

2007.04.13. szombat

XVII Előadás (9. hét)

Vezeték / kábel : impedancia - aszimmetria

$$\begin{bmatrix} \Delta U_a \\ \Delta U_b \\ \Delta U_c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} z_{aa} & z_{ab} & z_{ac} \\ z_{ba} & z_{bb} & z_{bc} \\ z_{ca} & z_{cb} & z_{cc} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_a \\ I_b \\ I_c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I_{a1} = I_1$$

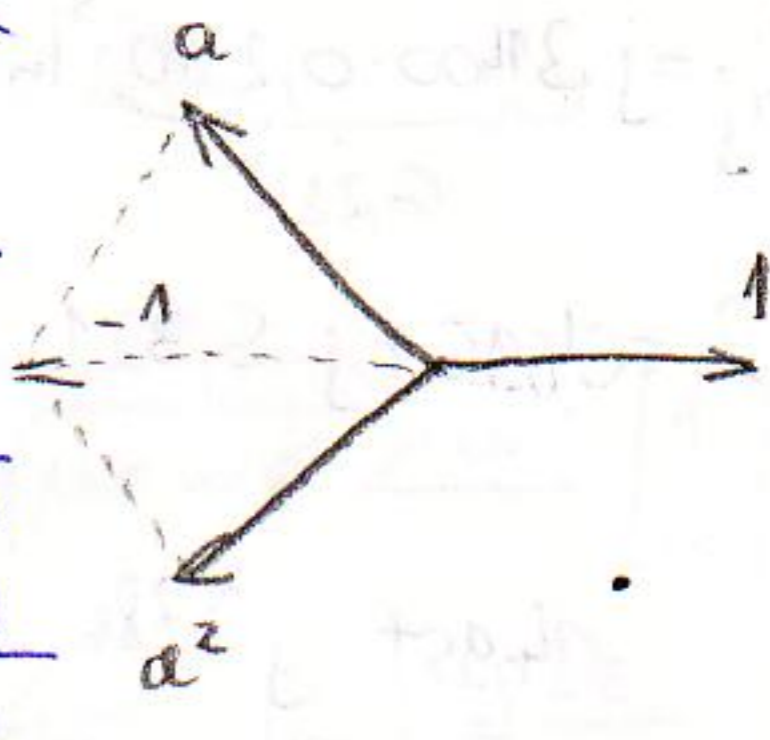
$$I_{b1} = a^2 I_1$$

$$I_{c1} = a I_1$$

$$z_{a1} = \frac{\Delta U_{a1}}{I_1}$$

$$z_{b1b} = \frac{\Delta U_{b1}}{a^2 I_1}$$

$$z_{c1c} = \frac{\Delta U_{c1}}{a I_1}$$



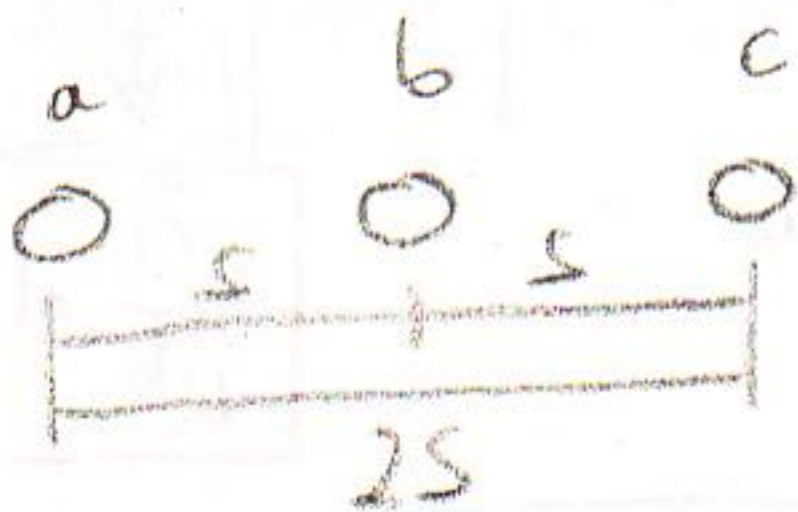
$z_{ff}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \Delta U_{a1} \\ \Delta U_{b1} \\ \Delta U_{c1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} z_{aa} I_1 + a^2 z_{ab} I_1 + a z_{ac} I_1 \\ z_{ba} I_1 + a^2 z_{bb} I_1 + a z_{bc} I_1 \\ z_{ca} I_1 + a^2 z_{cb} I_1 + a z_{cc} I_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} z_{aa} & a^2 z_{ab} + a z_{ac} \\ z_{ba} & a^2 z_{bb} + a z_{bc} \\ z_{ca} & a^2 z_{cb} + a z_{cc} \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ a^2 I_1 \\ a I_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{=} \\ \text{=} \\ \text{=} \\ \text{Sik} \end{matrix}$$

$$z_{n1} = \frac{\Delta U_{n1}}{I_1} = \frac{1}{3} (\Delta U_{a1} + a \Delta U_{b1} + a^2 \Delta U_{c1})$$



