

The Market of Misery

It sounded too good to be true, and, of course, it was. Paini, a 22-year-old Indonesian girl, was hoping to escape the desperate poverty of her rice-farming family when a man posing as a government official promised her migrant labour. A few weeks of training, he said, and she would be making a healthy $148 a month working as a maid in a Singapore household. Instead, Paini and some 600 other peasant girls remain locked up like cattle in a recruiting warehouse waiting for jobs which never come.

The horror stories have begun. As the ranks of Asia's unemployed workers grow, millions of desperate job-seekers have ventured beyond their home shores in search of living wages in some luckier place along the Pacific Rim. But as East Asia's economies shrink, most of those pathways have become dead ends. This massive flight from poverty is hurting everyone, breeding abuse, frustration and dangerous discontent.

Legal foreign workers are also vulnerable. During boom times, they had flocked to richer countries but now their hosts have turned on them, sending them home in an effort to save jobs for local workers. Authorities also treat them like pariahs.

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.

Do you think it's worthwhile for someone over 45 to take part in retraining courses? If you could choose, would you work for a private or a state firm? Why?
Would you undertake a job abroad? What are the advantages/disadvantages of working abroad?
Do you think children are effected by their parents profession in any way when choosing a career these days?
Have you ever taken part in a job interview?

upholsterer florist optician sculptor clown announcer magician financial branch subsidize subsidy deputy manager invoice backbite, backbit, backbitten sy curriculum vitae do moonlighting drudgery a varied job filing cabinet conveyor belt do a second job a demanding job subsidiary is entitled to net salary lunch voucher market researcher vocational training kárpitos virágárus látszerész szobrászművész bohóc bemondó bűvész pénzügyi szakma, üzletág szubvencionál szubvenció igazgató helyettes hivatali számla fűr, rágaalmaz vkit önélétrajz fusizik lélekölő munka változatos munka iratszekrény futószalag másodállása van megerőltető munka leányvállalat jogosult vmire nettó fizetés ebédjegy piackutató szakképzés

Grammar Review - Practise the Modal Verbs - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. He said it ... his mistake. He'd forgotten to read the instruction book before.
   a. may have been  
   b. should have been  
   c. can have been  
   d. must have been
2. Nobody ... leave before the boss gave permission.
   a. was allowed  
   b. had been able to 
   c. might to 
   d. could to 

3. How long have you ... do two jobs at the same time?
   a. have to 
   b. must 
   c. had to 
   d. needed 

4. You ... have been killed in the accident, you know.
   a. might as well 
   b. must as well 
   c. can as well 
   d. need as well 

5. The children ... open the gifts until their father had arrived.
   a. may not 
   b. didn't dare 
   c. might not to 
   d. weren't allowed to 

Translate the following sentences into English.

Housing

Stage 1.

Mark is talking about the house he lives in.

I live in a detached house, not far from the centre. It's a nice building. It was built about thirty years ago. There's a garden around the house. In the garden there are trees, bushes and a little kitchen-garden. It's not a big garden, luckily, because I don't like gardening. In the house there's a living-room, my parents' bedroom and my room. Of course, there's a kitchen with a dining-room as well, a pantry, a bathroom, a broom closet and a terrace overlooking the garden. I love the terrace the most because it's quiet and spacious. In my room there's a desk, a wardrobe, a bed, shelves for my things and some pictures and posters on the walls. I've been collecting coke and beer cans which are on the top of the wardrobe. I have about 300 of them. I like it. Earlier I collected matchboxes but I stopped that. It was too expensive. On the floor there's a nice old carpet. I got it from my grandparents. I've got a curtain which I don't like very much. It's got funny patterns. From my window there's a wonderful view of the town. All in all, it's a lovely, cosy room; I'm happy to live here.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Do you live in a flat or a house?
Is there a garden around it?
How big is your flat/house?
How is it furnished?
What's the view like?
What kind of heating have you got for the winter?
Have you got your own room?
Do you like the layout and the furniture of your room?
Do you like living there? Why?/Why not?
Does your flat/house look old or new?

block of flats
detached house
semi-detached house
office block
move,-d,-d in
move,-d,-d out
stone
tőmbház
családi ház
ikerház
irodaház
beköltözik
kiköltözik
kő
brick  
wood  
wooden  
floor  
ground floor  
top floor  
upstairs  
downstairs  
chimney  
balcony  
entrance  
stairs  
heating  
central heating  
oil heating  
gas heating  
electric heating  
coal heating  
radiator  
fireplace  
entrance door  
backdoor  
key  
window  
hall  
L-shape  
living room  
sitting-room  
bedroom  
study  
children's room  
dining-room  
guest-room  
作出  
kitchen  
microwave oven  
coffee percolator  
scales  
deep-fryer  
toaster  
toilet  
бathroom  
shower  
warm  
wallpaper  

tégla  
fa  
fából készült  
emelet, szint  
földszint  
legfelső szint  
felsző szint /családi házban/  
alsó szint /családi házban/  
kémény  
erkély  
bejárat  
lépcső  
fűtés  
központi fűtés  
olajfűtés  
gázfűtés  
villanyfűtés  
szénfűtés  
radiátor  
kandalló  
bejárat ajtó  
hátsóajtó  
kulcs  
ablak  
előszoba  
L-alakú  
nappali  
nappali  
hálószoba  
dolgozószoba  
gyerekszoba  
étközó  
vendégszoba  
konyha  
mikrohullámú sütő  
kavégőzőgép  
mérleg  
olajszűtő  
kenyérpirító  
WC  
fürdőszoba  
zuhanyszó  
tapéta
wallpaper,-d,-d
tapétáz
paint,-ed,-ed
fest
whitewash,-ed,-ed
meszel
floor
padló
ceiling
mennyezet
lino
linóleum padló
wooden mosaics
parkett
furniture
sok bútor
much furniture
kevés bútor
little furniture
néhány bútordanab
some pieces of furniture
íróasztal
desk
dohányzóasztal
coffee table
szék
chair
fotel
armchair
franciaágy
double bed
ágy
double bed
bedclothes
franciaágy
double bed
bedside table
ágynemű
do bed
sofa
éjjeli szekrényke
mirror
heverő
desk
bed
függöny
cupboard
heverő
cabinet
shelf, shelves
smőr egó
bookshelf
könyvespócc
bookcase
könyveszekrény
flower stand
virágállvány
video recorder
video állvány
CD-player
videó
hi-fi /high fidelity/ tower
CD-lejátszó
curtain
hifi-torony
carpet
függöny
wall-to-wall carpet
szőnyeg
ornaments
szőnyegpadló
ashtray
dísztárgyak
vase
hamutálca
photograph
váza
painting
fotó
portait
festmény
bathtub
portré
shower
fürdőkád
shower
zuhany
washbasin
mosdókagyló
rack
akasztó, fogas
sink
mosogató
gas cooker
electric cooker
tap
switch
wall-lamp
light, lit, lit
opposite the door
next to the bookcase
to the right of the table
in the middle of the room
at the top of the cupboard
behind the settee
in front of the wardrobe
rent,-ed,-ed a flat
let, let, let a flat
build, built, built a house
gáztűzhely
villanytűzhely
vízcsap
kapcsoló
falilámpa
megvilágít
az ajtóval szemben
a könyvesszékely mellett
az asztaltól jobbra
a terem közepén
a szekrény tetején
a heverő mögött
a szekrény előtt
lakást bérel
lakást kiad
házat épít

Grammar Review - Practise the Tenses - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. It's a long time since ...
   a. I'd seen you.  
   c. I saw you.
   b. I'm seeing you.
   d. I see you.

2. How often ...
   a. are you doing the shopping?
   c. used you do the shopping?
   b. do you do the shopping?
   d. do you use doing the shopping?

3. I was taking some notes when ...
   a. she has popped in.
   c. she popped in.
   b. she was popping in.
   d. she had popped in.

4. We'll be working on it when ...
   a. you'll come.
   c. you've come.
   b. you come.
   d. you'll have come.

5. Calm down, no one asked you where ...
   a. you were.
   c. you've been.
   b. you'd been.
   d. you were being.
Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

_June is talking about her home._

I own a flat in the centre of the town. I inherited it from my parents. It's not big at all. It consists of a living-room, a bedroom, a kitchen with a small dining area, a pantry and of course a bathroom with the toilet. But I like it. All the services I need are within easy reach. I can walk everywhere without using my car. The furniture is not always to my taste but it's all right. The wall-unit is a bit old-fashioned and the suite should be recovered. But I think I'm quite clever at decorating with colours and little ornaments so at least the flat doesn't look ugly. It's the kitchen I love the most. Since I'm fond of cooking, I had a lot of modern equipment installed here. I've even got a dish-washer. It's marvellous. There's a garage in the basement and a boiler room as well, plus a store-room for old things. There's a little garden around the block which I share with the other tenants. We grow vegetables and flowers there. I adore flowers. There are almost no trees, only a pine-tree which was planted about fifty years ago. Sometimes I think of having a house of my own, but it costs so much that I simply can't afford. It is O.K. until I live on my own without my parents, but later I might want something bigger.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Do you live in a flat or a house?
Who do you share it with?
Would you like to change it for a bigger/smaller one?
Do you sometimes think about having a dream-house? Describe it.
Are you interested in magazines of interior design?
Who would you turn to if you wanted to have a house of your own built?
How do you cope with the constantly rising expenses on the house?
What sort of alteration are you planning in your home, if you are planning any?
What kind of redecoration will you have to make in your home in the near future?
Do you intend to sell your house and buy another one?
pre-fabricated building
tower block
high-rise block
sky-scraper
architect
architecture
building material
terraced houses
bungalow
cottage
concrete
plaster
tiled roof
thatched roof
site
freehold flat
council flat
lodging
lodger
digs
tenant
share,-d,-d a room with sy
rent
landlord
landlady
air-conditioner
courtyard
attic
basement
electric meter
gas meter
ceiling
boiler room
workshop
garret
caretaker
staircase
storeroom	
tile stove
broom
bucket
dust pan
doorstep
panelház
toronyház
toronyház
felhőkarcoló
építész
építészet
építőanyag
sorházak
verandás, földszintes ház
villa
beton
vakolat
cseréptető
nádtető
telek
őrökklakás
bérlakás
albérlet
albérő
albérlet
lakásbérő
együtt lakik kvivel
lakbér
háziúr
házinéni
légkondicionáló
udvar
manzárd
alagsor
villanyóra
gázóra
pince
kazánház
műhely
padlás
gondnok
lépcsőház
tárolóhelyiség
cserépkályha
seprű
vödör
szemétlapát
küszöb
doormat
window-sill
layout of the flat
corridor
dining nook
spacious
kitchenette
well-equipped
food processor
bread slicer
extractor fan
utilize,-d,-d
redecorate,-d,-d
pantry
tile
period furniture
rocking chair
cane chair
suite
bunk beds
pillow
blanket
sheet
cushion
case for the shoes
case for the papers
settee
chest of drawers
wall-unit
built-in unit
blind
china figure
wood carving
landscape
still life
oil-painting
water-colour
cabinet
air hole
socket
plug
standard lamp
chandelier
lábőrlő
ablakpárkány
a lakás beosztása
folyosó
étkezősarok
tágas
főzőfülke
jól felszerelt
robotgép
kenyérszeletelő gép
szagelszívó
kihasznál, hasznosít
felújít
éléskamra
csempe
stilbútor
hintaszék
fonott nádszék
ülőgarnitura
emeletés ágy
párna
takaró
lepedő
díszpárna
cipőtartó
újságtartó
fotelágy
komód
szekrényosor
beépített szekrény
roló, redőny
porcelán szobrocska
fafaragás
tájkép
csendélet
olajfestmény
vízfestmény
szekrénye
szellőző
konnektor
dugó
állólámpa
csillár
spotlamp
bulb
lampshade
building society
pull,-ed,-ed down a house
loan
deposit
monthly repayment
house-warming party

spotláma
villanykörte
lámpaernyő
építési vállalat
házat lebont
banki kölcsön
letét, belépési összeg
havi törlesztés
házszentelő buli

Grammar Review - Practise the Tenses - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives

1. When I started studying English, he ...
   a. has been doing it for a year.  c. was doing it for a year.
   b. had been doing it since a year. d. he'd been doing it for a year.

2. What will you be doing while ...
   a. we will be skating?  c. we'll skate?
   b. we're going to skate?  d. we're skating?

3. ... by the time you came.
   a. He's finished it  c. He finished it
   b. He'd finished it  d. He'd been finishing it

4. By tomorrow ... exactly for a month and still no success.
   a. he'll be working on it  c. he's going to work on it
   b. he'll work on it   d. he'll have been working on it

5. No one was at home when ...
   a. June was coming.  c. June came.

Translate the following sentences into English.

Stage 3.

Hints given to you when buying a home.

Everyone knows buying a house is an expensive business, and most people try to budget to cover the costs of surveys and solicitors' fees and stamp duty before they start.

1. Make sure you ask how long the fixed rate lasts, and whether there are any conditions attached. You may not be able to transfer the fixed rate if you move, for example, and there could be heavy penalties for changing your mortgage early - some lenders charge as much as three monts' interest.

2. Most lenders charge a fee for offering a fixed rate product. These may be application, administration and lenders' fees - they all mean the same and will cost between Ł100 and Ł300. If you go through a broker, you may be charged a commission as well.

3. If you borrow over 70-75 per cent of the property price, your lender is likely to insist on an indemnity cover. This is a policy lenders take out to reinsure themselves against you falling behind with payments or being repossessed.

4. Finally, watch out for lenders with special offers with strings attached, such as compulsory pensions policies. Bear in mind that these lenders are probably earning a good commission out of the deal.

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.

Suppose you want to buy a flat but you've got insufficient money. Who will you turn to first and why?
When buying a house, which of the following aspects do you give priority to: location, state of repair, price, view? Give reasons to your answers.
You've inherited a cottage in a most favoured location but it's in a terrible state of repair. Do you think you'd sell it or you'd do everything to make it a lovely nest for your family?
How often do you think redecoration jobs should be done on a house?
The phrase 'handyman' can be interpreted in different ways. What does it mean to you?

gravel  
wheelbarrow  
insulation  
drainpipe  
foundations  
plank  
scaffolding  
sóder, kavics  
talicska  
szigetelés  
lefolyócső  
alap  
palló  
állványzat
Grammar Review - Practise the Tenses - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. I suppose ... a lot of trouble with him so far.
   a. you've had
   b. you did have
   c. you had
   d. you were having

2. How long ... forgery when he was finally caught?
   a. has he been doing
   b. was he doing
   c. had he been doing
   d. did he do

3. I don't think ... when you return.
   a. I'll stay here
   b. I'll be staying here
   c. I'm going to stay here
   d. I'll have staying here
4. Why do you think he ... than before?
   a. has been worked more   c. has worked more
   b. had worked more        d. had been working more

5. Lately, ... than ever before.
   a. Jane's been working more
   b. Jane worked much more
   c. Jane was working much more
   d. Jane works much more

Translate the following sentences into English.

The place you live in and public transport

Stage 1.

*Mark is talking about the place he lives in.*

I live in a small town. The population is low - about twelve thousand inhabitants. The nearest city is forty kilometres from here. Although it's a busy town, the services are rather poor. There isn't a leisure centre or a sports hall where people could enjoy themselves. There's a cinema, but the films shown there are not the latest ones. There are some restaurants and pubs, but we have no cafés which people could also enjoy. There are schools of course, elementary and secondary ones, and also a college of accountancy and finance. We have parks - though not enough -, playgrounds, and two or three quite big shopping centres. We have no swimming-pool, unfortunately. There's a local history museum and an exhibition hall for the works of a famous sculptor who was born here. There's a railway and a coach station, and a by-pass road which connects us to highway No. 84. There isn't any local transport. There isn't an urgent need for it. That's all, I'm afraid. Everybody agrees that much more should be done to make the town a more attractive place to live in.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Where do you come from?
Do you like to live there?
How long have you been living there?
What's the population?
What services are there?
What sights can be found in your neighbourhood?
What would you like to have you are lacking at the moment?
What kind of job possibilities have you got?
What's transportation like?
Could you mention a well-known person who was born there?

city

town

capital

village

farm

move,-d,-d away
to the country
in the country

nagyváros
kisváros
főváros
falú
farm, tanya
elköltözik
vidékre
vidéken
housing estate
centre
downtown
suburb
district
street
square
circus
house number
sight
monument
statue
church
palace
castle
tower
style
Roman style
painting
wall-painting
museum
picture gallery
century
guide
sight-seeing
take, took, taken a sight-seeing tour
visit,-ed,-ed sg
renovate,-d,-d sg
park
bush
riverbank
bicycle road
forest
wood
grow, grew, grown
wheat
maize
breed, bred, bred
goat
sheep, sheep
cattle
pond
lake
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Hungarian</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cat</td>
<td>macska</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kitten</td>
<td>kiscica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>puppy</td>
<td>kölyökkutya</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mouse, mice</td>
<td>egér, egerek</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rat</td>
<td>patkány</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>donkey</td>
<td>szamár</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pony</td>
<td>póniló</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rabbit</td>
<td>házinyúl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>horse</td>
<td>ló</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cow</td>
<td>tehén</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>duck</td>
<td>kacska</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>goose, geese</td>
<td>liba, libák</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>turkey</td>
<td>pulyka</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fox</td>
<td>róka</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wolf, wolves</td>
<td>farkas, farkasok</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>birds</td>
<td>madarak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sparrow</td>
<td>veréb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>swallow</td>
<td>fecske</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>owl</td>
<td>bagoly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trees</td>
<td>fák</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>walnut</td>
<td>diófa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chestnut</td>
<td>gesztenye</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pine</td>
<td>fenyő</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>traffic</td>
<td>közlekedés, forgalom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>traffic system</td>
<td>közlekedési rendszer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vehicle</td>
<td>jármű</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in the rush hours</td>
<td>a csúcsforgalomban</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>asking for information</td>
<td>felvilágosítást kémi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>giving information</td>
<td>felvilágosítást adni</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>get, got, got lost</td>
<td>eltéved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>can't find one's way</td>
<td>nem találja az utat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>turn,-ed,-ed into a street</td>
<td>befordul egy utcába</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>straight</td>
<td>egyenesen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>corner</td>
<td>sarok</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pedestrian</td>
<td>gyalogos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pedestrian crossing</td>
<td>gyalogátkelő</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>zebra-crossing</td>
<td>gyalogátkelő</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>road</td>
<td>út</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>boulevard</td>
<td>körút</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pavement</td>
<td>járda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>stop</td>
<td>megálló</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>crossroads</td>
<td>kereszteződés</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>traffic lights</td>
<td>közlekedési lámpa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
THE PLACE YOU LIVE IN AND PUBLIC TRANSPORT

cross,-ed,-ed the street

go along the street

bicycle

bike

motorbike

tram

bus
trolley-bus

van

wide street

narrow street

main street

side street

one-way street

road signs

catch, caught, caught a bus

miss,-ed,-ed the bus

take, took, taken a bus

fare

Learner

bend

filling/petrol station

vacant seat

learn, learnt, learnt to drive

queue,-d,-d up at the bus-stop

get, got, got on the bus

get off the bus

change,-d,-d buses

taxi stand

traffic jam

ticket machine

crowded

heavy traffic

go as far as the church

take the third turning on the left

go down this street

go straight along this street

newsstand

conductor

monthly ticket

átmegy az utcán

végigmegy az utcán

kerékpár

kerékpár

motorkerékpár

villamos

busz

trolibusz

furgon

széles utca

keskeny utca

füútca

mellékutca

egyirányú utca

kresztáblák

buszra száll, eléri a buszt

lekési a buszt

busszal megy

viteldíj

Tanulóvezető

kanyar

benzinkút

szabad hely

vezető tanul

sorban áll a megállóban

felszáll a buszra

leszáll a buszról

átszáll egy másik buszra

taxiállomás

forgalmi dugó

jegyárusító automata

zsúfolt

nagy forgalom

menjen el a templomig

forduljon balra a harmadik utcába

menjen végig ezen az utcán

menjen egyenesen ezen az utcán

újságos

kalauz

havijegy, bérlet
Grammar Review - Practise the Reported Speech - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Ask her ...
   a. that she likes it.  c. if she does likes it.
   b. if she likes it.   d. if she like it.

