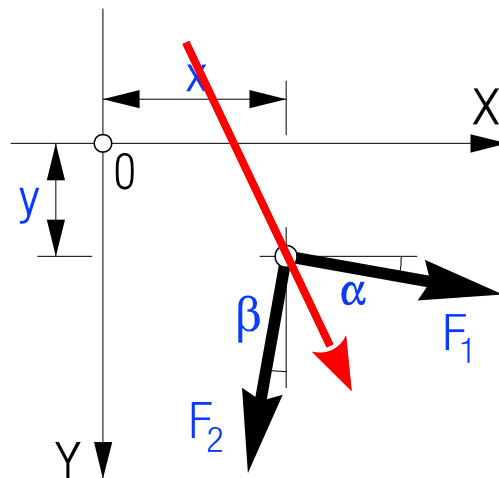


1. Határozza meg az alábbi erőrendszer eredőjét és helyét, valamint az eredő által a 0 pontra kifejtett nyomatékát számítással, az eredményt is ábrázolja! (10 p)



$$F_1 = 10 \text{ kN}$$

$$\alpha = 35^\circ$$

$$F_2 = 5 \text{ kN}$$

$$\beta = 23^\circ$$

$$x = 4,6 \text{ m}$$

$$y = 3,5 \text{ m}$$

$$F_{1x} = F_1 \cdot \cos \alpha = 10 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 35^\circ = \mathbf{8,192 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$F_{1y} = F_1 \cdot \sin \alpha = 10 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 35^\circ = \mathbf{5,736 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$F_{2x} = F_2 \cdot \sin \beta = 5 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 23^\circ = \mathbf{1,954 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$F_{2y} = F_2 \cdot \cos \beta = 5 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 23^\circ = \mathbf{4,603 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$R_x = F_{1x} + F_{2x} = 8,192 \text{ kN} - 1,954 \text{ kN} = \mathbf{6,238 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) [1 p]$$

$$R_y = F_{1y} + F_{2y} = 5,736 \text{ kN} + 4,603 \text{ kN} = \mathbf{10,339 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [1 p]$$

$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2} = \sqrt{6,238^2 + 10,339^2} = \sqrt{38,9126 + 106,8949} = \sqrt{145,8075} = \mathbf{12,075 \text{ kN}} [1 p]$$

$$\gamma = \arctg \frac{R_y}{R_x} = \arctg \frac{10,339 \text{ kN}}{6,238 \text{ kN}} = \arctg 1,657422 = \mathbf{58,895^\circ} [1 p]$$

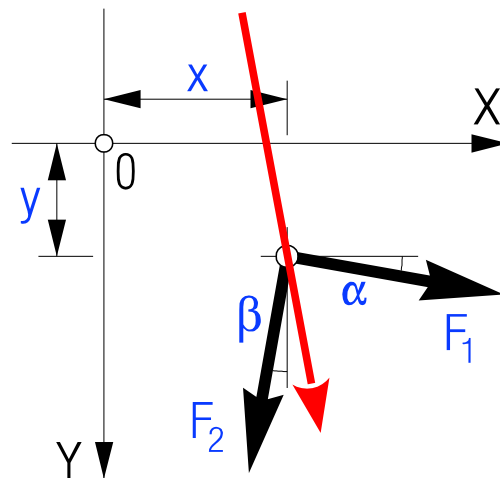
$$\begin{aligned} M_0 &= -F_{1x} \cdot y + F_{1y} \cdot x + F_{2x} \cdot y + F_{2y} \cdot x \\ &= -8,192 \text{ kN} \cdot 3,5 \text{ m} + 5,736 \text{ kN} \cdot 4,6 \text{ m} + 1,954 \text{ kN} \cdot 3,5 \text{ m} + 4,603 \text{ kN} \cdot 4,6 \text{ m} \\ &= -28,672 \text{ kNm} + 26,386 \text{ kNm} + 6,839 \text{ kNm} + 21,174 \text{ kNm} = \mathbf{25,727 \text{ kNm}} (\cup) [1 p] \end{aligned}$$

$$k_x = \frac{M_0}{R_y} = \frac{25,727 \text{ kNm}}{10,339 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{2,488 \text{ m}} [1 p]$$

$$k_y = -\frac{M_0}{R_x} = -\frac{25,727 \text{ kNm}}{6,238 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{-4,124 \text{ m}} [1 p]$$

$$k = \frac{M_0}{R} = \frac{25,727 \text{ kNm}}{12,075 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{2,131 \text{ m}} [1 p]$$