Sik



$$z_0 = z_{aa} = z_{bb} = z_{cc}$$

$$z_k = z_{ab} = z_{bc} \quad z_{ac} = z_k + \Delta z$$



$$\text{=} [z_0 + a^2 z_k + a(z_k + \Delta z)] I_1 = [(z_0 - z_k) + a \Delta z] I_1$$

$$\text{=} [z_0 + a z_k + a^2 z_k] a^2 I_1 = [(z_0 - z_k)] a^2 I_1$$

$$\text{=} [z_0 + a z_k + a^2 (z_k + \Delta z)] a I_1 = [(z_0 - z_k) + a^2 \Delta z] a I_1$$

$$z_{n1} |_{\text{Sik}} = \frac{1}{3} \frac{[3(z_0 - z_k) + a \Delta z + a^2 \Delta z] I_1}{I_1} = (z_0 - z_k) - \frac{1}{3} \Delta z$$

$$Z_{\Delta 1} = Z_{\Delta 0} - Z_k = R_{vez} + R_{föld} + j\omega \cdot 0,2 \cdot 10^{-3} \ln \left( \frac{D_e}{r^*} \frac{S}{D_e} \right) = R_v + j\omega 0,2 \cdot 10^{-3} \ln \frac{S}{r^*} = Z_{\Delta 1}$$

*delta elrendezés esetén*  $r^*$  vez. sugár  $(0,0628) / (-0,6931)$

$$Z_{ac} = Z_k + \Delta Z = R_f + j\omega \cdot 0,2 \cdot 10^{-3} \ln \left( \frac{D}{S} \frac{1}{2} \right) = R_f + j\omega 0,2 \cdot 10^{-3} \ln \frac{D_e}{S} + j\omega 0,2 \cdot 10^{-3} \ln \frac{1}{2}$$

*fás oszlopok egyenlő távolságra*  $2S$ : ac táv  $Z_k$   $= -j0,0435 \frac{\Omega}{km}$

$Z_{a1,b} = Z_{\Delta 1} + a \Delta Z$	$Z_{11} = Z_{\Delta 1} - \frac{1}{3} \Delta Z$
$Z_{b1,b} = Z_{\Delta 1}$	
$Z_{c1,c} = Z_{\Delta 1} + a^2 \Delta Z$	

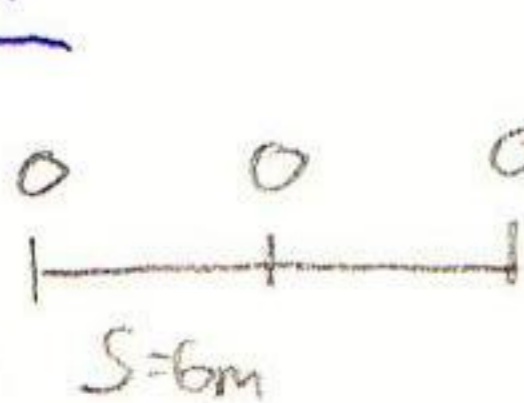
$$a \Delta Z = (-0,5 + j0,87)(-j0,0435) = \overbrace{0,0377}^{\Delta R_{a1}} + j0,028$$

$$a^2 \Delta Z = (-0,5 - j0,87)(-j0,0435) = \underbrace{-0,0377}_{\Delta R_{c1}} + j\underbrace{0,028}_{\Delta X_1}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \Delta Z = -\frac{1}{3}(-j0,0435) = j0,0145$$

Szabadvezetek

120 kV



vezeték: keresztmetszet:  $A=250mm^2$

átmérő:  $d=20mm$

sugár:  $r=10mm$

redukált sugár:  $r^*=7,62mm$  (szabott vezetékűtől a földig)

vezeték vezetékessége:  $R_v = 0,125 \frac{\Omega}{km}$

$$Z_{\Delta 1} = Z_{\Delta 0} - Z_k = R_v + j\omega 0,2 \cdot 10^{-3} \ln \left( \frac{6000}{7,62} \right) = 0,125 + j0,563 (= Z_{b1,b}) \left[ \frac{\Omega}{km} \right] = 0,577 / 77,5^\circ$$

$$Z_{a1,a} = Z_{\Delta 1} + a \Delta Z = 0,125 + \underbrace{0,0377}_{\Delta R_{a1}} + j \left( \underbrace{0,563}_{\Delta X_1} + 0,028 \right) = 0,163 + j0,585 = 0,607 / 74,4^\circ$$

$$Z_{c1,c} = Z_{\Delta 1} + a^2 \Delta Z = 0,087 + j0,585 = 0,591 / 81,5^\circ$$

$$Z_{11} = Z_{\Delta 1} - \frac{1}{3} \Delta Z = 0,125 + j(0,563 + 0,0145) = 0,125 + j0,5775 = 0,59 / 77,78^\circ$$

$$\Delta R_{a1} = (-\Delta R_{c1}) = 100 \frac{0,0377}{0,125} = 30,2\%$$

$$\left( = \frac{\Delta R_1}{R_{c1}} \right)$$

$$\Delta X_{a1} = \Delta X_{c1} = 100 \frac{0,028}{0,563} = 4,97\%$$

$$\left( = \frac{\Delta X_1}{X_{c1}} \right)$$

$$\Delta Z_{a1} = 100 \frac{0,0145}{0,59} = 2,46\%$$

$$\left( = \frac{-\frac{1}{3} \Delta Z}{Z_{c1}} \right)$$