2. I don't know why ...
   a. they've moved to the country.  c. did they move to the country.
   b. they move to the country.     d. they had moved to the country.

3. We have no idea ...
   a. that if he like it or not.  c. whether he likes it or not.
   b. if he like it or not.      d. that he likes it or not.

4. She asked me ...
   a. why did I say 'yes'.  c. why I say 'yes'.
   b. why did I said 'yes'. d. why I'd said 'yes'.

5. The boss told me that he ...
   a. doesn't like me.  c. didn't like me.
   b. don't like me.   d. not like me.

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

*Nick is talking about the place he lives in.*

It's a big city, really - almost a quarter of a million of inhabitants. Sometimes you can hardly find your way. It's big not only for tourists but also for the local citizens. There are too many one-way-streets which take you around and around. The centre is quite noisy except for the old town where cars are prohibited. There's a bishop's residence there, and nice old buildings in baroque style. There are also restaurants
and shops and other services. The suburbs are more quiet. Some of them still look like a village. People work in industries and trade. As far as I know, the unemployment rate is not as high here as in other parts of the country. It's mostly due to the investments foreign firms have made here. The local bus-network is pretty good but there are no trams or trolleys. Bicycle roads are also missing. There are carparks - though not enough - and in the centre it's quite expensive to park. More and more by-pass roads are being built to reduce the traffic in the centre. Still, I don't think I'd like to live here when I finish my studies and start working.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Where is the city you live in?
What do you know about its history?
Is it a centre of tourism, trade or industry?
Do you know anything about the cultural life of your city?
What do most of the people do for a living?
What's the symbol of the town? Where did it originate?
How do you think services could be improved?
Are new utilities laid down in or around the town?
If you were the mayor, what changes would you make?
Would you like to see an airport, an underground railway system or sky-scrappers in your city? Why/Why not?

residential quarter
outskirts
avenue
alley
industrial town
agricultural town
trade-town
settle,-d,-d down
cathedral
manor
fort
fortress
ruins
It's in ruins.
column
exhibition
fair
well
fountain

lakónegyed
peremkerület
sugárút
fasor
iparváros
mezőváros
kereskedőváros
letelepszik
katedrális
kastély, udvarház
erőd
erődítmény
romok
Romokban hever.
oszlop
kiállítás
vásár
kút
szökőkút
Gothic style
gótikus stílus

Baroque style
barokk stílus

ecclesiastic
eklektikus

arch
bolthajtás

excavation
ásatás

find
lelet

restore,-d,-d
restaurál

reserve
környezetvédelmi terület

recreation centre
kultúrpark

stroll
séta

take, took, taken a stroll
sétát tesz

lane
forgalmi sáv

open-air stage
szabadtéri színpad

overcrowded
túlzsúfolt

cobblestone
macskakó

facade
homlokzat

dwelling house
lakóház

barley
árpa

oat
zab

sugar beet
cukorrépa

raise,-d,-d
nevel

livestock
lábasjószág

domestic animals
háziállat

flock
nyáj, csorda

green wood
liget

ploughed-field
szántóföld

meadow
legelő

ditch
árok

canal
kanális

stream
patak

brook
patak

water-fall
vízesés

water tower
víztározó

pole
oszlop

chicken yard
baromfjúdvar

kennel
kutyának lekerített rész

buck
bika

ox, oxen
ökör, ökrök

cock
kakas

pigeon
galamb

wild animals
vadon élő állatok

hare
mezei nyúl

hedgehog
sündisznó
THE PLACE YOU LIVE IN AND PUBLIC TRANSPORT

squirrel  mókus
hawk    héja
raven  holló
crow  varjú
falcon  sólyom
doive  gerle
lark  pacsirta
nightingale  fölemüle
stork  gólya
lime  hárs
willow  fűz
twillow  tölgy
oak  nyír
birch
transport, -ed, -ed sg
traffic conditions
traffic department
inquire office
passer-by
lane
kerb
island
halfway-line
double white line
run, ran, run over sy
cart
lorry
truck
tanker
dustcart
dead-end street
by-pass road
destination
slot-machine
route
diversion
roundabout
road repairs
lamppost
oncoming traffic
occupied seat
instructor
driving test
push, -ed, -ed
take, took, taken a short cut  
flyover  
overpass  
half-fare  
suburban railway  
bus terminal  
escalator  
inspector  
parking meter  
get, got, got a ticket  
traffic offence  
dustbin  
advertising pillar  
punch,-ed,-ed a ticket  
punch-machine  
validate,-d,-d sg  
is fined 1000 fts  

lerövidíti az utat  
felüljáró járműveknek  
felüljáró gyalogosoknak  
félárú  
helyiérdekek vasút  
buszvégállomás  
mozgólépcső  
ellenőr  
parkolóóra  
megbűntetik  
közlekedési vétség  
kuka  
hirdetőszlop  
jegyet lyukaszt  
jegylyukasztó  
érvényesít vmit  
megbűntetik 1000 forintra

Grammar Review - Practise the Reported Speech - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. I wanted to ask them ...  
a. that they'd meant it.  
b. if they'd meant it.  
c. if they've meant it.  
d. if they mean it.

2. No one knew why ...  
a. she intended to leave so early.  
b. she intends to leave so early.  
c. she'd intended to leave so early.  
d. she intend to leave so early.

3. She was wondering ...  
a. who it was it.  
b. who it has been.  
c. who it have been.  
d. who it had been.

4. We had no idea ...  
a. what she's wanted.  
b. what she wants.  
c. what she wanted.  
d. that what she want.

5. Did you tell him ...  
a. don't do it again?  
b. not to do that again?  
c. not do it again?  
d. doesn't do that again?
Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

UK Life Expectancy

Do you want to live longer? Then go and live in Bromley. But if you want to die young, then move to Manchester. A study by researchers at Surrey University shows average life expectancy for men varies far more across England than we all suspected - a 6.7 year difference from the best spots (Cambridge: 76.6) to the worst (Manchester: 69.9).

Women are much less affected by regional differences, although Bromley still comes out as the longevity hot spot, with a breezy 81.4 years for the ladies. The place they should avoid if they want to keep pulling down their pensions is... er... Manchester, again.

So, not only do men die earlier, but their life expectancy seems twice as dependent on location as their female partners'. Science, meanwhile, still isn't certain why.

The only theories put forward are that more sick men may end up living in the deprived areas, and that somehow they are more susceptible to the problems of living within poor environments than their lucky X chromosome compatriots.

That, as well as the general fact that men continue to be less health conscious than women, drink too much, and never go to the doctor.

After Manchester, the place with the lowest life expectancy is Liverpool followed by London... It could be time to move.

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.

Has the name of your neighbourhood ever been associated with something great/tragic/historic?
Is it a place which is a favourite topic of mass media for any reason?
Do you think it matters much who the mayor of your settlement is?
How would you persuade someone to give up living in an overcrowded city/a quiet village and come to live in the opposite?
How would you argue for or against of leaving the car at home and use a bicycle instead?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Hungarian</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>parking meter</td>
<td>parkolóóra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>drain</td>
<td>csatornanyilás</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>neon sign</td>
<td>neonreklám</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>road sweeper</td>
<td>utcaseprő</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shop sign</td>
<td>cégtábla</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cinema advertisement</td>
<td>moziplakát</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sunshade</td>
<td>napellenző</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>open-air theatre</td>
<td>szabadtéri színpad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>park bench</td>
<td>kerti pad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fair</td>
<td>vásár</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>refreshment stall</td>
<td>falatozó</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>windmill</td>
<td>szélmalom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>broadcasting station</td>
<td>adótorony</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mine</td>
<td>bánya</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>footpath</td>
<td>ösvény</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>public building</td>
<td>középület</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chapel</td>
<td>kápolna</td>
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<tr>
<td>vineyard</td>
<td>szőlőskert</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cave</td>
<td>barlang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>well</td>
<td>kút</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>brickworks</td>
<td>téglagyár</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>embankment</td>
<td>töltsés</td>
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<tr>
<td>tree nursery</td>
<td>faiiskola</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Grammar Review - Practise the Reported Speech - Advanced.**

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. She wondered why I ... him an invitation card.
   a. haven't sent  c. didn't send
   b. hadn't sent   d. haven't been sending

2. I asked them when ... us.
   a. they will visit c. they were visiting
   b. would they visit d. will they visit

3. Galileo proved that the earth ... round the sun.
   a. went  c. has gone
   b. had gone d. goes
4. He asked us who he ... invite to his party.
   a. will       c. would
   b. -          d. should

5. We didn't know if ... who had to do the job.
   a. it is us   c. it was us
   b. it will be us d. it were us

Translate the following sentences into English.

Travelling by road, by air, by sea

Stage 1.

Margie lives in a village not far from the town. She commutes to school every morning.

I take the 7:20 bus every morning. It stops right in front of our house. The bus-driver knows me. If I am late, he waits for me. I have a monthly ticket so I don't have to get a single ticket every time. I like travelling. I don't think it's a waste of time. I read on the bus or talk to my friends. I travel a lot with my family, too. We have a car and at the weekends we always drive to see some nice places. My father is a careful driver. He has never had an accident. I also take the train when I go to see my grandparents. Trains are sometimes faster than cars. They go on straight lines and have got priority. Once I got on the wrong train but the people helped me. I have never travelled by air but I took a boat trip in Greece once. It was a ferry-boat and took us from an island to an other. I enjoyed it very much. I like cycling, too. I ride a lot with my friends in the summer holidays. When I get older, I'd like to get a licence to ride a motorbike. It's much more exciting, I think.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

How often do you travel?
Which way of travelling do you like the most?
Has your family got a car?
Do you have a garage to keep the car in?
Can you drive?
How can you describe yourself as a driver?
Do you like travelling by train?
Is there a railway station in the place where you live?
Have you got a local bus service?
Do you fly sometimes?

railway
railway station
train
locomotive
take a train
get on a train
catch, caught, caught a train
catch the train

vasút
vasútállomás
vonat
mozdony
vonattal megy
vonatra száll
vonattal megy
eléri a vonatot
miss,-ed,-ed the train
inter-city train
luggage
baggage
meet, met, met sy at the station
passenger train
express train
slow train
fast train
travel,-led,-led
journey
platform
arrive,-d,-d in swhere
arrive,-d,-d at swhere
arrival
departure
start,-ed,-ed
timetable
booking-office
railway ticket
single ticket
return ticket
passenger
traveller
get on
get off
seat
rack
stop,-ped,-ped
connection
waiting-hall
car
driver
back-seat
windscreen
tyre
boot
engine
headlights
brakelight
number plate
steering wheel
brake pedal
lekési a vonatot
városok közt közlekedő vonat
poggyász
poggyász
vár vkit az állomáson
személyvonat
expresszvonat
személyvonat
gyorsvonat
utazik
az utazás
vágány, peron
érkezik /országba/
érkezik /intézménybe/
érkezés
indulás
indul
menetrend
jegypénztár
vasuti jegy
egy útra szóló jegy
oda-vissza jegy
utas
utazó
felszáll
leszáll
ülőhely
csomagtartó
megáll
csatlakozás
váróterem
autó
vezető
hátsóülés
szélvédő
abroncs
csomagtartó
motor
fényszóró
féklámpa
rendszám tábla
kormány kerék
fékpedál
start the engine
body
wheel
radiator
registration number
mirror
inside/outside mirror
seat belt
driving licence
sports car
speed limit
run, ran, run out of petrol
tank
fill,-ed,-ed up the tank
road sign
car wash
garage
car mechanic
check the oil
change the oil
petrol
motorway
top speed
speed, sped, sped up
kilometre
100 km per hour
give, gave, given way
overtake, overtook, overtaken
accident
crash,-ed,-ed
slip,-ped,-ped
airport
flight
flight number
take off
land,-ed,-ed
fly, flew, flown
pilot
air-hostess
crew
air crash
beindítja a motort
karosszéria
kerék
hűtő
rendszám
tükör
belső/külső tükör
biztonsági öv
vezető engedély
sportkocsi
sebességhatár
elfogy a benzin
tank
teletölti a tankot
kresztábla
autómosó
garázs; javítóműhely
autószerszár
ellenőriz az olajat
olajat cserél
bencin
autópálya
csúcssebesség
felgyorsul
kilométer
100 km per óra
elsőbbséget ad
megelőz
baleset
ütközik
megesúszik
repülőtér
járat
járatószám
felszáll
leszáll
repül
pilota
légikisasszony
le génység
légi szerencsétlenség
Grammar Review - Practise the Gerund and the Infinitive - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Do you like ... people?
   a. meet
   b. to meeting
   c. meeting
   d. to meet

2. She doesn't want ... to our club.
   a. to join
   b. joining
   c. join
   d. to joining

3. My sister is interested in ... a flat of her own.
   a. have
   b. having
   c. to have
   d. has

4. She stopped ... to him. They hadn't seen each other for years.
   a. to talk
   b. talk
   c. talking
   d. to talking

5. Don't make me ... again.
   a. to cry
   b. crying
   c. cry
   d. criing

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

Nick lives in a busy town. It's a commercial centre next to the border. He's quite often fed up with the traffic going past, just like the other residents.

It's terrible, really. Long lines of cars and trucks are driving in the narrow streets to get through the town. It's because we haven't got a by-pass road. Somehow they can't get the money for that. I don't know. When I have to go somewhere either on business or privately I always catch the train. To go by car would be much more
expensive and slower, I guess. Of course, if I have something to do in a remote area, I drive, but I don't like it very much. The roads are narrow, winding and not of the best quality. I quite often fly. Our firm has its headquarter in Rome, so I always fly the same route. But it's always exciting - taking off and landing - I don't think you can get used to them, ever. Airports are mysterious places for many - even today. In fact, they are the best-organized spots in the world. And it is proved that flying is the safest way of travelling of all. In my view, travelling by sea is for holiday makers, not for businessmen. Boats and ships are slow, and for many people time is the most important thing today. If I had the money, I'd buy a sailing ship with all the luxury. It'd be nice to live on a ship of your own.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Are you a great traveller?
Have you ever visited any exotic places?
Has anything bad happened to you while travelling?
Have you ever seen an accident?
Have you ever been fined for a driving offence?
Do you sometimes consult travel books?
Do you always contact the same travel agent when you wish to travel?
Have you got any favourite destinations in the world?
Where would you like to fly now if you could afford?
Have you ever had a funny experience on your trip?

level crossing
railway company
railwayman
inspector
engine
delay
the train is due to leave at 5
carriage
first-class carriage
see, saw, seen sy off at the station
seat reservation
sit, sat, sat facing the engine
sit with his back to the engine
compartment
sleeping-car
restaurant-car
couchette
through train

vasúti átjáró
vasúttársaság
vasutas
kalauz
mozdony
késés
a vonatnak 5-kor kell indulnia
kocsi
elsőosztályú kocsi
kikisér vkit az állomásra
helyfoglalás
menetiránnyal szemben ül
menetiránynak háttal ül
fülke
hálókocsi
étkész kocsi
kusset
közvetlen vonat
freight train
depart,-ed,-ed
supplementary fare
reduced fares
non-smoking compartment
smoker
emergency brake
go off the rails
come to a halt
left-luggage office
locker
bonnet
windscreen wiper
roof-rack
indicator
indicate,-d,-d
bumper
exhaust
clutch-pedal
choke
gear
gear-lever
chassis
horn
sound,-ed,-ed the horn
accelerator pedal
first gear
put the car into first gear
dashboard
glove compartment
vent
window roller
ignition key
spark plug
driving insurance
estate car
saloon car
hatchback	
two-stroke engine
four-stroke engine
Sunday driver
experienced driver
tunnel
tehervonat
indul
pótdíj
utazási kedvezmény
nemdohányzó szakasz
dohányzófülke
vészfék
kisiklik
megáll
poggyászmegőrző
automata poggyászmegőrző
motorháztető
ablaktörő
tetőcsomagtartó
indexlámpa
indexel
lökhárító
kipufogócső
kuplungpedál
öhindítő
sebességfokozat
sebességváltó
alváz
duda
dudál
gázpedál
első sebesség
eyesbe teszi a kocsit
műszerfal
kesztyűtartó
ventillátor
ablaktekerő
slusszkulcs
gyújtógyertya
biztosítás
kombi
szedán
csapott hátú kocsi
kétütemű motor
négyütemű motor
kocasofőr
tapasztalt sofőr
alagút
exit lane  
breakdown van  
puncture  
the oil is leaking  
battery  
the battery is flat  
fill in the battery  
the engine won't start  
spare part  
major road  
minor road  
underpass  
milestone  
lay-by  
catch up  
turn upside down  
bump,-ed,-ed into sg  
injured  
seriously injured  
wreck  
terminal  
departure lounge  
airline company  
scheduled flight  
charter flight  
cockpit  
hijack,-ed,-ed a plane  
hijacker  
board,-ed,-ed a plane  
runway  
VIP lounge  
is airsick  
wing  
cargo  
flight call  
boarding card  
lehajtó sáv  
autómentő  
defekt  
folyik az olaj  
akkumulátor  
az akkumulátor lemerült  
feltölti az akkumulátort  
a motor nem indul  
pótalkatrész  
főútvonal  
alsóbrendű útvonal  
aluljáró  
méröldkö  
pihenőhely  
utolér  
felfordul  
nekiütközik vminek  
sebesült  
súlyos sérült  
roncs  
terminál  
indulási várócsarnok  
légitársaság  
menetrend szerinti járat  
alkalmi járat  
pilótafülke  
egépet eltérít  
egépeltértő  
repülőre száll  
kifutópálya  
VIP váróterem  
légibeteg  
szárny  
rakomány  
járatbejelentés  
fedélzeti kártya
Grammar Review - Practise the Gerund and the Infinitive - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. He was made ... it again.
   a. do                     c. doing
   b. to do                  d. done

2. I didn't mean ... it.
   a. to do                  c. do
   b. doing                 d. to be doing

3. There's no point in ... for them any more.
   a. wait                  c. waiting
   b. to wait               d. being waiting

4. He's supposed ... this problem a long time ago.
   a. to have solving       c. to have solve
   b. to have solved        d. to solve

5. They seem ... for you.
   a. to be waiting         c. to wait
   b. wait                  d. to waiting

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

How clean is the plug-in car?

Buying a car at the turn of the century was a difficult and a dangerous business. Motorists chose from a wide assortment of horseless carriages, risking not just their money but sometimes their lives. They could pick a puffing steam car, with a boiler rather prone to explode, or a rickety runabout powered by an
internal combustion engine which caused horses to bolt. Fuels ranged from alcohol
to naphtha and petrol, which at least was cheap and plentiful. There were electric
cars, too. They were expensive and couldn't go far.

Almost 100 years later, electric cars are still too poky and inconvenient to
compete with petrol-powered rivals. But their time may be coming.

Electric cars are often seen as the ultimate answer to the muck pouring out
from the exhaust pipes of the world's 500m vehicles. Especially in smoggy cities like
Los Angeles and Tokyo, vehicle emissions of unburnt hydrocarbons, carbon
monoxide and nitrogen oxides are causing increasing concern. Attempts to make cars
cleaner, largely through fitting catalytic converters into exhaust systems, have been
disappointing. But electric cars, which belch out no exhaust at all, seem to offer a
once-and-for-all solution that petrol-powered vehicles will never be able to match.

**Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.**

What do you think of the Hungarian road network and the amount of the toll on
motorways?
Are you for or against of building more motorways in the country?
Do you agree with the idea: leave your car at home and take the bus?
Which means of transport do you consider the safest?
What would you do if your car broke down on a deserted country road?