1. Határozza meg az alábbi erőrendszer eredőjét és helyét, valamint az eredő által a 0 pontra kifejtett nyomatékát számítással, az eredményt is ábrázolja! (10 p)



$$F_1 = 17 \text{ kN}$$

$$\alpha = 43^\circ$$

$$F_2 = 26 \text{ kN}$$

$$\beta = 25^\circ$$

$$x = 1,7 \text{ m}$$

$$y = 1,2 \text{ m}$$

$$F_{1x} = F_1 \cdot \cos \alpha = 17 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 43^\circ = \mathbf{12,433 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$F_{1y} = F_1 \cdot \sin \alpha = 17 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 43^\circ = \mathbf{11,594 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$F_{2x} = F_2 \cdot \sin \beta = 26 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 25^\circ = \mathbf{10,988 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$F_{2y} = F_2 \cdot \cos \beta = 26 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 25^\circ = \mathbf{23,564 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$R_x = F_{1x} + F_{2x} = 12,433 \text{ kN} - 10,988 \text{ kN} = \mathbf{1,445 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) [1 p]$$

$$R_y = F_{1y} + F_{2y} = 11,594 \text{ kN} + 23,564 \text{ kN} = \mathbf{35,158 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [1 p]$$

$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2} = \sqrt{1,445^2 + 35,158^2} = \sqrt{2,088 + 1236,085} = \sqrt{1238,1730} = \mathbf{35,188 \text{ kN}} [1 p]$$

$$\gamma = \arctg \frac{R_y}{R_x} = \arctg \frac{35,158 \text{ kN}}{1,445 \text{ kN}} = \arctg 24,33080 = \mathbf{87,65^\circ} [1 p]$$

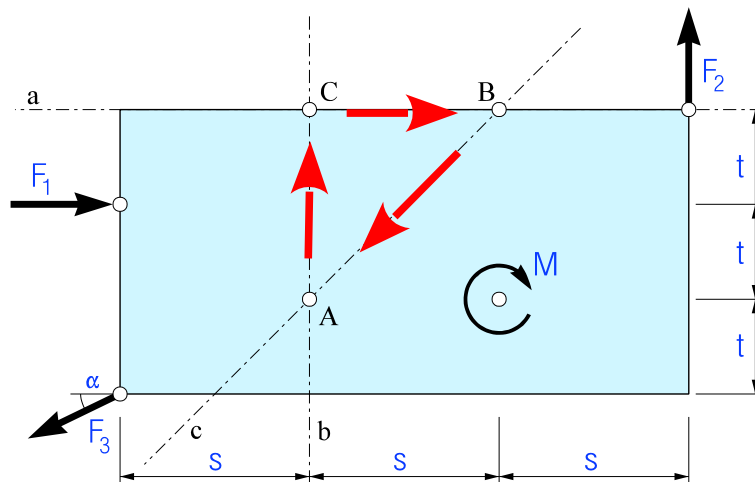
$$\begin{aligned} M_0 &= -F_{1x} \cdot y + F_{1y} \cdot x + F_{2x} \cdot y + F_{2y} \cdot x \\ &= -12,433 \text{ kN} \cdot 1,2 \text{ m} + 11,594 \text{ kN} \cdot 1,7 \text{ m} + 10,988 \text{ kN} \cdot 1,2 \text{ m} + 23,564 \text{ kN} \cdot 1,7 \text{ m} \\ &= -14,920 \text{ kNm} + 19,710 \text{ kNm} + 13,186 \text{ kNm} + 40,059 \text{ kNm} = \mathbf{58,035 \text{ kNm}} (\cup) [1 p] \end{aligned}$$

$$k_x = \frac{M_0}{R_y} = \frac{58,035 \text{ kNm}}{35,158 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{1,651 \text{ m}} [1 p]$$

$$k_y = -\frac{M_0}{R_x} = -\frac{58,035 \text{ kNm}}{1,445 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{-40,162 \text{ m}} [1 p]$$

$$k = \frac{M_0}{R} = \frac{58,035 \text{ kNm}}{35,188 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{1,649 \text{ m}} [1 p]$$