<p>| interchange | autópályák szintbeli kereszteződése |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>skill</th>
<th>skill</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>toll</td>
<td>autópályadíj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>badging</td>
<td>márkajelzés autón</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>silencer</td>
<td>kipufogódob</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>headrest</td>
<td>fejtámla</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>armrest</td>
<td>kartámla</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fuel warning light</td>
<td>üzemanyag ellenőrző lámpa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>agent's garage</td>
<td>márkaszerviz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fire extinguisher</td>
<td>tűzoltó készülék</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>drinking fountain</td>
<td>falikút, vízcsap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>goods station</td>
<td>teherpályaudvar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>signalman</td>
<td>jelzőőr</td>
</tr>
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<td>baggage check in</td>
<td>poggyászleadás</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>excess weight charge</td>
<td>sülytöbbielet díj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>conveyor belt</td>
<td>szállítószalag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hand luggage</td>
<td>kézipoggyász</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baggage claim check</td>
<td>poggyászjegy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exp</td>
<td>várható érkezési idő</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vending machine</td>
<td>autómata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meeting Point</td>
<td>Találkozóhely</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Grammar Review - Practise the Gerund and the Infinitive - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Try ... some oil into the lock. Perhaps it will be working then.
   a. put          c. to put
   b. to be putting  d. putting

2. He annoyed me very much by ... the coke I wanted ... .
   a. drinking; drink   c. drink; to drink
   b. drinking; drinking d. drinking; to drink

3. It is believed ... last year.
   a. to be installed          c. to have been installed
   b. to install               d. having been install

4. He keeps ... me at any time I decide ... .
   a. disturbing; to work     c. disturb; working
   b. to disturb; to work      d. to disturb, working
5. Do you rely on ... it back to you?
   a. my give                      c. my giving
   b. me to give                   d. giving

_Translate the following sentences into English._

Daily habits and housework

Stage 1.

_Ron, who is 14, is talking about his daily routine._

On weekdays, I wake up at a quarter to seven and get up a few minutes later. While I get my things ready for school, I always make my bed and air my room, and listen to the radio - the music channel, of course. Then I go to the bathroom to wash and brush my teeth. Then I get dressed and have a quick cup of tea in the kitchen. I don’t have time to eat more, or simply I don’t feel like eating anything so early. I usually catch the bus to school. It takes about ten minutes or so. I have five or six classes a day. After school we sometimes play football in the gymnasium. I eat my lunch at home at about two o’clock. I sometimes do the washing up after lunch but not very often. In the afternoon I have some extra lessons in languages and maths. I do karate, too, so I go to karate trainings twice a week. I usually do my homework between six and eight in the evening. I have dinner with my parents then I watch TV or read. It depends. I go to sleep around ten. Sunday is different, certainly. I sleep a lot more and eat more. But I always do my room and help dad to wash the car or clean the garage. I sometimes go out with friends, but only at weekends.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Which is your busiest day during the week?
What time do you wake up then?
Are you in a hurry every morning?
Do you have breakfast at home or eat something in the school?
What time do you start to school?
How do you get to school?
Where do you have your lunch?
What do you usually do in the afternoon?
Do you sometimes go out in the evening?
How many hours do you sleep at night?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>wake, woke, woken up</th>
<th>felébred</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>wake sy</td>
<td>felébreszt vkit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oversleep, overslept, overslept</td>
<td>elalszik</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>get, got, got up</td>
<td>felkel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wash,-ed,-ed /himself/</td>
<td>mosakszik</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dry,-ied,-ied himself /with a towel/</td>
<td>törülközik</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dress,-ed,-ed up</td>
<td>felöltözik</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
get dressed
get undressed
polish,-ed,-ed the shoes
put, put, put on his clothes
take, took, taken off his clothes
change,-d,-d his clothes
comb,-ed,-ed
clean,-ed,-ed his teeth
make, made, made up her face
get ready
leave, left, left for school
start,-ed,-ed sg
finish,-ed,-ed sg
early
late
make an appointment with sy
housework
household
make order
do the flat
clean the flat
clean
dirty
dust
dust,-ed,-ed the furniture
hoover/vacuum cleaner
hoover,-ed,-ed the carpet
sweep, swept, swept the floor
wash the floor
waste-paper bin
wash up
dry the dishes
clean the dishes
washing
washing powder
automatic washing-machine
fridge
freezer
iron
iron,-ed,-ed
spade
dig, dug, dug
lawn
felöltözik
levetkőzik
kitisztítja a cipőt
felveszi a ruháját
levetkőzik
átöltözik
fésülködik
fogat mos
kikészíti az arcát
elkészül
iskolába indul
elkezd vmit
befejez vmit
korán
későn
időpontot beszél meg vkivel
házimunka
háztartás
rendet rak
kitakarít
kitakarít
tiszta
piszkos
por
bútort töről
porszívó
porszívózza a szőnyeget
felsőpri a padlót
felmossa a követ
szemétkosár
mosogat
eltőrlget
edényt sürol
mosás
mosópor
automata mosógép
hűtő
fagyasztó
vasaló
vasal
ásó
ás
pázsit
lawnmower  
water,-ed,-ed the grass  
flowerbed  
relax,-ed,-ed

fünyíró  
meglokosolja a füvet  
virágágyás  
lazít, pihen

Grammar Review - Practise the Prepositions - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Does he live ... the second floor?
   a. in  
   b. -  
   c. on  
   d. beyond

2. Where do you think Miriam comes ...?
   a. off  
   b. from  
   c. of  
   d. -

3. I saw her ... ten o'clock.
   a. on  
   b. by  
   c. at  
   d. in

4. Where were you ... last night?
   a. -  
   b. in the  
   c. in  
   d. on the

5. It happened ... a winter night.
   a. in  
   b. -  
   c. on  
   d. at

Translate the following sentences into English.

Stage 2.

Janet, a 21-year-old college student, is talking about her daily routine.

During the school year, I stay at the hostel. There are some house rules there but nobody really cares. We are adults and live a life of our own. I usually get up at seven and prepare my breakfast. I didn't use to have breakfast but as I have late lunches these days, I need it. Then I take a quick shower, put on my clothes and some make-up, clean up my room and rush to school. On the average I have about eight or nine lectures and tutorials a day, sometimes more. Friday is free, fortunately. My lunch is small and quick. I have it at a fast food restaurant or prepare something in the hostel's kitchen. At about six p. m. I get home, that is to my room in the hostel. I have a chat with my room-mate, have something for dinner and go out. We quite often go out to a bar for dancing or a café. We have long nights and often go to sleep at two or three in the morning. If I have an exam the next day, I don't sleep at all. As for the housework, there are cleaning women in the hostel so they do most of the things. I do housework at home, in my parents' house - not too much, I must tell you, a few hours on Saturday morning. That's all.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

What time do you usually get up on Sundays?
Do you have breakfast or lunch with your family?
Do you help out in the kitchen after breakfast?
Do you have any other duties on Sundays e.g. doing the gardening, washing the car?
Do you sometimes visit your relatives or friends at the weekends?
When do you do the regular weekend cleaning?
What's your responsibility in doing the housework?
Do you spend Sunday night in or out?
Do you do any other physical activities at the weekends?
Do you have early nights on Sundays?

set, set, set the alarm clock
put, put, put on her jewels
put some cream on
set off
cancel,-ed,-ed the appointment
charwoman
cleaning woman
tidy,-ied,-ied up the flat
get, got, got the flat organized
arrange,-d,-d the furniture

beállítja az ébresztőórát
felveszi az ékszereit
bekrémezi magát
elindul
lemondja a találkozót
bejárónő
tankaritónő
kitakarít
kitakarít
elrendezi a bútorokat
beat, beat, beaten the carpet

dustcloth

broom

bucket

scrub,-bed,-bed the floor

shrink, shrank, shrunk

crease,-d,-d

tumble-drier

sewing-machine

shovel

hoe

hoe,-d,-d

rake

rake,-d,-d

take sg apart

put sg together

szőnyeget porol

porrongy

seprű

vödör

felsúrolja a követ

összemegy

gyűrődik

szárítógép

varrógép

lapát

kapa

kapál

gereblye

gereblyéz

szédszed vmit

összerak vmit

Grammar Review - Practise the Prepositions - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. He was feeling blue ...
   a. recently.
   b. lately.
   c. then.
   d. some days before.

2. Will you be ... the nominees, do you think?
   a. among
   b. along
   c. between
   d. in

3. She's had her wedding ...
   a. a few weeks ago.
   b. last Saturday.
   c. on Saturday.
   d. right now.

4. My husband is a doctor. He works ... local hospital.
   a. in
   b. in the
   c. at
   d. at the

5. It's ... my imagination.
   a. beyond
   b. over
   c. behind
   d. above
Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

A vacuum cleaner advertisement

You'll be amazed with the performance of the O. Power Broom. It picks up anything and everything in its path - dust, crumbs, broken glass - you name it. This electric broom is the most powerful you can buy! The Power Broom features a two-speed motor for customized cleaning control, a large capacity dust cup with a washable, reusable filter and an extra-long 25-foot cord. With a self-adjusting floor tool that quickly and easily glides from floors to carpets, it goes places most regular vacuums can't, like under beds, up and down stairs and up-against walls. It makes quick pick-ups a breeze. Hangs flat and out-of-the-way in a minimal amount of space. The Power Broom is so well-built, it's backed by a 2-yr warranty. If you are not completely satisfied with your purchase, simply return it for a full refund. Order toll-free 24 hours a day.

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.

In what way do you think your and your grandparents' lifestyle differ from each other?
Why do you think that in spite of the large amount of household gadgets we seem to have less free time than our grandparents had?
What sort of household appliances would you buy if you could afford them?
In what way would you change your present lifestyle if you could?
Can you imagine the time when robots work for you in your household?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>appliance</th>
<th>készülék, eszköz</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>household gadgets</td>
<td>háztartási eszközök</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>temperature selector</td>
<td>hőmérséklet szabályozó /gépen/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>handle</td>
<td>fogantyú</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pilot light</td>
<td>jelzőlámpa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>laundry</td>
<td>szennyes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
linen bin  szennyestartó
cairer  szárítóállvány
clothes line  szárítókötelek
stepladder  háztartási létra
carpet brush  szőnyegkefe
broomstick  partvisnyél
brush  kéziseprű
scrubbing brush  sürolókefe
dust bag  porzsák
scouring powder  sürolópor
flex/cord  villanyzsinór

Grammar Review - Practise the Prepositions - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. This book is ... philosophy.
   a. about  
   b. of  
   c. from  
   d. on

2. Do the exercise as shown in the example . . . .
   a. over  
   b. before  
   c. above  
   d. under

3. Did you walk ... the ice?
   a. over  
   b. across  
   c. through  
   d. above

4. Nobody was sitting ... me and her.
   a. among  
   b. next  
   c. besides  
   d. between

5. Go ... this street and at the second corner turn right.
   a. across  
   b. along  
   c. over  
   d. through

Translate the following sentences into English.

1. Ezen a történeten keresztül ismertem meg űt. 2. Csónakkal ment keresztül a folyón. 3. Ezer ember közül is megismerném. 4. Körbevezetett minket a vadonatúj nappalijában. 5. Több, mint ötezer sportoló vett részt a megnyitó ünnepségen. 6. A pénz körül forog minden, higgy nekem. 7. Legfőbb ideje, hogy felhagyj rossz
szokásaiddal. 8. Holnaphoz egy hétre lesz a könyvbemutató. 9. Lassan lépkedett hátrafelé. 10. Azt ígérték, két napon belül álláshoz juttatnak.
Entertainment

Stage 1.

*Melanie, a 17-year-old school-girl, is talking about her spare time activities.*

I don't have much spare time - one or two hours a day. That is not enough for anything. I'm too busy at school and too busy at home, as well. My mum works until late in the evening and by the time she comes home, I have usually done most of the housework. I watch my favourite tv programmes - cartoons, quiz-games, series - or read a book. Though I don't like reading very much. Books bore me. I don't read newspapers, either - you know, politics and all that rubbish. I usually go out at the week-ends. I like movie-films very much. I always see the latest hits. I saw *The Titanic* not long ago. It was very exciting. I cried. I saw it three times. I'm fond of action films, too. I like Bruce Willis, Pierce Brosnan and some other tough guys. Although the language of these films is sometimes rude. And I also like discos, or parties. I have many friends who I often go out with. We dance or just sit at a table and talk. We sometimes go for trips. Then my mum always worries. She still considers me a little girl. You know, this is my greatest problem these days. We quite often have a row over these matters.

*Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.*

Are you busy during the week?
Which is your busiest day and why?
How much free-time do you have on an ordinary day?
How do you spend it?
Have you got any hobbies?
Are you a fan of something?
Which do you prefer: films or music; reading or playing computer games?
How about your week-ends?
Is Monday morning a nightmare for you? Why?/Why not?
If you had the possibility, would you take up a job in showbiz?

book
literature
publish,-ed,-ed a book
writer
novelist
poet
dramatist

könyv
irodalom
kiad egy könyvet
író
regényíró
költő
drámaíró
science fiction
crime story
title
content
novel
short-story
is about sg
drama
comedy
tragedy
perform.-ed,-ed sg
performance
dictionary
look,-ed,-ed sg up in the dictionary
library
borrow,-ed,-ed a book
reading-room
listen,-ed,-ed to music
classical music
dance music
symphonic music
pop music
rock music
orchestra
pop group
record
LP /Long Play/
single
record-player
CD-player
discman
cassette-player
record,-ed,-ed sg
game
puzzle
chess
play,-ed,-ed chess
cards
play cards
video recorder
video camera
take a photograph
black and white film
tud. fant. irodalom
krimi
cím
tartalom
regény
novella
szól vmirol
dráma
vígjáték
szomorújáték
előad vmit
előadás
szótár
kikeres vmit a szótáróból
könyvtár
kikölsönöz könyvet
olvasóterem
zenét hallgat
klasszikus zene
tánczene
szimfónikus zene
popzene
rockzene
zenekar
popzenekar
hanglemez
nagylemez
kislemez
lemezjátszó
CDlejátszó
hordozható CDlejátszó
kazettás magnó
felvesz vmit
játék
kirakós
sakk
sakkozik
kártya
kártyázik
videómagnó
videókamera
fényképet készít
fekete-fehér film
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<td>describe,-d,-d sg</td>
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</table>
Grammar Review - Practise the Conditional - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. What'll you do if she ... you any more money?
   a. stop to give  c. stops giving
   b. stopped to give d. ’d stop giving
2. If Mark were you, he ... this crazy boss.
   a. wouldn't obey  c. won't obey
   b. doesn't obey  d. didn't obey

3. I'd have believed him if he ... me quite a few times before.
   a. didn't cheat  c. wouldn't have cheated
   b. hadn't cheated  d. hasn't cheated

4. If Robert knew the secret, he ... it everyone.
   a. would tell  c. 'll tell
   b. 'd have told  d. tells

5. I don't think I ... if Julia is also there.
   a. take part  c. 'd take part
   b. 'll take part  d. took part

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

Bruce, who is over 18, is talking about his favourite free-time activities.

I've got a lot of free-time - much more than I expected. You know, I'm between jobs at the moment. I finished my secondary school education and didn't go on to study. To be honest, I was not accepted at a university. I'm taking a course in computers and languages, and sometimes help out my father in his business. I meet one or two friends almost every day. We go to pubs or bars, and concerts as well - rock concerts, of course. I never go to restaurants or cafés. I simply can't afford them. My girlfriend and I often go to play billiards. We go to parties, visit friends or just stay at home. However, somehow I can't get on with my parents as well as before. Something has changed between us. When I can't find company, I lock myself up in my room and read - spy stories and science fiction, and modern literature, too. I never liked reading but now it's one of my favourite passtimes. I always read the dailies and occasionally buy some periodicals. I'm interested in politics and economics. I don't have any favourite hobby but I'm an enthusiast.
photographer. I like making slides and watching them with friends. It's always great fun.

**Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.**

Do you prefer indoor or outdoor activities?
Could you give the short outline of the book you are reading now?
How often do you buy papers and magazines?
Are you a subscriber to a paper?
Does music mean anything to you?
Have you ever thought of starting a hobby nobody has ever done that before?
Do you think doing regular exercises is a kind of entertainment?
What do you have in mind when you hear the word: recreation?
Do you read the reviews of the film before watching it at the cinema?
What skills do you think you need to build model planes and ships?

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<td>hangszóró</td>
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broadcast,-ed,-ed
series
serial
picture distortion
sound fault
announcer
correspondent
radio play
first night performance
world premiere
cloakroom
advance booking
usherette
auditorium
circle
scenery
cast
leading actor
leading part
act,-ed,-ed
piece
act
scene
interval
a two-act play
applaud,-ed,-ed
main role
minor role
dress rehearsal
interior
exterior
the lights go out
the curtain rises
boo,-d,-d
stage fright
lime light
property
costume designer
set designer
prompter
stagehand
big hit
have a good ear for music
sugároz
sorozat /minden rész új történet/
sorozat /folytatásos/
képhiba
hanghiba
bemondó
tudósító
hangjáték
premier előadás
ősbemutató
ruhatár
elővétel
jegyszedő néni
nézőtér
erkény
díszlet
szereplők
vezető színész
főszerep
játszik, szerepel
darab
felvonás
jelenet
szünet
kétfelvonásos darab
tapsol
főszerep
mellékszerep
jelmezes főpróba
belső
külső
kialszanak a fények
felmegy a függöny
kifütyül, pfújol
lámpaláz
rivaldafény
kellék
jelmeztervező
díszlettervező
súgó
díszlettologató
nagy siker
jó hallása van
Grammar Review - Practise the Conditional - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. There wouldn't be any trouble if you ... to our business.
   a. don't interfere
   b. wouldn't interfere
   c. didn't interfere
   d. won't interfere

2. Would you have helped her if she ... ?
   a. had needed
   b. needed
   c. 'd have needed
   d. has needed

3. Had I applied for it ... it.
   a. I'll have got
   b. I had got
   c. I'd have got
   d. I got

4. She wouldn't have changed her mind if she ... .
   a. were you
   b. would be you
   c. is you.
   d. had been you.

5. If you hadn't overworked yourself, now you ... so tired.
   a. won't be
   b. wouldn't have been
   c. wouldn't be
   d. weren't

Translate these sentences into English.

1. Ha kevesebbet ettél volna, most nem fájna a hasad. 2. Mit tettél volna, ha mégsem járn el? 3. Meg tudtam volna mondani, miért történt mindez, ha hagytak volna beszélni. 4. Megenném a főzeléket, ha hús is lenne benne. 5. Ha lesz időm, majd többet olvasok. 6. Ha nekem kellett volna ezt megbeszélnem, én sem
repestem volna a boldogságtól. 7. Ha nem lesz ott, mással lépünk kapcsolatba. 8. Mondanám, ha tudnám. 9. Ha megkérted volna, biztosan a segítségedre siet. 10. Milyen pályát választanál, ha volna rá lehetőséged?

Stage 3.

*The Difference about Sunday*

The Dutch are about to break a habit of 50 years. They have not had a Sunday paper since the outbreak of the second world war. That will change this month, when the simply but aptly titled "The paper on Sunday" goes on sale.

To succeed, the paper will have to overcome several obstacles. One is that the lack of a Sunday paper has meant that existing dailies have taken to publishing extra-thick Saturday editions, which take a weekend to wade through. This may leave little time for a newcomer on Sunday. Another problem is distribution. Few shops are open on Sundays, so the fledgling newspaper plans to rely on 1,500 other outlets: railway stations, petrol stations, hospital gift shops, even flower kiosks.

The paper has already found a way of getting around a ban by Dutch printing unions on working between Saturday and Sunday afternoon; it is to be printed in Belgium instead. The launching of the 40-page newspaper will also erode what has in effect been a ban on Sunday advertising. With ads still barred from state-controlled radio and television on Sundays, advertisers will now be able to turn to print instead.

**Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.**

Why do you think people read less and less? Has it got anything to do with the new types of media?
Why do you think new radio stations are so much music- and quiz-minded?
Do you think youngsters attend rock concerts just for the music?
When subscribing to a newspaper, which arguments do you give priority to which one to choose?
Why do you think so few non-artistic Hungarian films are produced these days?

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<td>bishop</td>
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Grammar Review - Practise the Conditional - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. If only ... . I only made it worse.
   a. I haven't done it
   b. I hadn't done it
   c. I didn't do it
   d. I don't do it

2. She said she ... me if I ... .
   a. 'd accompany; need
   b. 'll accompany; need to
   c. 'll accompany; needed
   d. 'd accompany, needed
3. Cavin asked Miriam ... with him to the cinema if he asked her to.
   a. that she would go        c. if she'd go
   b. whether she go           d. if she'll go

4. Tom said he wished he ... so many foolish things when he was young.
   a. hasn't done             c. hadn't done
   b. didn't do               d. wasn't doing

5. Had he refused my offer, I ... him again.
   a. 'd have never met       c. 'd never met
   b. 've never met           d. 'll never meet

Translate the following sentences into English.

Shopping for food and clothes

Stage 1.

Mary is 15. She lives with her mum and her two brothers. They are younger than she is.

I do the shopping for the family. My mum works until six and when she comes home she is too tired to do it. Anyway, I like doing it. At the beginning, I always had a shopping list with me but now I don't need it. I know what to buy, what we need - bread and rolls, milk, butter, bacon or ham, and some vegetables. Sometimes I buy some fruit yoghurts and sweets, too. I don't think we spend too much on food. I go shopping at a big supermarket where there are always special offers with special prices. Buying clothes is a bit harder. I usually do it with mum but our ideas about clothing are very often different. She's a bit conservative, you know. She never likes the latest fashions. She says it's tasteless or too sexy or simply ugly. We sometimes quarrel over these matters. Anyway, I like what the others like: jeans, T-shirts, boots. I like skirts, too, in the summer. I don't mind buying second-hand clothes. I think, our family spends quite little on clothes. We can't afford more.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Who does the shopping in your family?
How often do you do it, if ever?
If you shop, do you carry a shopping-list with you?
Do you like ordinary grocer's shops or big supermarkets?
What sort of household goods does your family need?
Is there a shop around your place with Sunday opening hours?
Where do you buy your clothes?
Do you ever do your shopping in a second-hand store?
Do you sometimes visit market places?
Do you have regular pocket money to spend on things?

supermarket

grocer's

grocer

self-service shop

baker

baker's

butcher

butcher's

élelmiszeráruház

kis élelmiszerbolt

fűszeres

önkiszolgáló bolt

pék

pékség

hentes

hentesbolt
greengrocer
greengrocer's
chemist
chemist's
tobacco shop
entrance
exit
basket
counter
freezer
join,-ed,-ed the queue
stand, stood, stood in the queue
fresh
daily shopping
shopping list
cash-desk
small change
banknote
change
do the shopping
go, went, gone shopping
buy, bought, bought sg
sell, sold, sold sg
pay, paid, paid
tube
packet
box
goods
customer
shopper
shop-assistant
businessman,-men
department store
department
furniture department
underwear department
shoe department
leather goods department
food department
toy department
boutique
shop-window
do window-shopping
zöldséges
zöldség-gyümölcs bolt
gyógyszerész
gyógyszertár
dohánybolt
bejárat
kijárat
kosár
pult
hűtőpult
beáll a sorba
sorban áll
friss
napi bevásárlás
bevásárlólista
pénztár
apró
papírpénz
visszajáró
vásárol
vásárolni megy
vesz vmit
elad vmit
fizet
tubus
tasak, zacskó
doboz
áru
vásárló
vásárló
eladó
üzletember,-ek
áruház
áruházi osztály
bútorosztály
féhérnemű osztály
cipőosztály
bőráru osztály
élelemiszerosztály
játékosztály
butik
kirakat
kirakatot nézeget
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necklace
ring
evening dress
bathing suit
swimming costume
track-suit
handkerchief
perfume
pattern
patterned
plain
checked
striped
flowery
fit,-ed,-ed
This pullover fits me.
suit,-ed,-ed
This hat suits you.
match,-ed,-ed
Your hat matches your coat.
go with
try,-ied,-ied sg on
fitting-room
tight
loose
follow,-ed,-ed the fashion
it's in fashion
needle
button
collar
pocket
belt
price-tag
wear, wore, worn
fülbevaló
nyaklánc
gyűrű
estélyi ruha
fürdőruha
fürdőruha
szabadidőruha
zsebkendő
parfüm
minta
mintás
egyszínű
kockás
csíkos
virágmintás
passzol /méretre/
Ezt a pulóvert rámöntötték.
illik, jól áll
Jól áll neked ez a kalap.
megy vmihez
Megy a kalapod a kabátodhoz.
megy vmihez
felpróbál vmit
próbafülke
szoros, fesztes
bő, laza
követi a divatot
divatos most
tű
gomb
gallér
zseb
öv
árécédula
hord, visel
Grammar Review - Practise the Indefinite Numerals and Pronouns - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. She didn't buy as ... cheese as we needed.
   a. much    c. many
   b. a lot   d. plenty

2. Do you have ... pen-friends?
   a. much    c. little
   b. many    d. a lot

3. Unfortunately, I've got only ... help from my friends.
   a. a little c. few
   b. plenty of d. a lot of

4. There were two of them. And ... of them were foreigners, I'm sure.
   a. all      c. every
   b. each     d. both

5. ... time do you want to spend with them?
   a. How many c. How much
   b. How      d. How often

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

Miriam is 22. She works as a travel agent. She lives on her own in a rented flat.

I don't spend too much time of my own on shopping. I stay in the office from 8.30 until 5.30 and I always find time to go out and get the necessary things. There's a grocer's round the corner, a nice old couple who always get the food I need: pastries, milk, yoghurt, household goods. They sometimes give a discount of 10 or 15 per cent because I am a regular customer there. I sometimes do a big shopping for a whole week on Saturdays, you know - vegetables, sugar, sausages, flour,
toiletries etc.. I never go to large discount stores. I simply don't like them. I prefer buying clothes to other kinds of shopping. I often do window shopping after work on my way home. I know which shops offer bargain goods or sales, or low prices because they are closing down. Still, I don't think I buy more clothes than the girls my age. I rather have my casual wear - suits, evening dresses - made. I also buy clothes through orders. You may not put too much trust into these matters but believe me, they're much cheaper. I can sew and knit but I can't make clothes myself. Or at least, I've never tried. Right now I'm going to buy a skirt with a matching blouse for special occasions. I think I'm getting a bit older.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Where can you do your shopping in your district?
Which time of the day do you usually do the shopping?
Do you have anyone to go with you?
How many items of goods do you think you can keep in head?
Have you ever bargained for anything?
Have you ever bought or sold anything of great value?
Have you ever visited a big shopping centre inland/abroad?
Do you always trust your taste when buying clothes?
Have you ever seen a live fashion show?
What's your opinion of inheriting clothes?

market  piac
markethall  vásárcsarnok
sweet-shop  édességbolt
consumer goods  fogyasztási cikkek
going door  csapóajtó
 trolley  bevásárlókocsi
it's his turn  sorra kerül
receipt  bolti számla
weigh,-ed,-ed sg  lemér vmit
weight  súly
stale  romlott, állott
get off  megromlik
perishable  romlandó
well-stocked  jól ellátott
shop-keeper  boltos
salesman/-woman  eladó
dairy products  tejtermékek
pastry  péksütemények
household goods  háztartási szerek
frozen goods
 tins
tinned fruits
toiletries
ready-to-cook goods
semi-prepared goods
market woman
purchase,-d,-d sg
charge,-d,-d sg for sg
How much do you charge for this?
jar
loaf, loaves
bar
faulty
article
cake filled with curd
assortment
bargain,-ed,-ed
serve,-d,-d
tradesman
men's/ladies' wear shop
it's on display
electrical appliances
men's wear department
ladies' wear department
hardware department
kitchen ware department
haberdashery department
china and glassware department
stationery department
goods in short supply
bargain goods
at a reduced price
store/warehouse
discount store
refund
buy sg on hire-purchase
instalment
ready-to-wear clothes
made-to-measure clothes
denim suit
sweater
waistcoat
fagyasztott ételek
konzervek
befőttek
piperecikkek
készételek
félékész ételek
kofa
vesz vmit, beszerez
felszámít vmennyit vmiért
Mennyiért adja ezt?
üveg
egész /kenyér például/
tábla, rúd
hibás
áru
túróssütemény
választék
alkuszik
kiszolgál
kereskedő
férfi/női szaküzlet
ki van állítva
műszaki osztály
férfiruha osztály
nőíruha osztály
vasáru osztály
konyhafelszerelés
rövidáru osztály
porcelán- és üvegosztály
papirosztály
hiányzó árucikk
leszállított áru áru
leszállított áron
raktár
diszkontáruház
visszatérítés
részletre vesz vmit
a fizetendő részlet
készruha, konfekció
méret utáni ruha
farmeröltöny
szvetter
mellény
fur coat
shawl
bow-tie
bra
slip
vest
singlet
panties
underpants
tights
stockings
high-heeled shoes
low-heeled shoes
measure,-d,-d sy
silk
linen
artificial leather
velvet
crease-resistant
colour-fast
easy to handle
washable
mass-fashion
extravagant
clearance sale
closing down sale
home delivery
bargain counter
shoplifter
bracelet
cuff-link
pendant
brooch
ribbon
lipstick
face cream
nail varnish
dotted
ignore,-d,-d the fashion
casual wear
thread
cut
neckline
bunda
kendő
csokornyakkendő
melltartó
kombiné, trikó
atlétatrikó
ujjatlan trikó
bugyi
alsónadrág
harisnyanadrág
harisnya
magassarkú cipő
lapossarkú cipő
megmér vkit
selyem
vászon
műbőr
bársony
gyűrödésmentes
színtartó
könnyen kezelhető
mosható
tömegdivat
kirívó
végkiárusítás
végkiárusítás
házhozzáállítás
turkáló rész
bolti szarka
karkötő
mandzsettagomb
függő
bross
szalag
ajakrúzs
arckrém
körömlakk
pettyes
nem érdekli a divat
alkalmi viselet
cérna
szabás
nyakkivágás
garment ruha, öltözet
buckle csat
sleeve ruhaju
a short-sleeved shirt rövidujjú ing
at a reasonable price elfogadható áron

Grammar Review - Practise the Indefinite Numerals and Pronouns - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. She's quite popular. She's got...
   a. several friend. c. a few friends.
   b. several friends. d. more friends.

2. Do you really need ... ?
   a. all c. every
   b. each of they d. all the book

3. She's got two dogs but ... is friendly.
   a. none of them c. neither of them
   b. both of them d. either of they

4. The ... story is unbelievable.
   a. all c. every
   b. whole d. full

5. Do you earn so ... ?
   a. few c. a little
   b. many d. little

Translate the following sentences into English.

Stage 3.

You'd think industrious mum C. Reeve-Tucker would have enough on her plate looking after her four children and co-running a country-house hotel with her accountant husband William. But when she spotted a gap in the market for quality, second-hand curtains, she knew it was too good an opportunity for her to miss.

Now she takes in all shapes and sizes of curtains and fabric accessories and sells them on behalf of her customers, taking 40 per cent commission.

"There are countless second-hand dress agencies," says Christine, 42, from Ross-on-Wye. "So why not second-hand curtains? During a recession people have very little spare cash around - the last thing they want to do is spend a fortune on new drapes."

Stock for The Curtain Agency comes from people moving house or redecorating, from show houses and from 'once-only' displays by interior designers from all over the country.

The price range is enormous, anything from £25 to £700 per pair. "There's something for everyone," says Christine. "We don't pretend to be the arbiters of good taste. In fact, we take anything that's good quality and in good condition."

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.

What per cent of their income do you think Hungarian families spend on food/clothes? Is it much or little comparing with other nations?
Have you ever purchased anything abroad? Is it worthwhile or not?
What sort of shop-assistant do you personally like?
Do you sometimes buy goods through ordering? What do you think of this sort of purchasing?
Have you ever bought anything on hire-purchase? What arrangements do you need to take to use this kind of service?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>crackers</th>
<th>sós rágnivalók</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>salty sticks</td>
<td>ropi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sugar bowl</td>
<td>cukortartó</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a lump of sugar</td>
<td>egy szem kockacukor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>frankfurter</td>
<td>virsli</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>salami</td>
<td>szalámi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>baking powder</td>
<td>sütőpor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>yeast</td>
<td>élesztő</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lard</td>
<td>zsír</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pet food</td>
<td>állateledel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kohlrabi</td>
<td>karalábé</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>brussels sprouts</td>
<td>kelbimbó</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
pumpkin | sütőtök
---|---
fig | füge
date | datolya
watchstrap | óraszíj
knee socks | térdzokni
turn-up | hajtóka
braces | nadrágtartó
fly | slicc
lingerie | női fehérnemű
suspender belt | harisnyatartó
hair-grip | hajcsat
curler | hajcsavaró
hair spray | hajlakk
hair dye | hajfesték
nail file | körömreszelő
eye-liner | szemceruza
eye shadow | szemhéjfesték
mascara | szempillafesték
ear-clips | klipsz
pearl necklace | gyöngysor
brace | fogszabályozó
contact lenses | kontaktlencse
hearing aid | nagyothalló készülék
arch supporter | lúdtaipbetét


Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. I visit her ... two weeks.
   a. each
   b. all
   c. every
   d. other

2. ... villages were devastated by mud slides.
   a. Whole
   b. Every
   c. All
   d. Each

3. ... boats were sunk.
   a. Every the
   b. Each
   c. Every
   d. Every one of the
4. ... five thousand people went on strike.
   a. Some                          c. Every
   b. All                           d. Each

5. I'll be able to do it ...
   a. in any way.                   c. somehow.
   b. any way.                     d. some how.

Translate the following sentences into English.

Services

Stage 1.

*Peter lives in a little village not far from a town. This is what he tells about the services there.*

It's not a big village. It's population is about 700 or so. There are two shops - quite small ones, but the choice of the goods is wide. You can get almost everything that you need in a village - of course, not of the best quality. That's why people sometimes go to the town to do their shopping. There are two pubs and a restaurant with hot meals for the villagers. We've got some other shops like a hairdresser's, a florist's, an ice-cream shop in the summer, a butcher's. We are proud of having our own doctor's surgery and chemist's. The church is almost five hundred years old and we've got a manor which houses the school and the kindergarten. Almost every house in the village has electricity, gas, water and drainage system and telephone. People from the town are beginning to move here because building sites are much cheaper. We've got a bus station with only inter-city buslines and a railway-station as well. Sports facilities are not the best but there is a football pitch and a bowling club in the village. Unfortunately, there is no cinema or clubs for young people so they have to go to the town if they want to entertain themselves.

*Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.*

Where do you live?
Is it a good place to live in?
What shops are there?
Do you get everything you need?
Are there any shops with long opening hours?
Is there a round-the-clock service of any kind?
What services do you think are of the top quality there?
What are the services you lack?
What is transportation like to the nearest town or city?
Are there any historical remains in your place?

hairdresser's  
have, had, had a haircut  
have a shampoo  
hair-style  
have a cut  
dry,-ied,-ied his hair  

fodrászüzlet  
hajat vágat  
hajat mos  
frizura  
hajat vágat  
hajat szárít
hair dryer
mechanic
repairman
screen
electric
shoemaker's
heel
dressmaker
pattern
turn,-ed,-ed up sg
painter
decorator
joiner
post-office
post
Here's your post.
main post-office
counter
post-office worker
letter
post,-ed,-ed
send, sent, sent
get, got, got
receive,-d,-d
letter-box
envelope
writing-paper
address
address,-ed,-ed
stamp
put on a stamp
sender
air-mail letter
postcard
picture postcard
telegram
form
save,-d,-d money
parcel
newspaper
magazine
telephone
telephone-box
hajszárító
szerelő
szerelő
képernyő
elektromos
cipészüzlet
cipősarok
szabó, varrónő
szabásminta
felhajt /ruhát/
szobafestő
szobafestő
asztalos
postahivatal
posta
Itt a postád.
főposta
ablak
postai alkalmazott
levél
felad
elküld
kap
kap
házi postaláda
boríték
levélpapír
cím
megcímz
bélyeg
bélyeggel ellát
feladó
légi postai levél
levélezőlap
képes levelezőlap
távirat
ürlap
pénzt megspórol
csomag
újság
folyóirat
telefon
telefonfülke
coin
telephone-card
receiver
dial,-led,-led
slot
telephone-book
long-distance call
pick,-ed,-ed the receiver
hang, hung, hung up the receiver
hold, hel, held the line
The line is engaged.
put, put, put sy through
local call
code number
ring, rang, rung sy up
connect,-ed,-ed sy
He's on the phone.
erme
telefonkártya
kagyló
tárcsáz
nyílás
telefonkönyv
távolsági beszélgetés
felveszi a kagylót
leteszi a kagylót
tartja a vonalat
A vonal foglalt.
kapcsol vkit
helyi hívás
körzet szám
felhív vkit
kapcsol vkit
Van telefonja.

Grammar Review - Practise the Causative - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Now, what do you ... me to do?
   a. make
   b. want
   c. let
   d. have

2. I ... you to get hurt.
   a. won't let
   b. won't get
   c. won't make
   d. wouldn't like

3. Who ... you do that?
   a. made
   b. got
   c. did make
   d. wanted

4. Mum ... me to take my umbrella with me.
   a. let
   b. made
   c. persuaded
   d. would have like

5. What do you think ... the grass grow?
   a. forces
   b. persuades
   c. makes
   d. what does make
Translate the following sentences.


Stage 2.

Valleycourt is the name of a residential area in our city. It is situated in a green area, not far from the centre.

It's almost like a town in a city. It offers all the necessities people need: nursery and elementary schools, supermarkets, restaurants, cinemas and bars, and lots of small shops, of course. However, you sometimes have the feeling that they offer you the same goods - the same clothes, the same food, even the same toiletries. It seems a bit standardized. There's also a service-centre with shops like beautician's, dry-cleaner's, optician's, hairdresser's etc. There's a local bus station and two taxi-ranks. If you want to eat out you can choose between pizza bars, fast food restaurants and old, traditional restaurants. There are parks and quite a lot of greenery for recreation, a pond with rowing facilities, and some playgrounds for the youngsters. There's a local clinic with different sorts of surgeries and also a public hospital. We've got a sports-hall, an in-door swimming-pool and quite a good network of bicycle roads. There are no special sights or museums for tourists, but if you want a gentle pace of life for a week or two, a bed and breakfast place or a room in one of the numerous family-run hotels should be your choice. It's not by chance that most of the inhabitance here are people over sixty looking for peace and privacy for the rest of their lives.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

What are the main characteristic features of the district you live in?
Do you know where it got its name from?
Is it a special district of any kind?
Are you satisfied with the services in your place?
What are the services that you make use of the most?
Where do you take your car if it breaks down?
Who do you turn to if you want to get your flat redecorated?
Are the streets in your district decorated somehow?
What about shopping facilities?
Which service would you develop more if you could?
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Hungarian</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>barber's</td>
<td>borbélyüzlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hair care</td>
<td>hajápolás</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hair curler</td>
<td>hajcsavaró</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hairgrip</td>
<td>hajcsat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dye,-d,-d the hair</td>
<td>befesti a hajat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>plumber</td>
<td>víz-gázszerelő</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>drip,-ped,-ped</td>
<td>csöpõg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>leak,-ed,-ed</td>
<td>szivárog</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>filler</td>
<td>tömítés</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>precision mechanic</td>
<td>finommûszerész</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tv-tube</td>
<td>tv-képcsõ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>electrician</td>
<td>villanyszerelõ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>current</td>
<td>áram</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>install electricity</td>
<td>áramot bevezet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bulb</td>
<td>villanykörte</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>change,-d,-d the bulb</td>
<td>kicseréli a körtét</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fuse</td>
<td>biztosíték</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The bulb/fuse has gone.</td>
<td>Kiégett a körte/biztosíték.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sole</td>
<td>cipõtalp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sole,-d,-d</td>
<td>megtalpal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>measurement</td>
<td>mérték, méret</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>make alterations</td>
<td>átalakítást végez</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>take, took, taken in</td>
<td>bevesz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>let, let, let out</td>
<td>kienged</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>let down</td>
<td>leenged, felhajt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>locksmith</td>
<td>lakatos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>key cutter</td>
<td>kulcsmásoló</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>glazier</td>
<td>üveges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tiler</td>
<td>tetõfedõ, cserepes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dry-cleaner's</td>
<td>vegytisztító szalon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>laundry</td>
<td>mosoda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hire service</td>
<td>kölcsönzõ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>charge for hiring</td>
<td>kölcsönzési díj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>saw,-ed, sawn</td>
<td>für részel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pillar-box</td>
<td>utcai levelesláda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>drop,-ed,-ed the letter into the pillar-box</td>
<td>bedobja a levelet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>postal code</td>
<td>irányítószám</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>addressee</td>
<td>címzett</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>registered letter</td>
<td>ajánlott levél</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>letter with express delivery</td>
<td>expressz levél</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>congratulatory telegram</td>
<td>disz távirat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>money order</td>
<td>pénzesutalvány</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>savings book</td>
<td>takarékbetétkönyv</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
services

account  bankszámla
put money on his account  pénzt betesz a számlára
draw, drew, drawn money  pénzt kivesz
transfer,-red,-red  átutal
periodical  időszakos,kiadvány
subscribe,-d,-d to a paper  újságra előfizet
subscription  előfizetés
cancel,-led,-led a paper  újságot lemond
directory  telefonkönyv
dial tone  tárcsahang
insert,-ed,-ed a coin in the slot  bedob egy érmét
give, gave, given sy a ring  felhív vkit

Grammar Review - Practise the Causative - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. 'Did you polish your shoes yourself?' No, I ... them polished.
   a. made
   b. let
   c. had
   d. did

2. My boss always ... his suits made ... a tailor.
   a. has; with
   b. has; by
   c. makes; by
   d. have; by

3. His long letter ...
   a. had me to think.
   b. got me to think.
   c. made me think.
   d. forced me think.

4. Jack likes ...
   a. flying a kite.
   b. to make a kite fly.
   c. getting a kite fly.
   d. making a kite fly.

5. My father has to ... his lawnmower fixed.
   a. have
   b. gets
   c. make
   d. let

Translate the following sentences into English.