2. Egyensúlyozza 3 erővel az alábbi erőrendszert számítással, az eredményt ábrázolja is! (10 p)



$$F_1 = 20 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_2 = 15 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_3 = 25 \text{ kN}$$

$$\alpha = 32^\circ$$

$$M = 50 \text{ kNm}$$

$$s = 4,0 \text{ m}$$

$$t = 2,0 \text{ m}$$

$$F_{3x} = F_3 \cdot \cos \alpha = 25 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 32^\circ = \mathbf{21,201 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) \text{ [0,5 p]}$$

$$F_{3y} = F_3 \cdot \sin \alpha = 25 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 32^\circ = \mathbf{13,248 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) \text{ [0,5 p]}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_A = 0 &= F_1 \cdot t - F_2 \cdot 2s + F_{3x} \cdot t - F_{3y} \cdot s + M + A \cdot 2t \\ &= 20 \text{ kN} \cdot 2 \text{ m} - 15 \text{ kN} \cdot 8 \text{ m} + 21,201 \text{ kN} \cdot 2 \text{ m} - 13,248 \text{ kN} \cdot 4 \text{ m} + 50 \text{ kNm} + A \cdot 4 \text{ m} \\ &= 40 \text{ kNm} - 120 \text{ kNm} + 42,402 \text{ kNm} - 52,992 \text{ kNm} + 50 \text{ kNm} + A \cdot 4 \text{ m} \\ &= -40,590 \text{ kNm} + A \cdot 4 \text{ m} \text{ [2 p]} \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \frac{40,590 \text{ kNm}}{4,0 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{10,148 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) \text{ [1 p]}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_B = 0 &= -F_1 \cdot t - F_2 \cdot s + F_{3x} \cdot 3t - F_{3y} \cdot 2s + M + B \cdot s \\ &= -20 \text{ kN} \cdot 2 \text{ m} - 15 \text{ kN} \cdot 4 \text{ m} + 21,201 \text{ kN} \cdot 6 \text{ m} - 13,248 \text{ kN} \cdot 8 \text{ m} + 50 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 4 \text{ m} \\ &= -40 \text{ kNm} - 60 \text{ kNm} + 127,206 \text{ kNm} - 105,984 \text{ kNm} + 50 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 4 \text{ m} \\ &= -28,778 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 4 \text{ m} \text{ [2 p]} \end{aligned}$$

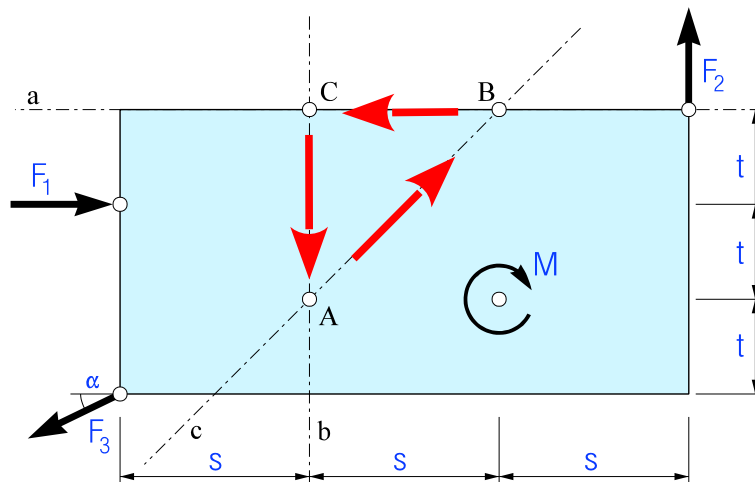
$$B = \frac{28,778 \text{ kNm}}{4,0 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{7,195 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) \text{ [1 p]}$$

$$k_c = \frac{4,0 \text{ m}}{\sqrt{2}} = 2,828 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_C = 0 &= -F_1 \cdot t - F_2 \cdot 2s + F_{3x} \cdot 3t - F_{3y} \cdot s + M + C \cdot k_c \\ &= -20 \text{ kN} \cdot 2 \text{ m} - 15 \text{ kN} \cdot 8 \text{ m} + 21,201 \text{ kN} \cdot 6 \text{ m} - 13,248 \text{ kN} \cdot 4 \text{ m} + 50 \text{ kNm} + C \cdot 2,828 \text{ m} \\ &= -40 \text{ kNm} - 120 \text{ kNm} + 127,206 \text{ kNm} - 52,992 \text{ kNm} + 50 \text{ kNm} + C \cdot 2,828 \text{ m} \\ &= -35,786 \text{ kNm} + C \cdot 2,828 \text{ m} \text{ [2 p]} \end{aligned}$$

$$C = \frac{35,786 \text{ kNm}}{2,828 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{12,652 \text{ kN}} (\nwarrow) \text{ [1 p]}$$