**Stage 3.**

*Wanna bet?*

Britain joins Europe's exchange-rate mechanism, right? So sterling is fixed against other Eurocurrencies, OK? But German interest rates are five points lower than British ones, agreed? So do yourself a favour, take out a D-mark mortgage and laugh all the way to the swimming-pool. Simple, *nicht*?

It is indeed, and the press was full of such advertisements last weekend. Foreign-currency mortgages are nothing new. Led by a firm called J. Charcol, brokers have been offering them vigorously as British interest rates soared. Since May, Barclays bank has joined in. The sophisticates who took the bait knew the risk: lower interest payments, but a real risk that a long-term fall in sterling would wipe out all the advantages and more. Fair enough, so long as the only acceptable customers were people earning at least £30,000 and even then could borrow only about 60% of the value of the property they were mortgaging. But this was not a risk for Joe Bloggs to flirt with. It still isn't.

On the face of it, the exchange-rate mechanism fixes sterling's Euro-value and thus offers borrowers a one-way bet: lower interest costs but no risk of higher capital repayments at the end of the day.

**Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.**

Do you sometimes make use of services like child care, home delivery, pizza delivery etc?
Which are the services to be improved in your district?
What do you think the reason is that the price of postal services is constantly rising?
Which are the services that offer high wages to the workers employed there?
What do you think of an agent's job? Would you like to do that?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>post office box</th>
<th>postafiók</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>postmark</td>
<td>pecsét</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>postal order</td>
<td>pénzesutalvány</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>string</td>
<td>madzag, zsineg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tape</td>
<td>ragasztószalag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>packet</td>
<td>kisebb csomag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fire-brigade</td>
<td>tüzoltóság</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fireman</td>
<td>tüzoltó</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
flames       lángok
stretcher    hordágy
fire engine  tűzoltóautó
tuexstinguisher  tűzoltó készülék
blacksmith  kovács
turner      esztergályos
rasp/file   reszelő

Grammar review - Practise the Causative - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Will you ... about the results?
   a. make me know
   b. let me know
   c. make me to know
   d. let me to know

2. I could hardly ...
   a. made myself understood.
   b. make myself understood.
   c. get me understand.
   d. get myself understood.

3. Mr Wealthy ... his daughter ...
   a. had; kidnap.
   b. got; kidnap.
   c. had; kidnapped.
   d. made; kidnap.

4. Why are you ... the lawn ... in this hotspell for the third time?
   a. making; mowed
   b. getting; mow
   c. having; mow
   d. having; mowed

5. ... it typed?
   a. Had you
   b. Have you have
   c. Did you had
   d. Did you have

Translate the following sentences into English.

Eating in and out

Stage 1.

_Ginger, who is 14, is talking about her eating habits._

On an ordinary day I have three or four meals. Breakfast is the first. Actually, I'd call it eleventhes as I have it at school. It's a sandwich or some sort of pastries. I can't stand big breakfasts with the family all around. Besides, I can't eat anything before ten or eleven o'clock. I have lunch in the school canteen between one and two. It's all right. It's not very much but it tastes good. In the afternoon I eat an apple or a banana, but very often chocolate. I'm fond of chocolate. I have dinner together with my family. It's sometimes cold, but my mum quite often cooks: vegetable sauce, fish and chips, or chicken. I am a little overweight but I don't mind. You know, I wouldn't like to be as skinny as some girls in the class. Sunday is different, of course. On Sundays I have breakfast or maybe brunch, it depends. We have a late lunch and we sometimes go out for dinner, but not very often because prices at restaurants are very high. I can't cook myself, but I'm interested. I sometimes assist my mum with cooking. At the weekends it's me who does the washing up and cleans up in the kitchen. I find kitchen work creative. My friends don't.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

How many meals do you have a day?
What do you usually eat before noon?
Where do you eat lunch?
How much does it cost?
Do you eat a two-course lunch or a three-course one?
Which vegetables and fruits do you like?
Do you have afternoon tea?
Do you barbecue sometimes?
What does your dinner consist of?
Have you ever started a slimming diet?

| meal      | étkezés, étel   |
| breakfast | reggeli        |
| eleventhes| tizórai        |
| snack     | kisebb, könnyű étkezés |
| lunch     | ebéd           |
| afternoon tea | uzsonna |
| dinner    | vacsora        |
food · élelmiszer
dish · ételféleség
course · fogás
first course · első fogás
desserts/sweets · desszert
eat, ate, eaten · eszik
have, had, had breakfast · reggelizik
appetite · étvágy
lay, laid, laid the table · megteríti az asztalt
clear,-ed,-ed the table · leszedi az asztalt
plate · tányér
cup · csésze
glass · pohár
dish · édesítőkész
knife, knives · kés, kések
fork · villa
spoon · kanál
serviette · szalvéta
prepare,-d,-d sg · elkészít vmit
cook,-ed,-ed sg · főz vmit
fry,-ied,-ied sg · süt vmit
roast,-ed,-ed sg · süt vmit /inkább sütőben/
toast,-ed,-ed sg · pirít vmit
bake,-d,-d sg · süt /sütémény/
cut, cut, cut sg · vág, szeletel vmit
spice · fűszer
salt · só
salt,-ed,-ed sg · megsóz vmit
sugar · cukor
rice · rizs
fat · zsír
oil · olaj
butter · vaj
milk · tej
cheese · sajt
cream · tejszín
egg · tojás
sausage · kolbász
ham · sonka
bacon · szalonna
cereals · müzli
meat · hús
fish
jam
honey
bread
roll
cold cut
cake
fruit
vegetables
vegetable sauce
apple
cherry
apricot
peach
strawberry
grapes
nut
lemon
banana
orange
mandarin
potato
pea
bean
onion
garlic
cucumber
lettuce
cabbage
carrot
radish
tomato
red pepper
pepper
paprika
mustard
vitamin
hot
hard
rare
medium
well-done
fatty

hal
lekvár
méz
kenyér
zesmelye
felvágott
sütemény
gyümölcs
zöldség
főzelék
alma
cseresznye
sárgabarack
őszibarack
eper
szőlő
dió
citrom
banán
narancs
mandarin
krumpli
borsó
bab
vöröshagyma
fokhagyma
uborka
fejes saláta
fejes káposzta
sárgarépa
retek
paradicsom
paprika
bors
paprika /pot/
mustár
vitamin
erős, csípős
kemény
enyhén átsütve
közepesen átsütve
jól átsütve
zsíros
restaurant
apub
self-service restaurant
fast-food restaurant
café
service
serve,-d,-d sy
waiter
waitress
order,-ed,-ed sg
choose, chose, chosen sg
cook
chef
menu
list of the drinks
rest
drink
coffee
tea
cocoa
soft drink
coke
lemonade
mineral water
red wine
white wine
champagne
delicious
turkey
goose
beef
pork
garnish
soft-boiled egg
hard-boiled egg
buttered toast
mashed potatoes
pancake
recipe
cookery book
etterem
sörőző
önkiszolgáló étterem
gyorsétterem
kávéház
kiszolgálás
kiszolgál vkit
pincér
pincérnő
rendel vmit
kiválaszt vmit
szakács
főszakács
étlap
itallap
maradék
ital
kávé
tea
kakaó
üdítőital
kóla
limonádé
ásványvíz
vörösbor
fehérbor
pezsgő
isten, nagyon finom
pulyka
liba
marhahús
disznohús
köret
lágynojás
keménytojás
vajaspirítos
krumplipüre
palacsinta
recept
szakácskönyv
Grammar Review - Practise the Comparisons of Adjectives - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. a. Is Sue slimmer as Janet?
   b. Is Sue slimmer than she?
   c. Is Sue slimmer then her?
   d. Is Sue slimmer than she is?

2. a. I'm not as old than she is.
   b. I'm not so old as she.
   c. I'm not as old as her.
   d. I'm not so old than she is.

3. Do you think you are ...?
   a. the most tired
   b. the tiredest
   c. the tireder?
   d. most tired

4. a. Rob is a best friend of me.
   b. Rob is one of my best friend.
   c. Rob is the best friend of my.
   d. Rob is the best friend of mine.

5. a. There is less customers in the shop as I expected.
   b. There are fewer customers in the shop than I expected.
   c. There are less customer in the shop then I expected.
   d. There is fewer customers in the shop than I expected.

Translate the following sentences into English.

Stage 2.

Clara is 17, and during the school year she stays at a youth-hostel.

At first, it was rather strange. I had to arrange my breakfast and dinner myself, with no mum around. Lunch was the only meal which was provided by the school. For breakfast and dinner I always have to go out shopping. Fortunately, there's a little grocer's nearby which offers all the things you need. You can get pastries, dairy products, sweets, everything there. I try to cut down on food, but it's not very easy. I sometimes don't eat dinner but after a while I simply can't manage without it. I like eating, unfortunately. We sometimes eat out at a McDonald's or a pizza bar - mostly chips and burgers. Once in a while we have dinner in a traditional restaurant, but it's too expensive for us. We also have cooking facilities in the hostel. Although I am not keen on cooking, I sometimes prepare something for me and my friend. Something simple, you know: fried pork, salads, semi-prepared food. But I share the opinion that cooking is just a waste of time - too much fuss for nothing.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Which is your favourite meal during the day and why?
What are the main differences between the dishes served in a canteen and at home?
Does eating mean much to you?
Can you cook? How easy/hard is it to learn cooking?
Where do you usually get the ingredients for a meal from?
Do you ever read 'Advice for Cooking' section in women's magazines?
When you eat out, what sort of places do you like?
Which is your preference: price, taste, atmosphere, politeness of the staff?
Have you ever eaten any exotic food?
Have you ever dined out in an extremely elegant restaurant?

brunch  reggeli - ebéd együtt
supper   vacsora
feed, fed, fed sy etet, táplál vkit
nutrition táplálék
tablecloth asztalterítő
place teríték
pot fazék
pan serpenyő, lábos
bowl tál
saltcellar sótartó
ingredient hozzávaló
ad.,-ded.,-ded sg hozzáad vmit
stew,-ed,-ed sg
peel,-ed,-ed sg
sprinkle,-d,-d
grate,-d,-d
ccoat,-ed,-ed sg
frozen food
season,-ed,-ed sg
chop,-ped,-ped sg
stir,-red,-red
flour
wheat-meal
bread crumbs
whipped cream
sour cream
curd
liver
croissant
pear
plum
sour cherry
currant
raspberry
gooseberry
hazel-nut
savoy cabbage
cauliflower
marrow
beet
spinach
sorrel
horse-radish
asparagus
parsley
dill
marjoram
caraway
clove
bay leaf
cinnamon
vinegar
yeast
smoked
tough
párol vmit
hámoz vmit
meghint, megszór
reszel
paníroz vmit
fagyasztott élelmiszer
fűszerez vmit
megaprit vmit
megkever
liszt
búzadara
zsemlyemorzsa
tejszínhab
tejföl
túró
máj
kifli
körte
szilva
meggy
ribizli
málna
egres
mogyoró
kelláposzta
karfiol
tök
cékla
spenót
sóska
torma
spárga
petrezselyem
kapor
majoranna
kömény
szegfűszeg
babérlevél
fahéj
ecet
élesztő
füstült
kemény, rágós
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Hungarian</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>raw</td>
<td>nyers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tender</td>
<td>puha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lean</td>
<td>sovány, nem zsíros</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inn</td>
<td>vendégfogadó</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>confectioner's</td>
<td>cukrászda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>headwaiter</td>
<td>főpincér</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>regular customer</td>
<td>törzsvendég</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tip</td>
<td>borralvő</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nonalcoholic drink</td>
<td>alkoholmentes ital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dry wine</td>
<td>száraz bor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sweet wine</td>
<td>édes bor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>semi-sweet wine</td>
<td>félédes bor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hard drink</td>
<td>rövidital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>stuffed with sg</td>
<td>töltev vmivel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sponge cake</td>
<td>piskótatészta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>veal</td>
<td>borjúhús</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lamb</td>
<td>bárányhús</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>game</td>
<td>vadhús</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>poultry</td>
<td>szárnyas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scrambled eggs</td>
<td>rántotta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fried eggs</td>
<td>tükörtojás</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>noodles</td>
<td>kifőtt tészta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strudel</td>
<td>rétes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dumpling</td>
<td>gomboc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>stewed pork</td>
<td>sertéspörkölt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>soup</td>
<td>leves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pea-soup</td>
<td>borsóleves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>stuffed cabbage</td>
<td>tölött káposzta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fried duck liver</td>
<td>sült kacsamaj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>roast fish</td>
<td>roston sült hal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toothpick</td>
<td>fogpiszkáló</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>herb</td>
<td>gyógy gyöngvény</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dressing</td>
<td>öntet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Grammar Review - Practise the Comparisons of Adjectives - Intermediate.**

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. She is ... than her elder brother.
   a. much intelligent
   b. more intelligenter
   c. intelligenter
   d. much more intelligent
2. ... you spend on food, ... you can save up for other things.
   a. The least; the more
c. The less; the more
   b. The little; the most
d. The less; the most

3. a. Is he a best friend of yours?
b. Is he one of your best friend?
c. Is he the best friend of you?
d. Is he one of your best friends?

4. I don't need any ... details. That's just enough what I have.
a. further
c. farer
   b. farther
d. farthest

5. Jack is 202 cms. He is ... in the class.
a. the most tallest boy
c. by far the tallest boy
   b. much more the tallest boy
d. the very taller boy

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

Going out for a meal rates highly in the pleasure stakes among both men and women, and individual components of a meal can do you good in themselves. For instance, three after-dinner mints are said to improve clear-headedness by around 30 per cent. A couple of glasses of wine reduce tension and, perhaps surprisingly, make you feel more in control.

Further research into the psychological and sensory components of the whole 'going-out-for-a-meal' experience shows that, like other enjoyable activities, it boosts the immune system activity. What's more, the effect lasts for several days. So if you want to inoculate yourself against flu, enjoying a string of fun experiences, such as a day at the fairground, might be as effective as taking vitamin C.

This is all well and good, but the food police may well be undoing all the benefits we get from going out to eat. That's because thinking about the food is an integral part of the experience, and if the retrospective view is marred by feelings
of guilt, your levels of stress hormones shoot up and you lose all the physiological benefits.

**Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.**

Describe the process of preparing your favourite meal.
What do you think motivates people to become vegetarians?
Does the so-called 'spectacle-kitchen' attract or startle you?
If you opened a restaurant, which sort would you open? Give your reasons.
Why do you think the best cooks in the world are men?

cornflakes  kukoricapehely
straw        szívószál
oyster       osztriga
trout        pisztráng
carp         ponty
salmon       lazac
eel          angolna
cuttlefish   tintahal
tuna-fish    tonhal
beer-mug     söröskorsó
cork         dugó
corkscrew    dugóhúzó
baking dish  tepsi
chopping board  vágódeszka
mincer        húsdaráló
egg-whisk     habverő
sieve         szita
grater        reszelő
cup        tülsér
funnel       tűzálló edény
ovenware    instantétel
instant food  konyhaművészet
cuisine     gerezd
clove        szafa
gravy        aszalt
pruned       mazsola
raisin       mandula
almond       fánk
doughnut     csapos
bartender    menü
meal of the day
Grammar Review - Practise the Comparisons of Adjectives - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. If you always feel ... others, you'll never get to the top.
   a. inferior with  
   b. inferior to  
   c. more infer with  
   d. more inferior to

2. He is a ... person than his father was.
   a. best-known  
   b. well-known  
   c. lesser-known  
   d. better-know

3. ... she is, ... he is.
   a. The nicer; the happy  
   b. The nice; the happier  
   c. The nicer; the happyer  
   d. The nicer, the happier

4. Although you are getting old, you aren't ... you used to be.
   a. carefuller than  
   b. more careful then  
   c. more careful than  
   d. more careful as

5. The ... is yet to come.
   a. worse  
   b. wronger  
   c. badder  
   d. worst

Translate the following sentences into English.

1. Ha rosszabbul sikerült volna megcsinálnom, nagyon szégyelltem volna magam.
Health - At the doctor's

Stage 1.

Rose, a 14-year-old school-girl, got ill two weeks ago. This is how she describes her illness.

When I got up on Monday morning, I had a terrible headache. I rarely have a headache, so it was strange. And I also felt weak and dizzy. I could hardly put on my clothes. I told my mum and she took my temperature. It was 37.8°C. She ordered me to go back to bed immediately. She gave me some pill for the fever and a pain-killer for the headache, but they didn't help very much. Around noon she took my temperature again and it was even higher. So she called our doctor to come and see me. The doctor examined me thoroughly and diagnosed a common cold. She prescribed some medicine and told me to stay in bed for a few days. She told mum not to worry too much because it wasn't too serious. So I didn't go to school for a few days and took different medicines. Four days went by and the doctor checked me. I was OK. Funnily enough, I was happy to go to school again. I missed my mates a lot, and my teachers, too. It is funny, isn't it?

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Are you often ill or are you a healthy type?
How many days do you miss from school/work because of illness?
Who is your district doctor?
Where is his/her surgery and when are the office hours?
Can you find a chemist's next to your home?
Have you ever broken a bone?
Have you ever undergone an operation?
Have you ever thought of becoming a doctor?
Is there a doctor among your relatives?
Do you think you live a healthy way of life?

body
part of the body
test
testrész
head
fej
neck
nyak
eyes
szem
nose
orr
mouth
szág
forehead
homlok
tongue
ears
chin
lips
back
chest
stomach
arm
upper arm
lower arm
elbow
hand
finger
nail
palm
leg
knee
ankle
foot, feet
toe
heel
brain
heart
lungs
liver
skin
ambulance
first aid
burn
blood
bleed, bled, bled
doctor on duty
surgery room
consulting hours
examine,-d,-d sy
listen,-ed,-ed to the heart
ill
He feels sick.
patient
GP - General Practitioner
district doctor
dentist
X-ray

nyelv
fül
áll
ajak
hát
mellkas
gyomor
kar
felkar
alkar
könyök
kéz
ujj /rézen/
köröm
tenyér
láb
térd
boka
lábfej
lábujj
sarok
agy
szív
tüdő
máj
bőr
mentőautó
elsősegély
égési seb
vér
vézík
ügyeletes orvos
rendelő
rendelési idő
megvizsgál vkit
meghallgatja a szivet
beteg
Rosszul érzi magát.
beteg, páciens
háziorvos
háziorvos
fogorvos
röntgen
X-ray, -ed, -ed sy
laboratory - lab
bloodtest
assistant
sister
nurse
hospital
department
operation
operate, -d, -d sy
undergo an operation
visiting hours
sanatorium
spa
symptom
illness
disease
cold
catch, caught, caught a cold
flu
get ill
die, -d, -d of sg
cancer
measles
ache
headache
pain
I have a pain in my back.
painkiller
hurt, hurt, hurt sg
cough, -ed, -ed
sneeze, -d, -d
common cold
temperature
fever
My nose is running.
take the temperature
sun-stroke
mumps
poor eyesight
blind
deaf
feel, felt, felt dizzy

megröntgenez vkit
laboratórium
vérvizsgálat
asszisztens
nővér
ápolónő
kórház
kórházi osztály
műtét
megoperál vkit
aláveti magát műtétnek
látogatási idő
szanatórium
gyógyfürdő
tünet
betegség
betegség /a neve/
meghűlés
megfázik, meghűl
influenza
megbetegszik
meghal vmiben
rák
kanyará
fájdalom
fejfájás
fájdalom
Fáj a hátam.
fájdalomcsillapító
beüt, megsért vmit
köhög
tüsszőg
nátha
láz
láz
Náthás vagyok.
lázat mér
napszúrás
mumpsz
gyenge látás
vak
süket
szédül
unconscious  eszméletlen
blood pressure  vérnyomás
pulse  pulzus
feel the pulse  megnézi a pulzusát
breath  légzés
breathe,-d,-d  lélegzik
prescribe,-d,-d a medicine  orvosságot felír
prescription  recept
recover,-ed,-ed  felépül, meggyógyul
chemist's  gyógyszertár
tablet  tabletta
pill  pirula
take medicine  orvosságot bevesz/szed
healthy  egészséges
unhealthy  egészségtelen
seriously ill  súlyos beteg
break, broke, broken  eltör

Grammar Review - Practise the Relative Pronouns - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. My Mum, ... is in good health, had her 60th birthday last Saturday.
   a. -  
   b. which  
   c. who  
   d. that

2. I don't know ... to say.
   a. what  
   b. which  
   c. -  
   d. that

3. The film Titanic, ... won several Oscars, wasn't as good as that.
   a. that  
   b. whom  
   c. who  
   d. which

4. Is it the fur coat ... you are talking about?
   a. -  
   b. whose  
   c. what  
   d. who

5. She behaved in a silly way, ... was very stupid of her.
   a. what  
   b. that  
   c. which  
   d. -
Translate the following sentences into English.

1. Ő az a srác, akivel jöttél? 2. Ez nem az a férfi, akit tegnap láttunk. 3 Mondd már el, amit akarsz. 4. A hotel, amelyben megszálltunk, a tengerparton fekszik. 5. Ez az a kalap, amit tegnap viseltem. 6. A mamám az, aki mindig segít rajtam, ha bajba kerülök. 7. Greg, akinek a háza leégett, nem sok segítséget kapott a rokonaitól. 8. Azok a vendégek, akik később érkeztek, már csak üres asztalt találtak. 9. Ez nem az a ház, amit elképzeltem magamnak. 10. A szék, amelynek kitörött a lába, már vagy százéves.

Stage 2.

Freddy, a 17-year-old school-boy, is talking about an accident he was involved in not long ago.

It was shocking, really. I'd never thought of getting involved in a situation like this. We were driving on a major road when a red Ford crashed into our car from the right. It turned out from a minor road and didn't give us the right of way. Fortunately, our speed wasn't too high so we didn't turn upside down or go into the ditch. Still, everyone got hurt. My mum, who was sitting in the front right seat, was unconscious for a few seconds. My sister in the back seat hit her head and chest and her forehead was bleeding heavily. I had a terrible pain in my shoulder as the car crashed into the back door where I was sitting. Also my legs were aching, I couldn't stand up for a while. My dad had some problems with his legs, too. Fortunately, somebody called the ambulance and we were taken to hospital. It took a few days for us to recover totally and get home. I had no sooner left the hospital when I developed a bad appendicitis. It was sudden and dangerous so I went back to hospital. After a number of examinations I had to undergo an operation. It took another week before I was able to leave this place again.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Have you ever had a bad accident?
Have you ever been treated in hospital?
Have you ever been unconscious?
Do you sometimes have aches like a headache or an earache?
Have you ever given/got first-aid?
Have you ever learnt how to give first-aid?
How does your body react to drastic weather changes?
Do you have any bad habits concerning your health you'd like to give up?
What about slimming diets?
Do you think remedies for cancer or aids will be discovered by the turning point of the millennium?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Hungarian</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>skull</td>
<td>koponya</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cheeks</td>
<td>orca</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cheekbones</td>
<td>arccsont</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>temple</td>
<td>halánték</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eyelid</td>
<td>szemhéj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>back of the head</td>
<td>tarkó</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>spine</td>
<td>gerinc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>backbone</td>
<td>gerinc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trunk</td>
<td>törzs</td>
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<tr>
<td>waist</td>
<td>derék</td>
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<tr>
<td>breast</td>
<td>mell</td>
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<td>bosom</td>
<td>kebel</td>
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<tr>
<td>limb</td>
<td>végtag</td>
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<tr>
<td>wrist</td>
<td>csukló</td>
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<tr>
<td>thumb</td>
<td>hüvelykujj</td>
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<tr>
<td>forefinger</td>
<td>mutatóujj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>middle-finger</td>
<td>középső ujj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ring-finger</td>
<td>gyűrűsujj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>little finger</td>
<td>kisujj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bottom</td>
<td>fenék</td>
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<tr>
<td>lap</td>
<td>öl</td>
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<tr>
<td>hip</td>
<td>csipő</td>
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<tr>
<td>thigh</td>
<td>comb</td>
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<tr>
<td>sole</td>
<td>talp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>joint</td>
<td>izület</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>organ</td>
<td>szerv</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bile</td>
<td>epe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kidneys</td>
<td>vese</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>intestines</td>
<td>béł</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>appendix</td>
<td>vakbél</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>polyclinic</td>
<td>sztk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>outpatient department</td>
<td>járóbeteg rendelés</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>treat,-ed,-ed sy</td>
<td>kezel vkit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>treatment</td>
<td>kezelés</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wound</td>
<td>seb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>injury</td>
<td>sérülés</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scar</td>
<td>heg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scratch</td>
<td>karcolás</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bruise</td>
<td>horzsolás, zűzódás</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strip to the waist.</td>
<td>Vetkőzzön le derékig.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
invalid  
physician  
head physician  
private surgery  
internist  
surgeon  
paediatrician  
gyneaeocologist  
ear-eye-nose specialist  
eye-specialist  
neurologist  
dermatologist  
rheumatologist  
orthopaedist  
radiologist  
urine test  
ward  
operating theatre  
cure,-d,-d  
convalescent home  
sweat,-ed,-ed  
infectious disease  
infect,-ed,-ed sy  
inflammation  
pneumonia  
tonsillitis  
appendicitis  
gastric ulcer  
chicken-pox  
suffer,-ed,-ed from sg  
heart-attack  
circulatory failure  
death  
dead  
cramp  
vomit,-ed,-ed  
indigestion  
diarrhoea  
constipation  
long-sighted  
short-sighted  
hard of hearing  
dumb  
beteg, nem egészséges  
kórházi orvos  
főorvos  
magánrendelés  
bélgyógyász  
sebész  
gyerekorvos  
nőgyógyász  
fül-orr-gégész  
szemorvos  
idegorvos  
bőrgyógyász  
reumatológus  
ortopédorvos  
röntgenorvos  
vizeletvízsgálat  
kórterem  
műtő  
gyógyít  
gyógyüdülő  
izzard  
fertőző betegség  
megfertőző víkt  
gyulladás  
tüdőgyulladás  
mandulagyulladás  
vakbélgyulladás  
gyomorfekély  
bárányhímő  
szenved vmitől  
szívroham  
keringési rendellenesség  
halál  
halott  
görcs  
hány  
emésztési zavar  
hasmenés  
székrekedés  
távollátó  
rövidlátó  
nagyothalló  
néma
deaf and dumb
lame
hunchback
paralyzed
wheelchair
faint,-ed,-ed away
put sy on the sick-list
is on sick-leave
sickness benefit
fill,-ed,-ed his tooth
pull,-ed,-ed out his tooth
drill,-ed,-ed
denture
false tooth
crown
prevent,-ed,-ed sg
epidemic
vaccinate,-d,-d
pregnant
pregnancy
maternity leave
child-care benefit
drop
cough medicine
liquid medicine
ointment
injection
fracture
plaster
put in plaster
bandage
insurance
süketnéma
sánta
púpos
béna
tolószék
elájul
kiír vkit
betegállományban van
táppénz
betőmi a fogát
kihúzza a fogát
fűr
fogpótlás
műfog
korona
megelőz vmit
járvány
védooltást ad
terhes
terhesség
szülési szabadság
gyermekgondozási segély
csepp
köhögés elleni gyógyszer
folyékony gyógyszer
kenőcs
injekció
törés
gipsz
gipszbe tesz
kötés
biztosítás

Grammar review - Practise the Relative Pronouns - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. It was my grandparents ... presented me this video set.
   a. that
   b. -
   c. who
   d. whose
2. He bought two cars at the same time, ... was rather silly.
   a. that
   b. -
   c. what
   d. which

3. Yes, that's the one ... wrote this rude letter.
   a. that
   b. whom
   c. -
   d. who

4. Do you see ... I mean?
   a. what
   b. that
   c. which
   d. -

5. It was a Sunday ... you didn't come.
   a. when
   b. that
   c. -
   d. which day

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

Can human skin be replicated in the lab?

Yes. The first commercially available product in the world of human engineered tissues was launched recently - to treat foot ulcers. The laboratory-developed skin was originally grown from the bits thrown away after circumcising newborn babies.

It's made by creating a fine frame from the polymer thread used for stitching wounds and then planting the skin cells into it. The cells grow across the mesh, which eventually dissolves, and the skin can then be cut to the shape of the wound.

Bags of skin cells are also used in 'living bandages' that can be applied to severe burns, helping the body's own skin to heal more quickly. Other growth areas in the science of tissue engineering are ligaments, bone and cartilage; a recent breakthrough was a lab-grown human ear.
Now researchers are looking at the ultimate challenge: making home-grown joints for hip replacements.

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.

Which are the most dangerous, incurable diseases of our age?
On the basis of your every day experiences how would you change the health system in Hungary?
Do you think our lifestyle has a great/little influence on our health?
Do you have a private dentist or do you go to the polyclinic to have your teeth treated?
Have you or any of your relatives stayed at a sanatorium or a spa-resort?

navel
male organs
calf
nipple
female organs
fist
knuckle
iris
eyeball
nostril
chest hair
Adam's apple
collarbone
rib
pelvis
tendon
spleen
gallstone
bladder
windpipe
patient's card
infusion
ECG recording unit
dressing material
first aid kit
adhesive plaster
reception
health insurance certificate
examination couch

döögö
férfi nemi szervek
lábikra
mellbimbó
női nemi szervek
ököl
ujjperc
szivárványhártya
szemgolyó
orrcímpa
mellszörzet
ádámcsutka
kulcscsont
borda
medence
ín
lép
epekő
hólyag
légső
a beteg névkártyája
infúzió
EKG-készülék
kötszerek
elsősegélynyújtó csomag
ragtapasz
betegfelvétel
biztosítási kártya
vizsgálóágy
Grammar Review - Practise the Relative Pronouns - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. It's your attitude to things ... counts.
   a. which                     c. that
   b. what                     d. -

2. It's not the topic ... we could talk a lot.
   a. about which              c. which about
   b. what about              d. about that

3. Is it the cupboard ... came off?
   a. which colour             c. what colour
   b. the colour which         d. whose colour

4. It's the nicest present ... you have ever sent to me.
   a. -                        c. what
   b. whom                     d. which

5. Did you sell the bike ... you bought last year?
   a. what                     c. that
   b. which                   d. whom

Translate the following sentences into English.

1. Ez nem az a nyaralás, amiről mindig is álmodoztam. 2. Ismét elárult, amit sosem fogok megbocsájtani neki. 3. A történet, ami megríkatta, valóban szomorú. 4. Sorolj fel még pár dolgot, amiről végképp le kell mondanod. 5. A kiégett kocsi, amelyben a halálát lelte, még mindig a szikla tövében hever. 6. Tényleg te vagy az, akiről már annyi jót hallottunk? 7. Sosem hittem el az olyan történeteket, amelyek tüdérékről meg óriásokról szólnak. 8. Az a növérem, amelyik tanársegéd a Sorbonne Egyetemen, egy kissé fennhordja az orrát. 9. Egyedül csak te vagy az, akire nyugodtan rábízhatom a titkomat. 10. Ez volt az első eset, amit nem kellett eltitkolnom előttetek.
Sports - How to keep fit

Stage 1.

Mark, a 15-year-old schoolboy, is talking about his favourite outdoor activities.

I like ball-games, you know - any ball-games, really. So far, I've tried almost all of them, but of course, I like football the best, because I like teamwork, and it's good fun. We travel a lot with the school team in which I have a position as a midfielder. I've scored five goals this season. I hope, we will manage to come second or third by the end of the championship. I also like swimming and hiking in the hills. We sometimes go on bicycle-tours as far as a hundred kilometers or so. In winter I skate and ski but we have not had enough real winter weather. My sister Jane, who is 17, does exercises and aerobics. I think she doesn't like sports very much, she just wants to keep fit or sometimes wants to lose weight. I very often laugh at her when she gives it up after a short term. Anyway, she doesn't do anything regularly, which is the most important for someone who goes in for sports. I'm planning to take up athletics, long-distance running or hurdles. I find both of them exciting.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Do you go in for any kind of sports?
Are you/Have you ever been talented in doing sports?
Do you prefer in-door or out-door sports?
Are you a supporter for a team?
Do you regularly attend matches?
Do you have an idol in sports?
Do you know someone personally who is a professional sportsman?
Do you do keep fit exercises?
What do you do to prevent being overweight?
Do you watch sports events on TV?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Hungarian</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sport</td>
<td>sport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>do sports</td>
<td>sportol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What sports do you do?</td>
<td>Mit sportolsz?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sport event</td>
<td>sportesemény</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>summer sports</td>
<td>nyári sportok</td>
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<tr>
<td>winter sports</td>
<td>téli sportok</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>athletics</td>
<td>atlétika</td>
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<tr>
<td>outdoor sports</td>
<td>szabadtéri sportok</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>indoor sports</td>
<td>fedettpályás sportok</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
professional sports
amateur sports
ball games
team sports
gymnastics
do gymnastics
do exercises
gymnasium
sports hall
football
play,-ed,-ed football
handball
basketball
badminton
goal
result
final result
shoot, shot, shot
tennis
tennis-player
racket
tennis shoes
tennis court
table-tennis
sport-club
jumping
high-jumping
do high-jumping
long-jumping
running
fencing
do fencing
boxing
skate,-d,-d
ski,-ed,-ed
skiing
water-polo
sail,-ed,-ed
sailing
boat
sailing boat
cycling
cyclist
profisport
amatórsport
labdajátékok
csapatjátékok
torna
tornászik
tornászik
tornaterem
tornacsarnok
futball
futballozik
kézilabda
kosárlabda
tollaslabda
gól; capu
eredmény
végeredmény
lő
tenisz
teniszjátékos
ütő
teniszcipő
teniszpálya
asztalitenisz
sportklub
ugrás
magasugrás
magast ugrik
távolugrás
futás
vivás
vív
őkölvivás
korcsolyázik
siel
sielés
vizilabda
vitorlázik
vitorlázás
csónak
vitorlás
kerékpározás
kerékpáros
Grammar Review - Practise the Passive Voice - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. 'This house ... six hundred years ago', the guide said.
   a. built  
   b. was built
   c. builded
   d. was building

2. a. It isn't finding yet.
   b. It wasn't found yet.
   c. It hasn't been found yet.
   d. It wasn't being found yet.
3. a. English is spoken here.
   b. English is speaking here.
   c. English is spoke here.
   d. English are spoken here.

4. a. Will they repaired it next week?
   b. Will it repaired next week?
   c. Will it be repaired next week?
   d. Will it repairing next week?

5. Don't touch it. It ... right now.
   a. was painted
   b. was being painted
   c. has been painted
   d. had been painted

Translante the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

Adam, who is a 17-year-old tennis-player, is talking about his choice.

It sounded quite good. I always liked individual sports. Somehow, I didn't trust in my mates very much. I don't know why. Maybe, if you are determined enough, you don't believe the others are the same. That's how it works. You want to be the best - you, alone. Of course, you have to do a lot for that. You have to train very hard, you have to live a different way of life than the others. You must cut down on entertainment and on a lot of other things. Still, I don't want to become professional. I think I am not as talented as that. And it may sound funny but you have to invest a lot of money in your future career as a professional - you know, training, travelling, hotels etc. My future education is much more important. And I like doing other sports as well - hang gliding and rock climbing, and water skiing or jet skiing in summer. I never do in-door sports and I'm against combat sports. I think they are sometimes cruel.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Are there any sports facilities at your school?
Do you think schools should own swimming pools?
How many P.E. lessons do you think should be satisfactory for students per week?
Does physical fitness matter to you a lot?
What's your opinion of mental sports like chess or playing cards?
What do you think of competitive sports in general?
Do you think top football players should earn as much money as they do?
Which are the most expensive sports for individuals?
Could you name some kinds of sports that have been invented recently?
Do you think physical fitness results in mental fitness?

What sports do you pursue?
What sports do you go in for?
combat sports
individual sports
floor exercises
apparatus gymnastics
keep, kept, kept fit
volleyball
score
half-time score
score, -d, -d a goal
kick, -ed, -ed the ball
throw, threw, thrown
bounce, -d, -d
head, -ed, -ed
hit, hit, hit
net
crash, -ed, -ed the bar
triple jump
pole vaulting
short-distance running
long-distance running
do long-distance running
hurdles
steeple chase
relay
javelin throwing
discus throwing
weight-lifting
shot-putting
wrestling
do wrestling
figure skating

Milyen sportot űzől?
Mit sportolsz?
küzdősportok
eyéni sportok
talajtorna
szertorna
megőrzi a kondiját
röplabda
eredmény
félidei eredmény
gól ér el
rúgja a labdát
dob
pattogtat
fejel
üt
teniszháló
leveri a lécet
hármasugrás
rúdugrás
rövidtávfutás
hosszútávfutás
hosszútávfutásban versenyez
gátfutás
akadályfutás
váltó
gerelyhajítás
diszkoszvetés
súlyemelés
súlylökés
birkózás
birkózik
műkorcsolyázás
ski-jumping  siugrás
sledge          szánkó
sledge,-d,-d    szánkózik
row,-ed,-ed     evez
rowing          evezés
defeat,-ed,-ed  megver
indoor swimming-pool fedett uszoda
breaststroke    mellúszás
backstroke      hátúszás
freestyle       gyorsúszás
butterfly       pillangó
champion        bajnok
championship    bajnokság
national champion országos bajnok
world champion  világbajnok
set, set, set up a record rekordot állít fel
qualifying matches selejtező mérkőzések
quarter-final    negyeddöntő
döntő
final
supporter       rajongó, támogató
cheer,-ed,-ed for a team szurkol egy csapatnak
competitive sport versenysport
coach           edző
tömegsport      bíró
mass sport       partjelző
tömegsport      kapus
referee         védő
competitive sport középpályás
coach           csatár
defender        döntetlen
midfielder
forward
draw


Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. I don't think that this old refrigerator ...
   a. may be repaired.         c. can be repaired.
   b. might be repaired.       d. can be repairing.
2. Mary ... the results before.
   a. was told  c. was said
   b. had been told  d. was being told

3. She ... this job next year, I presume.
   a. is offered  c. will offered
   b. is going to be offered  d. will be offered

4. a. It should have done.
   b. It should be doing.
   c. It should have been done.
   d. It should be being doing.

5. I don't think the papers ...  
   a. have already been signed.
   b. were already signed.
   c. has already been signed.
   d. was already signed.

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

Bad for the nerves, good for the soul

I couldn't watch; I never do. Here's my patented system for handling the stress of penalty-kick shootouts like the one that ended the World Cup game between Argentina and England. I sit in front of the TV set, with remote control at the ready. I watch the ball placed on the penalty spot. Then I click off, for about 20 seconds. I can watch a replay of a penalty; I just can't watch the real thing.

Anyway, I didn't need to watch. I knew my home country was going to lose, oh, about an hour and a half before David Batty telegraphed his shot to the right of the Argentine goalkeeper. The real turning point of this game came when England were leading 2-1, and a screaming 25-yard volley from Paul Ince grazed the top of the cross bar. If fate had been with England, it would have gone in; as it didn't, I knew something awful would happen, sooner or later. And of course, it did.
Still, this has been a terrific World Cup. The traditional world football powers have dominated. In the seven World Cups between 1970 and 1994, only five teams contested the final games - Brazil, Italy, Germany, Argentina and Holland. All made it to this year's quarterfinals. So did France, as the host country usually does - and on Sunday, the French deservedly beat a disappointing Brazilian team and won the cup.

**Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.**

What do you think of money-oriented contests like tennis, chess or Formula 1?
Why do you think firms like to advertise through sports events?
What's your opinion of fitness clubs and body-building centres? What makes them so fashionable these days?
Do you think lifestyle, sports and health are in harmony in your life?
Do you agree with the idea that in competitive sports children are trained at a very early age to become stars as early as possible?

- horizontal bar
- parallel bars
- mat
- box
- uneven bars
- beam
- basic position
- straddle
- tailor seat
- bridge
- handstand
- headstand
- club
- puck
- scoreboard
- goal line
- touch line
- save
- penalty spot
- penalty area
- shirt
- dribble
- dice
- dominoes

- nyújtó
- korlát
- szönyeg
- szekrény
- felemás korlát
- gerenda
- alapállás
- terpeszállás
- törökülés
- híd
- kézenállás
- fejenállás
- golfütő
- korong
- eredményjelző tábla
- gólvonal
- partvonal
- védés
- 11-es pont
- 16-os
- mez
- cselezzés
- kockázás
- dominózás

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. Do you really think it ... in those circumstances?
   a. was able to be done
   b. can have been done
   c. could be doing
   d. could have been done

2. a. It has been painted by Picasso.
   b. It was being painted by Picasso.
   c. It was painted by Picasso.
   d. It had been painted by Picasso.

3. a. It needn't have been redecorated. It was in a very good state of repair.
   b. It shouldn't have been redecorated. It was in a very good state of repair.
   c. It didn't have to be redecorated. It was in a very bad state of repair.
   d. It needn't have had to be redecorated. It was in a good state of repair.

4. The chief inspector said that steps ... to prevent explosions in the future.
   a. should be-taking
   b. has to be taken
   c. should be taken
   d. are to be taking

5. It wasn't until the fire ... that he realized how dangerous the situation was.
   a. wasn't put out
   b. had been put out
   c. hadn't been put out
   d. has been put out

Translate the following sentences into English.

Weather and climate

Stage 1.

Mark lives in the western part of Hungary. This is how he describes the weather and the climate in this region.

It often rains here, perhaps because of the Alps which we can see in clear weather. But it doesn't matter. I think it's good for the fields. It's also very often windy. Mostly in spring and autumn. But there are no high winds or storms, fortunately. We have short, not very hot summers and long, mild winters. If you want to ski, you have to go to the mountains in Austria or to the mountain lakes if you wish to skate in winter time. There are also flat regions where you can see the sun much more. It's warmer here, of course - sometimes too warm. It's a typical continental climate, I think. We have the four seasons though sometimes they don't differ too much from each other. There are some rivers and brooks, and lakes as well although not too large ones. People grow grapes and vegetables here and breed cattle and poultry. Quite many tourists visit this part of the country because of the fresh air and the nice countryside.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

What's the weather like right now?
What was it like in the morning?
Do you sometimes listen to the weather forecast on the radio?
Are you especially interested in the weather for any reason?
Do you carry an umbrella in your bag?
Do you have a raincoat or boots?
Do you like cold and snow?
Which season do you prefer?
Have you got a favourite month?
Have you ever been in a big storm?

weather időjárás
bright derült
sunny napos
rainy esős
snowy havas
windy szeles
cloudy felhős
foggy ködös
hot
warm
cold
changeable
friendly
unfriendly
overcast
wet
dry
stormy
weather report
weather forecast
western
eastern
northern
southern
sky
in the sky
cloudless
clear,-ed,-ed up
sun
shine, shone, shone
sunshine
the sun rises
sunrise
the sun sets
sunset
moon
star
rain
it's raining
storm
freeze, froze, frozen
ice
temperature
average
calm
it's five degrees below zero
it's minus five degrees
it's ten degrees above zero
it's plus ten degrees
slippery
forró
meleg
hideg
változékony
barátságos
barátságtalan
borult
nedves
száraz
viharos
időjárásjelentés
időjárás előrejelzés
nyugati
keleti
északi
déli
ég
az égen
felhőtlen
kiderül
nap
süt
napsütés
a nap felkel
napkelte
a nap lenyugszik
napnyugta
hold
csillag
eső
esik
vihar
fagy
jég
hőmérséklet
átlag
szélesendes, nyugodt
minusz öt fok van
minusz öt fok van
plusz tíz fok van
plusz tíz fok van
sikos, csúszós
Grammar Review - Practise the Second Usage of Modal Verbs - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. She ... have it already. I don't know.
   a. must       c. may
   b. can't      d. mustn't

2. 'I don't think she has it' means: She ... have it.
   a. can't       c. can not
e. mustn't      d. doesn't have to

3. You ... be joking. It can't be true.
   a. can       c. may
   b. must      d. need to

4. They ... be working in the garden. I saw them digging a couple of minutes ago.
   a. can       c. may
   b. must      d. need to

5. He ... agree with your suggestion. One can never know.
   a. mustn't    c. can not
   b. can't      d. may not

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

Sue lives in a big industrial city in the North-east of Hungary. She doesn't like it very much.

It's sometimes gloomy here. I don't exactly know if it's because of the clouds or the fumes coming from the chimneys of the factories. Quite often you simply can't see the sky. And some sort of ash is falling. We have the term here: It's "ashing." Interesting, isn't it? People are happy when the wind is blowing. It drives away the
ash-clouds. When it is windy, it's usually quite pleasant: sunny, bright and warm. We have in-door hot-water spas which are very nice in wintertime. They attract many visitors from abroad, too. Anyway, winters are usually quite cold here. There's not too much snow but the air is chilly and the rivers and lakes are frozen. Last spring there was a flood on the river Tisza. A huge area was under water for weeks. For me, autumn is the nicest season. There are no extremes then. Everything is so peaceful and quiet. It is still warm but the days become shorter. I like sitting on the riverbank watching the water and the trees on the opposite side. It's simply wonderful. I wouldn't like to live in another place.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Could you describe the weather?
Have there been any drastic changes in the weather lately?
How do you find out about the forthcoming weather?
Have you ever visited an observatory?
Why do you think meteorologists are sometimes mistaken?
Do you always take weather into consideration when getting dressed in the morning?
Do you like rainy or stormy weather?
Have you ever got into danger because of drastic weather changes?
Have you ever seen/survived any natural disasters?
Have you ever been caught in a storm on the sea or in the air?

climate  
mild  
cool  
chilly  
sultry  
unsettled  
dull  
weather conditions  
outlook  
pressure  
barometer  
cyclone  
anticyclone  
It'll remain unsettled.  
improve,-d,-d  
get worse  
change for the worse  
get better  
a sudden change

éghajlat  
enyhe  
hűvös  
csípős hideg  
fülléd  
változékony  
borús  
időjárási helyzetkép  
kilátások  
légnyomás  
légnyomásmérő  
ciklon  
anticiklon  
Változékony marad.  
javul  
rosszabbra fordul  
rosszabbra fordul  
javul  
hirtelen változás
rainfall  csapadék
drizzle,-d,-d  szitál, szemerkél
shower  záporeső
thunderstorm  égzengés
lightning  villámlás
thundering  dörgés
hail  jégeső
sleet  havas eső, dara
frost  fagy
thaw,-ed,-ed  olvad
drought  aszály
heat-wave  höhullám
dry spell  száraz periódus
sunstroke  napszúrás
rainbow  szivárvány
pour,-ed,-ed  ömlik, szakad
blizzard  hóvihar
It rains cats and dogs.  Cigánygyerekek potyognak az égből.
rainy intervals  esős időszakok


Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. She ... have left the country. Nobody can find her anywhere.
   a. can  
   b. need  
   c. might  
   d. should  

2. One ... fly to almost everywhere in the world.
   a. can  
   b. might  
   c. may  
   d. need  

3. You ... that. It was crazy of you.
   a. needn't have done  
   b. can't have done  
   c. shouldn't have done  
   d. can't be doing  

4. She ... it for years. Who knows?
   a. can have had  
   b. could has had  
   c. may have been having  
   d. may have had
5. John ... with this problem for years. He's very much interested in it.
   a. must have been dealing       c. may have been dealed
   b. can have been dealing       d. should have been dealing

Translate the following sentences into English.

1. Lehet, hogy épp a te dolgozatodat javítja most. 2. Biztosan telefonált, csak te
   nem vetted fel a kagylót. 3. Ezt már régen meg kellett volna javítani. 4. Nem
   valószínű, hogy ilyen hamar feladta a küzdelmet. 5. Elképzelhető, hogy már hosszú
   ideje dédelgeti ezt a tervet. 6. Biztos érte tette. 7. Nem valószínű, hogy itt lakik,
   hiszen kapucsengője sincs. 8. Nem kellene ebben a füledt helyiségben üldögelned.
   9. Azt üzenette, lehet, hogy a nyár derekán meglátogat minket. 10. Mit mondott,
   miért felesleges pénzt hoznunk magunkkal?

Stage 3.

Clouds.

Scientists realise they play a vital, if mysterious, part in regulating the
world's climate. Clouds remove the heat of a 60 watt lightbulb from every 2x2m
patch of the Earth's surface. Without clouds the world would probably be 20°C
hotter and heat would not get distributed to the poles. How clouds perform these
functions is still unproven; scientists don't really know how, for instance, they can
absorb so much sunlight.

Hurricanes

The most lethal killed 12,000 people in Galveston, Texas, in September
1900; the most expensive, Hurricane Andrew, caused $20bn of damage in 1992;
and the one with the cosiest name, Hattie, created a tidal wave that destroyed
Belize City in 1961.

Volcanos

If they are as powerful as Tambora in 1815 (which blew away the top
1,200m of the mountain), they can lead to a 0.5°C drop in the Earth's temperature
and cancel the summer, as happened in 1816.

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the
vocabulary below.

Do any extremes in weather and climate occur in the place where you live?
WEATHER AND CLIMATE

Have you ever experienced any kind of disaster: flood, earthquake, fire, volcano?  
In what climatic conditions would you like to live?  
What do you think the main reasons are that meteorologists are quite often mistaken when forecasting?  
Do you believe in prophecies predicting the end of the world?

space
planet
comet
satellite
the North Pole
the Tropic of Cancer
the Equator
the Tropic of Capricorn
the Antarctic Circle
the South Pole
peninsula
bay
points of the compass
compass
galoshes
puddle
avalanche
snow-frost
fur cap
weather chart
calm

világúr
bolygó
üstökös
műhold
az Északi-sark
a ráktérítő
az egyenlítő
a baktérítő
a déli sarkkör
a Déli-sark
félsziget
öböl
égtájak
iránytű
kalucsni
tócsa
lavina
jégvirág
kucsmatidőjárási térkép
szélcsend

Grammar Review - Practise the Second Usage of Modal Verbs - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. They ... be having a nice time. They're on honeymoon.  
   a. can  
   b. must  
   c. may  
   d. could

2. She said she ... . But she wasn't so sure.  
   a. may see it  
   b. must have seen it  
   c. might see it  
   d. might have seen it
3. George ... It was a narrow escape.
   a. can have died
   b. may have died
   c. could as well have died
   d. could die

4. We ... down that heavy box. Thye would have done it for us.
   a. mustn't have carried
   b. didn't need to
   c. needn't have carried
   d. can't have carried

5. This old chap ... on the dole. He looks like a skeleton.
   a. must be living
   b. may be living
   c. can be living
   d. likely lives

Translate the following sentences into English.

Environmental protection

Stage 1.

*Melanie is a member of the junior section of an environmental protection group. They collect rubbish and keep the parks clean in their neighbourhood.*

We do it with the school. It's an afternoon activity, but everybody likes doing it. We don't see it as a job - as a must. We live here and we want our neighbourhood to be nice and clean. Once a week - it's usually Friday afternoon - boys and girls come together from our class and go around the place with tools: rakes, spades, plastic bags. At first, we found it a bit silly. People were smiling at us and we found the same amount of rubbish the next time. But later things began to change slowly and now there's much less litter in the grass and flower-beds than earlier. I must tell you that it's the adults who throw litter away, and not children. Yes, it is true. Just think about the cigarette stubs you can see everywhere you go, and bottles and cans. Newspapers on the benches and cardboard boxes in the brook. Yesterday we pulled an old refrigerator from under the little bridge in the park. We took it to the rubbish dump on a little cart. In autumn and spring we go to save migrating animals - you know - frogs and grass snakes. Careless drivers very often run over them. We set up warning signs next to the roads to warn motorists to be careful, but they aren't. Of course, drivers are also adults.

**Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.**

Where do you live?
Are there any factories there?
Is there a heavy traffic in your street?
Is this area polluted in any way?
Do you do anything to keep your neighbourhood clean?
Where do you put coke-cans or chocolate papers?
Do you pick up the litter you see in the street?
Do you like animals?
Have you ever saved one?
Do you grow plants?

pollute,-d,-d | szennyez
---|---
pollution | szennyezés
protect,-ed,-ed | megvéd
protection | védelem
environment | környezet
environmental protection
smoke
chimney
smell
smell,-ed,-ed
it smells awful
smelly
bottle
packet
box
throw, threw, thrown away
atmosphere
battery
rubbish
litter
litter,-ed,-ed
dirt
plastic
broken glass
dustbin
oxygen
ash
smog
ozone

környezetvédelem
füst
kémény
szag, illat
szaglik, bűzlík
szőrnyű illata van
büdős
üveg
tasak, zacskó
doboz
elszór
légkör, atmoszféra
elem
háziszemét
utcai szemét
szemétel
kosz
műanyag
üvegdarab
kuka
oxigén
hamu
szmog
ózon

Grammar Review - Practise the Participle - Basic.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. I found them ... on the sofa.
   a. sit       c. to sit
   b. sat       d. sitting

2. ... the kitchen I smelt something strange.
   a. Enter     c. When enter
   b. Entering  d. To enter

3. I poured the ... oil into the toilet bowl.
   a. burnt     c. burning
   b. burn      d. burned
4. Put sand not water on ... oil!
   a. burn
   b. to burn
   c. burned
   d. burning

5. That ... child is a classmate of mine.
   a. scream
   b. screaming
   c. screamed
   d. to scream

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

Nick is a university student and sympathizes with the Greens. He sometimes takes part in their activities.

Previously I always found these sorts of activities a bit snobbish, you know. Young people from well-to-do families who didn't know how to use their time. But it's different now. I know several of them personally and they really want to do something to save our environment. Last time, for instance, we protested against opening a new nuclear power station in the north part of the country. Because we had heard it wasn't safe enough. We organized protest marches and tried to convince others to join us. Unfortunately, quite many people identify us as hooligans, even today. Young people who have nothing else to do, just looking for trouble. But we are not trouble-makers. On the contrary, we simply want to live in a peaceful, unpolluted world. That's all. You know the problem is that a small minority of people don't care about how the majority live. They want to make more and more profit and destroy everything that's in their way. This is what we protest against. We want everybody to survive - the poor and the rich alike. It's almost impossible to fight against natural disasters, but we can do something for ourselves.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Are you interested in protecting your environment?
Have you ever joined any environmental protection group?
Is there a selective garbage collection system in your place?
Would you allow cars with two-stroke engines to go in the streets?
Do you think price of unleaded petrol should be much lower?
Do you think there are enough woods and greenery around us?
What do you know about the greenhouse effect?
Do you think more and more by-pass roads should be built around the towns?
What have you heard about rising sea-levels?
Why is it dangerous to take a sunbath at midday?

environmental damage
environmentalist
spout,-ed,-ed
exhaust pipe
exhaust fumes
beer can
waste
catalytic converter
carbon dioxide
greenhouse effect
incalculable
global
rubbish collection
selective rubbish collection
rubbish heap
recycle,-d,-d
endanger,-ed,-ed
ground water
poisonous
regain,-ed,-ed
rot,-ted,-ted
environment-friendly
soot
filter
falling of leaves
ozone layer
ozone hole
UV-rays

környezeti kár
környezetvédelmi szakember
okád, kőp
kipufogócső
kipufogó gázok
sörösdoboz
hulladék
katalizátor
széndioxid
üvegházhatás
beláthatatlan
globális
szemétszállítás
szelektív szemétgyűjtés
szemédomb
újrahasznosít
veszélyeztet
talajvíz
mérgező
visszanyer
elrothad
környezetbarát
korom
szűrő
levélhullás
ózonréteg
ózonlyuk
UV-sugarak
Grammar Review - Practise the Participle - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. The bench ... in our garden is an old one.
   a. lying  c. standing
   b. being  d. -

2. That guy ... a briefcase and a handy must be a business representative.
   a. carrying c. carry
   b. carried  d. carried

3. ... leaves are covering the ground.
   a. Fall    c. Fallen
   b. Fell    d. Falling

4. ... the job, he washed and left for home.
   a. Finishing c. Finished
   b. To finish d. Having finished

5. The problem ... is a hard one.
   a. solving  c. to solved
   b. to be solved d. solve

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 3.

While the African-elephant population has declined from around 1.34m in 1979 to some 622,000 today, some African countries have their poaching problems largely under control. This means that they can cull elephants without endangering the population - and earn a fair bit of money doing so.

Until now, though, there has been no way to tell if a piece of ivory comes from a country where the elephants are endangered. Hence the universal
moratorium. But the authors in a recent paper in *Nature* seem to have come up with a practical solution. By measuring the ratios of isotopes of three elements (carbon, nitrogen and strontium) in samples of ivory and bone, "signatures" for elephants from different places can be determined.

A second sort of clue used by Dr. van der Merwe and his group involves the ration of two nitrogen isotopes, 15N and 14N, which are related to rainfall. In areas of little rain, the levels of 15N in the bone collagen of mammals patterns where the animals come from can be estimated. A correlation between carbon and nitrogen isotope ratios for elephant samples reflects the relationship between climate and vegetation.

**Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.**

Do you agree with the Greens protesting against building motorways, power stations etc?
What endangers most the cleanliness of your district and what should be done to prevent it?
How much per cent of the total budget should be spent on environmental protection to survive until the year of 2100, do you think?
When shopping, do you pay attention to get environment-friendly goods even if they are more expensive?
What should parents do to bring up environment-minded children?

clear a forest
destroy,-ed,-ed
swamp
marsh
suffer,-ed,-ed from sg
emission
become stunted
acid-resistant
damage,-d,-d
limit
regulation of water-ways
reservoir
filter,-ed,-ed
inflammable
disposable
Grammar Review - Practise the Participle - Advanced.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. ... that it was dangerous to climb over those high cliffs, I preferred to take the longer way.
   a. Knowing
   b. Being known
   c. Known
   d. Having known

2. ... in the front row I could see everything very well.
   a. Sat
   b. Sit
   c. Sitting
   d. To sit

3. Have you ever saved ... animals?
   a. abandon
   b. abandoned
   c. abandoning
   d. abandoned

4. Are you sure you saw ... objects in the sky?
   a. unidentified flied
   b. unidentified flying
   c. unidentified flying
   d. unidentified flown

5. He used to be a ... person in the past. But he isn't any more.
   a. well-informed
   b. well-informing
   c. good-informed
   d. well-inform

Translate the following sentences into English.

Bad and deadly habits

Stage 1.

Mike is a 36 year-old miner. He's just left hospital where he was treated with lung cancer.