2. Egyensúlyozza 3 erővel az alábbi erőrendszert számítással, az eredményt ábrázolja is! (10 p)



$$F_1 = 22 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_2 = 15 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_3 = 35 \text{ kN}$$

$$\alpha = 37^\circ$$

$$M = 100 \text{ kNm}$$

$$s = 3,0 \text{ m}$$

$$t = 2,0 \text{ m}$$

$$F_{3x} = F_3 \cdot \cos \alpha = 35 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 37^\circ = \mathbf{27,952 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$F_{3y} = F_3 \cdot \sin \alpha = 35 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 37^\circ = \mathbf{21,064 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_A = 0 &= F_1 \cdot t - F_2 \cdot 2s + F_{3x} \cdot t - F_{3y} \cdot s + M + A \cdot 2t \\ &= 22 \text{ kN} \cdot 2 \text{ m} - 15 \text{ kN} \cdot 6 \text{ m} + 27,952 \text{ kN} \cdot 2 \text{ m} - 21,064 \text{ kN} \cdot 3 \text{ m} + 100 \text{ kNm} + A \cdot 4 \text{ m} \\ &= 44 \text{ kNm} - 90 \text{ kNm} + 55,904 \text{ kNm} - 63,192 \text{ kNm} + 100 \text{ kNm} + A \cdot 4 \text{ m} \\ &= 46,712 \text{ kNm} + A \cdot 4 \text{ m} [2 p] \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \frac{-46,712 \text{ kNm}}{4,0 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{11,678 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) [1 p]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_B = 0 &= -F_1 \cdot t - F_2 \cdot s + F_{3x} \cdot 3t - F_{3y} \cdot 2s + M + B \cdot s \\ &= -22 \text{ kN} \cdot 2 \text{ m} - 15 \text{ kN} \cdot 3 \text{ m} + 27,952 \text{ kN} \cdot 6 \text{ m} - 21,064 \text{ kN} \cdot 6 \text{ m} + 100 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 3 \text{ m} \\ &= -44 \text{ kNm} - 45 \text{ kNm} + 167,712 \text{ kNm} - 126,384 \text{ kNm} + 100 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 3 \text{ m} \\ &= 52,328 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 3 \text{ m} [2 p] \end{aligned}$$

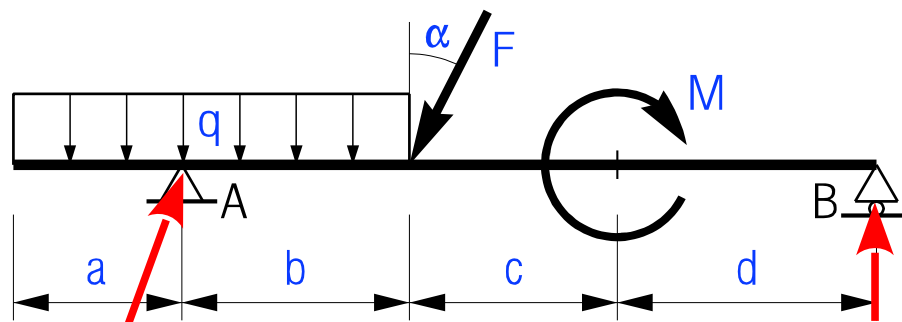
$$B = \frac{-52,328 \text{ kNm}}{3,0 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{17,443 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [1 p]$$