I started smoking when I was twelve. Everybody around me was smoking, even my 14 year-old sister. Nobody told me that it was dangerous. First I smoked 8-10 cigarettes a day, later more. The main problem was that I couldn't afford expensive filtered cigarettes, only the ones without filters - and strong ones. I just couldn't give up. I wanted to but I couldn't. Nobody helped me. While I was at school I kept it secret. When I left school at 16 I took up another bad habit. I took to the bottle. First beer, then hard drinks. Not too much though, but quite regularly. To tell the truth, I needed it. I did hard physical work in the mine and swallowed a lot of dust. Mineral water and stuff like that didn't help me too much. And it was nice to go out drinking with friends to the pubs. I very rarely drink coffee. I have some friends who drink five or six cups a day. I think it's crazy. It's quite senseless to drink so much. When I feel sleepy in the evening and want to stay up, I drink a cup with a lot of sugar because I don't like its taste. I would rather drink tea. I enjoy the ceremony of making tea. Really. It always makes me calm. Now I've decided to give up smoking and drinking but it won't be easy. I've already tried it - at least a hundred times.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Do you smoke?
How old were you when you started smoking?
How many cigarettes do you smoke a day?
How much does it cost you?
Do you believe cigarette advertisements?
Do you sometimes go to pubs or cafés?
What is your favourite drink?
Do you keep drinks at home?
Do you drink when you are nervous or excited?
Do you drink coffee?

smoke,-d,-d
dohányzik
smoke a cigarette
cigarettázik
smoke a pipe
pipázik
light, lit, lit a cigarette
rágyújt egy cigire
start smoking
rászokik a dohányzásra
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Hungarian</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>give, gave, given up smoking</td>
<td>abbahagyja a dohányzást</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dangerous</td>
<td>veszélyes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bad habit</td>
<td>rossz szokás</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>costly</td>
<td>költséges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>drinks</td>
<td>italok</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>soft drink</td>
<td>üdítőital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hard drink</td>
<td>tómény</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wine</td>
<td>bor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>beer</td>
<td>sör</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>apricot brandy</td>
<td>barackpálinka</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a bottle of beer</td>
<td>egy üveg sör</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a can of beer</td>
<td>dobozos sör</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a glass of wine</td>
<td>egy pohár bor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pub</td>
<td>söröző</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wine-bar</td>
<td>borozó</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>café</td>
<td>kávéház</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>drink too much</td>
<td>túl sokat iszik</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>drunk</td>
<td>részeg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sober</td>
<td>józan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alcoholic</td>
<td>alkoholista</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>licensed restaurant</td>
<td>alkoholt is felszolgáló étterem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>unlicensed restaurant</td>
<td>alkoholmentes étterem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>breath test</td>
<td>alkoholpróba</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coffee</td>
<td>kávé</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a cup of coffee</td>
<td>egy csésze kávé</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coffee with milk</td>
<td>tejeskávé</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coffee-cup</td>
<td>kávéscsésze</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coffee-set</td>
<td>kávéskészlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>revive,-d,-d</td>
<td>felélénkit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>he's on a high</td>
<td>fel van dobva</td>
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**Grammar Review - Practise the Embedded Questions - Basic.**

**Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.**

1. a. Where do you think he come from?  
   b. What do you think where he comes from?  
   c. Where do you think he comes from?  
   d. What do you think where does he come from?
2. a. Why do you think she's so conceited?
   b. What do you think why is she so conceited?
   c. Why is she so conceited, what do you think?
   d. What do you think why she is so conceited?

3. a. What does she say how old is she?
   b. How old does she say is she?
   c. How old does she say she is?
   d. What does she say how old she is?

4. a. What his job do you suppose is?
   b. What do you suppose his job is?
   c. What's his job you suppose?
   d. What do you suppose what is his job?

5. a. Who do you think is this guy?
   b. What do you think who is this guy?
   c. Who do you think this guy is?
   d. What do you think who this guy is?

Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

Steve used to be a drug addict. He's 28 now and works for a foundation as an advisor to encourage young people to give up taking drugs.

I first tried it at a disco. There was a guy who offered us these little tablets - free of charge, of course. Why not try it, I thought. It was a challenge of the age. First, I began to feel strange. I had always had my inhibitions, you know but somehow they disappeared now. I was the chap I always wanted to be. I felt relaxed and free. I was naturally aware of the danger drugs might cause but I simply didn't care. After a while I began to take more and more, and of course it cost more and more. I had to get the money. I always managed to get it somehow because I couldn't stop taking drugs. When I could afford it I took stronger ones: marijuana, hashish. Once or twice I got involved in some dangerous situations and I was lucky that I was
able to escape. I don't think I have ever committed crime, I mean I never transferred or sold drugs to others. I tried to give it up several times but it wasn't easy - not at all. I could easily give up smoking and drinking but it was much harder. Then I met Sue, my present girlfriend who helped me get back to this world. I'm more than grateful to her. I would advise young people never to try it. In fact, this is my job now. And I'm determined to do it as effectively as I can.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Why do you think more and more youngsters are trying drugs in Hungary?
Do you happen to know where to get drugs from?
What diseases are caused by taking drugs?
Can you personally do anything against drugs?
Why is it a good business for dealers?
Can police deal with dealers?
How does society try to help to drug addicts?
Why is it difficult to give up taking drugs?
Have you ever read/heard of anyone who took drugs?
Do you have any idea how to stop dealing or taking drugs?

drug
drug addict
take drugs
opium
heroin
cannabis
cocaine
smuggler
drug traffic
drug trafficker
drug dealer
distribute,-d,-d drugs
anti-drug squad
joint
narcotic
supply,-ied,-ied sy with sg
deprive,-d,-d sy of sg

drág
függő
fogyaszt
ópium
heroin
kannabisz
kókain
csempész
kereskedelem
kereskedő
kereskedő
terjeszt
zerellenes egység
esztergád
hatású
ellát vikit vmivel
elvon vkitől vmit
kábítószer
kábítószerfüggő
kábítószkert fogyaszt
héj
kabbasz
kokain
kábítószerkereskedelem
kábítószerkereskédő
kábítószerkereskédő
kábítószt terjeszt
kábítószerellenes egység
kábítószeres cigaretta
kábító hatású
ellát vkit vmivel
elvon vkitől vmit
Grammar Review - Practise the Embedded Questions - Intermediate.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives.

1. a. How much money does he say he has on him?
   b. What does he say, how much money has he got on him?
   c. How much money does he say has he on him?
   d. How much money he says he has on him?

2. a. What did he say how long his holiday is?
   b. How long did he say his holiday was?
   c. How long his holiday is, did he say?
   d. What did he say how long was his holiday?

3. a. What does Jack think who I am?
   b. Who does Jack think am I?
   c. Who Jack thinks am I?
   d. Who does Jack think I am?

4. a. How often did he say did he go to the opera?
   b. What did he say how often he went to the opera?
   c. How often did he say he go to the opera?
   d. How often did he say he went to the opera?

5. a. Did you say you took part in the meeting?
   b. Did you say you'd taken part in the meeting?
   c. Did you say you take part in the meeting?
   d. Did you say you have taken part in the meeting?

Translate the following sentences into English.

Stage 3.

Give the Devil his Due

Fifty tons of opium and one ton of heroin went up in smoke last week as the government of Iran demonstrated its commitment to fight drug trafficking. On a gigantic bonfire, topped by a satanic effigy representing the curse of addiction, drugs with a street value of $700 million were destroyed. Surveying the smoldering pile Iranian President Khatami pledged, "As long as illegal drug production exists in the world, we will continue our struggle against drugs." Iran, lying on the shortest route from Afghanistan and Pakistan - where large quantities of opium, heroin and cannabis originate to the prime markets of Europe - has its own serious addiction problem. M. Fallah, an official in Iran's anti-drugs bureau, estimates that there are up to 1.2 million junkies among the country's 60 million population. Last year Iranian authorities seized over 200 tons of drugs and two-thirds of the country's prisoners are serving sentences related to trafficking. They may be the lucky ones, as thousands of drug smugglers have been hanged since draconian anti-trafficking legislation was introduced in 1988.

Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.

Do you think government measures are enough to fight against drugs?
How would you punish drug traffickers and addicts?
There are several ways of giving up smoking. Which do you think the most efficient is?
What would you spend tobacco and drink revenues on?
How could adults stop teenagers to take to drinking at an early age?

butt  deprivation  detoxication cure  relapse,-d,-d  relapsed patient  lethal does  drug advice  disgusting  intoxicated  tipsiness  nightmare
cigarettaçosikk  elvonás  elvonókúra  visszaesik  visszaeső beteg  halálos adag  kábbítószer-tanácsadás  undort keltő  ittas  mámor  rémáлом
Grammar Review - Practise the Inversion - Advanced.

Translate the following sentences into English using Inversion constructions.

A few words about the computer and the internet

Stage 1.

Rob has had a computer for years. He spends a great deal of time playing and working at it. This is what he tells about computers in general.

The first electronic computer was constructed in 1946 which could only store data. In the 1950s the first digital computer was built based on the theory of the Hungarian János Neumann. It could store not only data but programmes as well. This kind of computer was so large that it could hardly fit in a big room and it weighed 30 tonnes. The much smaller personal computers began to spread in the 1970s. They are very important in business and scientific life, in telecommunication and also in show business. Quite many families own P.C.s nowadays, sometimes more than one. There are lots of games for children, too. I also have several programmes and we often play them. It's entertaining and also educational. I learn quite a lot in this way. I often use the word processor, I regularly do my homework with its help. My parents are sometimes fed up with all this but they are happy as well because I'm really good at computing. They say it's a much more useful activity than sitting in front of the tv set and watching the screen for hours and hours. I don't think I'd like to become a computer expert but it doesn't do me any harm if I can work on it.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Do you study computer science at school?
Is there a computer lab in your school?
Do you think it's important nowadays to know about computing?
Have you got a P.C. at home?
How much time do spend playing or working at it?
Have you got any game programmes?
Could you describe your favourite one?
What else can a computer be used for?
Do your parents favour/oppose you spending time at the computer?
Do/Can they use the computer?

personal computer
data processing
process,-ed,-ed by computer
use a computer
computer operator

személyi számítógép
számítógépes adatfeldolgozás
számítógéppel feldolgoz
számítógépez
számítógép-kezelő
Translate the following sentences into English.


Stage 2.

*Jack is an Internet fan. This is what he tells about it.*

It's simply marvellous. In my view, it's one of the greatest inventions of our century. If you have an Internet connection you can have almost all the information from all over the world. You can arrange business operations. You can get data about new companies and their products. You can even chat with anyone online. Firms can advertise their products through the Internet if they have a homepage where they can provide information. Internet overcomes distances, it makes possible for different groups of people to cooperate. It also makes it possible to exchange opinions in a digital way. More and more youngsters are able to handle the mouse and surf in the Internet for hours. They get a lot of new knowledge and become well-informed about things in the world. It's a good way to improve your
English, too. You can pick up quite many new words and phrases which developed together with this new technique. There are also language courses via Internet. So it has plenty of advantages but you have to be careful when you use it. You mustn't become an addict, you know. You have to find the most optimal relationship to the computer and the Internet. They mustn't overcome you.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

What advantages do you think Internet has?
Why is it useful to open a homepage?
Does your school have an Internet connection?
Are children allowed to surf in it?
Can you use the Internet system?
Do you have it at home?
What are you mostly interested in in Internet?
Have you ever chatted through Internet?
How much does it cost for the family?
Are your parents interested in it?

Internet connection  Internet csatlakozás
velocity of light     fénysebesség
telecommunications  híradástechnika
data flow             adatáramlás
online              online
CD-ROM              CD-ROM
homepage            homepage
e-mail              e-mail
utilize,-d,-d       felhasznál

Grammar Review - Practise the Articles - Intermediate.

Translate the following sentences into English.

Stage 3.

*The Internet Changes Everything*

Opinions about the Internet

1. The companies that understand how to employ this technology, pick the right applications at the right time, understand their competitive advantage and keep one step ahead of commoditization in this new market will be the ones who grow and survive.
2. Companies are not only using Internet technology to sell goods, they're also using it to keep in touch with far-flung staffs, to share information and communicate in real time through intranets.
3. Worldwide it is thought that the Internet will be generating access, network and service revenues in excess of $60 billion by the year 2000.
4. The electronic marketplace is planetwide, it functions 24 hours each day all year and is a much lower-cost proposition than conventional marketing and distribution channels. For merchants whose businesses are primarily Internet based, value chains and customer relationships alter significantly.
5. One calendar year in a dog's life is seven years. The same thing is true on the Internet.

**Answer these questions in a detailed, elaborated way with the help of the vocabulary below.**

How much do you think computer is useful/harmful in people's everyday life?
What about the Internet?
Is it possible do you think that printed materials like papers and books will disappear by the spreading of computer technology?
Do you think that by spreading of computer technology the gap between the developed and under-developed countries in the world will be larger?
Do you think that by spreading of Internet the traditional services of libraries, art galleries, museums etc. will end?

**Grammar Review - Practise the Pronouns - Intermediate.**

Translate the following sentences into English.

1. Ez most a tiéd vagy az enyém? 2. Nem is tudtam, hogy Ő is a barátod. 3. Ki az ördögé ez a csipogó micsoda? 4. Magunk sem gondoltuk, hogy ez lesz a vége. 5. Bízzál bennünk s minden jóra fordul. 6. Nem hinném, hogy a saját elgondolása volt. 7. A ház a nagyszüleimé, de a birtok az enyém. 8. Az ember nem is hinné,
hogy a jószándékú emberek még mindig többségben vannak. 9. Az övüké volt, ugye? 10. Ő is csak egy a klubtagok közül.
The world as you see it

Stage 1.

Brian is a 23-year-old university student. Not long ago he had to hand in an essay with the above title. This is a part of his work.

... And I'm interested in politics and economics as much as other people, not more and not less. I am not a member of any political party I just sympathize with one or two of them. Of course if there's an election or referendum, I always go to the polls. I am really interested in what happens in this country. I believe that my vote is important. Whether I'm disappointed later or not, that's another question. Not all of the governing politicians are honest and reliable, unfortunately. There are scandals all the time and not only in our country. In fact, I rarely watch live broadcasts from the parliament sessions. The language is very rude sometimes because of the personal remarks. I try to do something on my own for our welfare. It may sound silly, I know, but in a sense it's true. I and my friends often save abandoned animals - dogs and birds. Last time we caught a stork whose left wing was broken and couldn't migrate to Africa at the end of the summer. We healed the bird and looked after it until the next summer. As for the economic situation of the country, it's what you find in your pocket that counts. I strongly believe that if you work hard you'll achieve something. If I'm mistaken, it's not my fault.

Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

In what segment of public life are you mostly interested in?
Are you a member of any organization?
Do you sympathize with any groups or parties?
What are the biggest problems in the world nowadays?
What can you personally do to prevent problems like these?
Are you a liberal or a conservative type?
Do you listen to the world-news every day?
Could you recite the latest news story that shocked you most?
What do you think of overpopulation?
Do you believe in vacation trips to the Moon in the near future?

politics
political
politician
political party
Liberal Party

politika
politikai
politikus
politikai párt
Liberális Párt
Stage 2.

*Jack is a young entrepreneur. He started his business four years ago. He seems quite successful.*

I'm selling cosmetics and souvenirs. I own two shops. One of them is situated at a busy border-crossing where thousands of tourists travel in and out every day. Sales are really good. There are two assistants in the shop who are good at their job and also speak foreign languages. It's very important in this business, you know. I speak German and English myself, too, but poorly. The other shop is in the inner town. Local residents and inland tourists visit it. But it also runs well. I think it's enthusiasm that's important when starting a business. Some people just want to make as much money as they can as soon as possible. They aren't really interested in what they're doing. They are only interested in the money they can earn. In two years' time I'd like to open a sort of shopping centre with several little shops in one building. Of course, I'll have to take a loan from my bank. Such investments cost a lot, I'm afraid. Later? Tourism is a rapidly developing industry throughout the world, I know. With the local people I hope I'll always have enough customers in my shops to survive, and even flourish.
Give detailed answers to the following questions with the help of the vocabulary below.

Are you employed by a firm or do you work privately?  
What enterprise would you start if you had the opportunity?  
What qualities do you think one needs to become a successful entrepreneur?  
What do you know about the amount of bank loans you can have in Hungary as an entrepreneur?  
Why do you think so many enterprises go bankrupt so early?  
Business is associated with crime and dishonesty by some people. Do you think they are right?  
Do you sometimes read economic papers?  
Do you know what the stock exchange is?  
What's the job of a broker?  
Would you risk a part of your money if you had a lot?

venture  
widespread unemployment  
balance of payment  
ratio of inflation  
devaluation  
gross national product  
International Monatery Fund  
stimulate the economy  
liquidity  
restrictions  
long-term credit  
boom  
revenue  
stock exchange quotation  
gamble on the stock exchange

vállalkozás  
széleskörű munkanélküliség  
fizetési egyenleg  
inflációs ráta  
leértékelés  
GNP  
IMF  
ösztönzi a gazdaságot  
likviditás  
megszorítások  
hosszú lejáratú hitel  
fellendülés, konjunktúra  
állami bevétel  
tőzsdei árfolyam  
tőzsdézik

Stage 3.

The WHO has seen the future, and it's full of good health.

If your health is in question, you go to the doctor. When the entire planet's well-being is at issue, it's the World Health Organization you consult. The group's recently released 1998 WHO report focuses on the future - and the prognosis is excellent. If WHO experts are right, the 21st century will be peopled by healthy senior citizens, not only in the more developed nations of the West but throughout the world.
That rosy forecast comes from gains made during the past half century. Infant- and child-mortality rates have dropped dramatically, major infectious diseases such as yellow fever and plague are under control and average life expectancy worldwide has shot up from 48 in 1955 to 66 today. Coming decades will bring more of the same, the WHO predicts. Average life expectancy is expected to hit 73 years by 2025 - and that's only an average.

Of course, there are a few red flags on the world's health chart, among them a significant gap in life expectancy between the richest and poorest countries. Still, more people around the world have access to safe water and sanitation than ever before, and most children are now immunized against major childhood diseases.

The largest shadow over world health is the growing AIDS epidemic. Unless an effective vaccine or treatment is developed AIDS could wipe out past gains and threaten future mortality projections.


Translate the following sentences into English.

1. Ezer éve egyfolytában ezt hajtogatod.
2. Ugye nem is volt olyan elviselhetetlen, mint ahogy gondoltad?
3. Kölcsönadom a pénzt, amit kértél, ha csak meg nem gondolom magam.
4. Ezt azért korábban is megmondhattad volna.
5. Nagy csomó megszáradt kenyérszelet volt egy kupacba szórva.
6. Azt mondtad, feltétlenül eljön, csak az időpont nem biztos még.
7. Ha annyira ragaszkodsz a részvételemhez, küldj egy kikérőt.
8. Azt beszélik róla, hogy zsoldosként több háborúban is részt vett.
9. Miután átnézted az anyagot, add le a titkárságon, kérlek.
10. Nem lett volna semmi baj, ha befogd a szádat és nem provokálod őket.
11. Nem hoztam volna el mindet, ha tudom, hogy csak néhányra van szükséged.
12. Kivel csináltatod ezeket az ennivaló kerti törpékét?
13. Örökké azzal a történetével jön elő, amelyben ő játsza a hős.
15. Lehet, hogy eláult minket, de ezt be kell bizonyítanunk.
16. Mit mondott, kitől kapta ezeket a használhatatlan információkat?
17. Semmilyen körülmények között nem látogathatod meg mostanában.
18. Az ember azt gondolná, elég, ha becsületesen végzi a munkáját.
19. Minden harmadik osztálytársam depressziós, szerintem.
20. Ugye nem is volt olyan nehéz, mint gondoltad?
Megoldókulcs a tesztekhez

| 7.o.1c, 2b, 3a, 4c, 5d, | 12.o.1d, 2b, 3a, 4b, 5c, | 14.o.1a, 2b, 3a, 4b, 5d |
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| 108.o.1b, 2d, 3a, 4c, 5c, | 111.o.1c, 2b, 3c, 4a, 5a, | 113.o.1b, 2b, 3c, 4d, 5d, |
| 118.o.1d, 2c, 3a, 4d, 5b, | 121.o.1d, 2c, 3d, 4a, 5c, | 124.o.1b, 2c, 3d, 4c, 5a, |
| 128.o.1c, 2a, 3d, 4a, 5c, | 132.o.1c, 2d, 3a, 4a, 5b, | 135.o.1c, 2a, 3d, 4a, 5c, |
| 138.o.1b, 2c, 3a, 4c, 5c, | 141.o.1c, 2b, 3d, 4c, 5a, | 144.o.1d, 2c, 3a, 4c, 5b, |
| 147.o.1c, 2a, 3b, 4b, 5d, | 149.o.1c, 2a, 3c, 4d, 5a, | 151.o.1b, 2d, 3c, 4c, 5a, |
| 154.o.1d, 2b, 3a, 4d, 5b, | 157.o.1d, 2a, 3c, 4d, 5b | 158.o.1d, 2c, 3b, 4b, 5a, |
| 161.o.1c, 2a, 3c, 4b, 5c, | 164.o.1a, 2b, 3d, 4d, 5b, |
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