$$k_c = \frac{3,0 \text{ m} \cdot 4,0 \text{ m}}{5,0 \text{ m}} = 2,4 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_C = 0 &= -F_1 \cdot t - F_2 \cdot 2s + F_{3x} \cdot 3t - F_{3y} \cdot s + M + C \cdot k_c \\ &= -22 \text{ kN} \cdot 2 \text{ m} - 15 \text{ kN} \cdot 6 \text{ m} + 27,952 \text{ kN} \cdot 6 \text{ m} - 21,064 \text{ kN} \cdot 3 \text{ m} + 100 \text{ kNm} + C \cdot 2,4 \text{ m} \\ &= -44 \text{ kNm} - 90 \text{ kNm} + 167,712 \text{ kNm} - 63,192 \text{ kNm} + 100 \text{ kNm} + C \cdot 2,4 \text{ m} \\ &= 70,520 \text{ kNm} + C \cdot 2,4 \text{ m} [2 p] \end{aligned}$$

$$C = \frac{-70,520 \text{ kNm}}{2,4 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{29,383 \text{ kN}} (\nearrow) [1 p]$$

3. Határozza meg az alábbi tartó reakcióerőit (támaszerőit), az eredményt ábrázolja is a tartón! (10 p)



$$q = 12 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$F = 20 \text{ kN}$$

$$\alpha = 20,0^\circ$$

$$M = 18 \text{ kNm}$$

$$a = 1,0 \text{ m}$$

$$b = 4,0 \text{ m}$$

$$c = 1,0 \text{ m}$$

$$d = 4,0 \text{ m}$$

$$F_x = F \cdot \sin \alpha = 20 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 20^\circ = \mathbf{6,840 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$F_y = F \cdot \cos \alpha = 20 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 20^\circ = \mathbf{18,794 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [0,5 p]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_A = 0 &= F_y \cdot b - q \cdot a \cdot \frac{a}{2} + q \cdot b \cdot \frac{b}{2} + M - B \cdot (b+c+d) \\ &= 18,794 \text{ kN} \cdot 4 \text{ m} - 12 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 1 \text{ m} \cdot 0,5 \text{ m} + 12 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 4 \text{ m} \cdot 2 \text{ m} + 18 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 9 \text{ m} \\ &= 75,176 \text{ kNm} - 6,0 \text{ kNm} + 96,0 \text{ kNm} + 18 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 9 \text{ m} \\ &= 183,176 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 9 \text{ m} [2 p] \end{aligned}$$

$$B = \frac{183,176 \text{ kNm}}{9,0 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{20,353 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) [1 p]$$

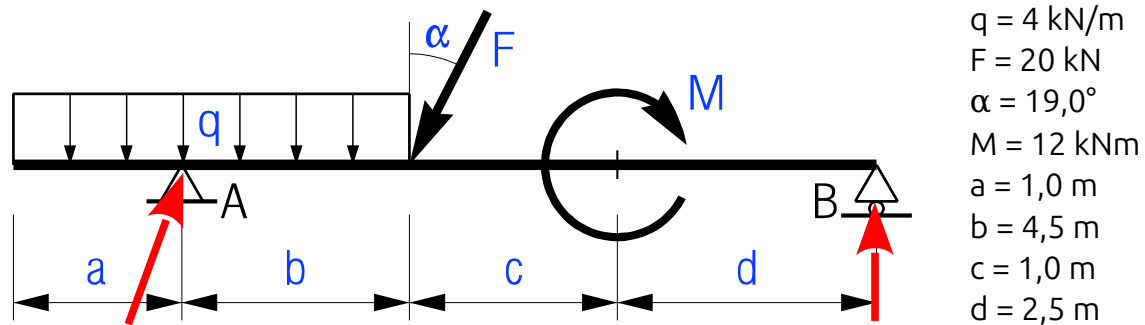
$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_y = 0 &= F_y + q \cdot (a+b) - B - A_y \\ &= 18,794 \text{ kN} + 12,0 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 5 \text{ m} - 20,353 \text{ kN} - A_y \\ &= 18,794 \text{ kN} + 60,0 \text{ kN} - 20,353 \text{ kN} - A_y = 58,441 \text{ kN} - A_y \\ A_y &= \mathbf{58,441 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) [1 p] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_x = 0 &= -F_x + A_x \\ &= -6,840 \text{ kN} + A_x \\ A_x &= \mathbf{6,840 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) [1 p] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \sqrt{A_x^2 + A_y^2} \\ &= \sqrt{6,840^2 + 58,441^2} = \sqrt{46,7856 + 3415,3505} = \sqrt{3462,1361} = \mathbf{58,840 \text{ kN}} [1 p] \end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma = \arctg \frac{A_y}{A_x} = \arctg \frac{58,441 \text{ kN}}{6,840 \text{ kN}} = \arctg 8,544006 = \mathbf{83,32^\circ} [1 p]$$

3. Határozza meg az alábbi tartó reakcióerőit (támaszerőit), az eredményt ábrázolja is a tartón! (10 p)



$$F_x = F \cdot \sin \alpha = 20 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 19^\circ = \mathbf{6,511 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) [0,5 \text{ p}]$$

$$F_y = F \cdot \cos \alpha = 20 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 19^\circ = \mathbf{18,910 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [0,5 \text{ p}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_A = 0 &= F_y \cdot b - q \cdot a \cdot \frac{a}{2} + q \cdot b \cdot \frac{b}{2} + M - B \cdot (b+c+d) \\ &= 18,910 \text{ kN} \cdot 4,5 \text{ m} - 4 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 1 \text{ m} \cdot 0,5 \text{ m} + 4 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 4,5 \text{ m} \cdot 2,25 \text{ m} + 12 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 8 \text{ m} \\ &= 85,095 \text{ kNm} - 2,0 \text{ kNm} + 40,5 \text{ kNm} + 12 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 8 \text{ m} \\ &= 135,595 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 8 \text{ m} [2 \text{ p}] \end{aligned}$$

$$B = \frac{135,595 \text{ kNm}}{8,0 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{16,949 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) [1 \text{ p}]$$

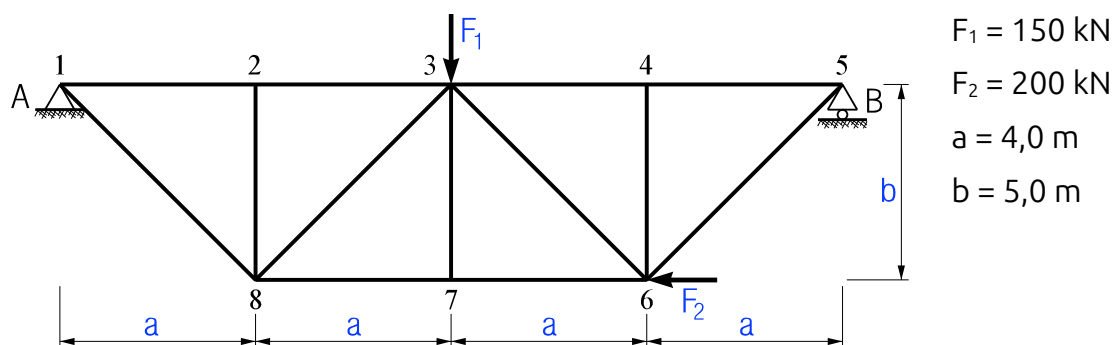
$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_y = 0 &= F_y + q \cdot (a+b) - B - A_y \\ &= 18,910 \text{ kN} + 4,0 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 5,5 \text{ m} - 16,949 \text{ kN} - A_y \\ &= 18,910 \text{ kN} + 22,0 \text{ kN} - 16,949 \text{ kN} - A_y = 23,961 \text{ kN} - A_y \\ A_y &= \mathbf{23,961 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) [1 \text{ p}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_x = 0 &= -F_x + A_x \\ &= -6,511 \text{ kN} + A_x \\ A_x &= \mathbf{6,511 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) [1 \text{ p}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \sqrt{A_x^2 + A_y^2} \\ &= \sqrt{6,511^2 + 23,961^2} = \sqrt{42,3931 + 574,1295} = \sqrt{616,5226} = \mathbf{24,830 \text{ kN}} [1 \text{ p}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma = \arctg \frac{A_y}{A_x} = \arctg \frac{23,961 \text{ kN}}{6,511 \text{ kN}} = \arctg 3,680080 = \mathbf{74,80^\circ} [1 \text{ p}]$$

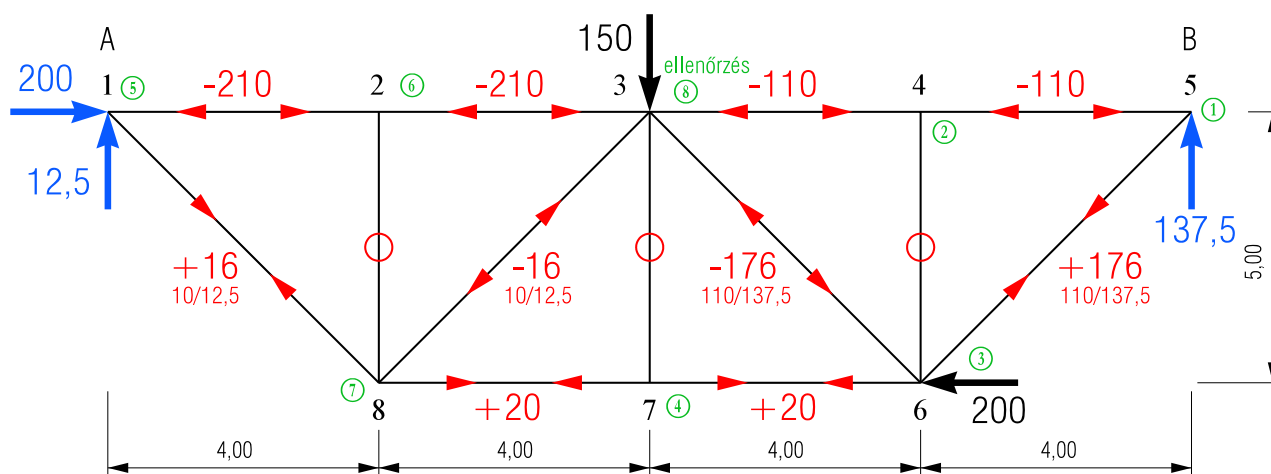
4. Határozza meg az alábbi rácsos tartó rúderőit a csomóponti módszerrel számítással, az eredményt ábrázolja is a tartón! (20 p)



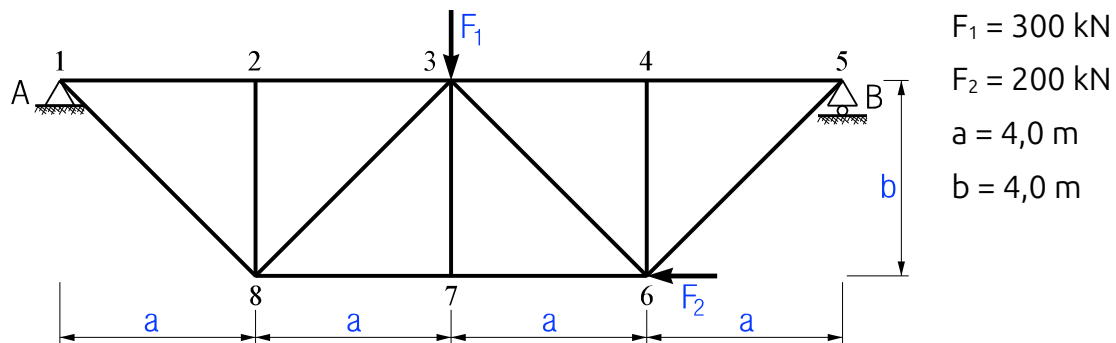
$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum M_A = 0 &= F_1 \cdot 2 \cdot a + F_1 \cdot b - B \cdot 4 \cdot a \\
 &= 150 \text{ kN} \cdot 8,0 \text{ m} + 200 \text{ kN} \cdot 5,0 - B \cdot 16,0 \text{ m} \\
 &= 1200,0 \text{ kNm} + 1000,0 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 16,0 \text{ m} \\
 &= 2200,0 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 16 \text{ m} \\
 B &= \frac{2200,0 \text{ kNm}}{16,0 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{137,5 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) \text{ [1 p]}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum F_y = 0 &= F_1 - B - A_y = 150 \text{ kN} - 137,5 \text{ kN} - A_y = 12,5 \text{ kN} - A_y \\
 A_y &= \mathbf{12,5 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) \text{ [1 p]}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum F_x = 0 &= -F_x + A_x = -200,0 \text{ kN} + A_x \\
 A_x &= \mathbf{200,0 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) \text{ [1 p]}
 \end{aligned}$$



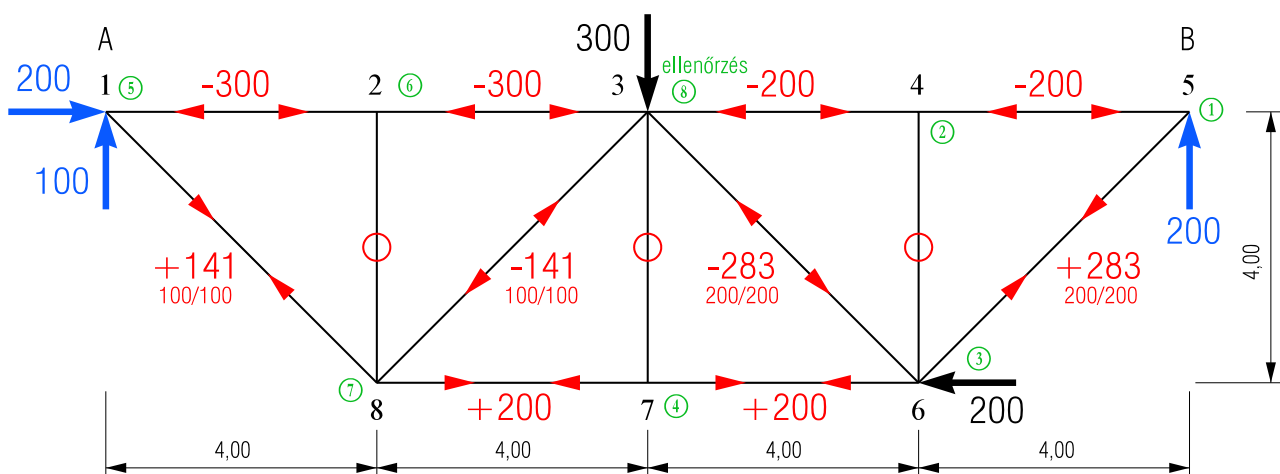
4. Határozza meg az alábbi rácsos tartó rúderőit a csomóponti módszerrel számítással, az eredményt ábrázolja is a tartón! (20 p)



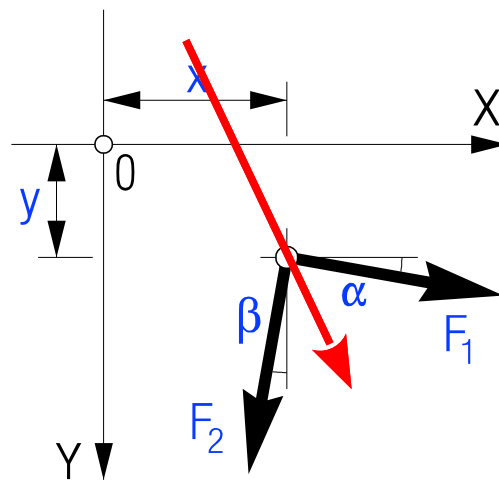
$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum M_A = 0 &= F_1 \cdot 2 \cdot a + F_1 \cdot b - B \cdot 4 \cdot a \\
 &= 300 \text{ kN} \cdot 8,0 \text{ m} + 200 \text{ kN} \cdot 4,0 - B \cdot 16,0 \text{ m} \\
 &= 2400,0 \text{ kNm} + 800,0 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 16,0 \text{ m} \\
 &= 3200,0 \text{ kNm} - B \cdot 16 \text{ m} \\
 B &= \frac{3200,0 \text{ kNm}}{16,0 \text{ m}} = \mathbf{200,0 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) \text{ [1 p]}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum F_y = 0 &= F_1 - B - A_y = 300 \text{ kN} - 200 \text{ kN} - A_y = 100 \text{ kN} - A_y \\
 A_y &= \mathbf{100,0 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) \text{ [1 p]}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum F_x = 0 &= -F_x + A_x = -200,0 \text{ kN} + A_x \\
 A_x &= \mathbf{200,0 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) \text{ [1 p]}
 \end{aligned}$$



1. Határozza meg az alábbi erőrendszer eredőjét és helyét, valamint az eredő által a 0 pontra kifejtett nyomatékát számítással, az eredményt is ábrázolja! (10 p)



$$F_1 = 10 \text{ kN}$$

$$\alpha = 35^\circ$$

$$F_2 = 5 \text{ kN}$$

$$\beta = 23^\circ$$

$$x = 4,6 \text{ m}$$

$$y = 3,5 \text{ m}$$

$$F_{1x} = F_1 \cdot \cos \alpha = 10 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 35^\circ = \mathbf{8,192 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) [0,5 \text{ p}]$$

$$F_{1y} = F_1 \cdot \sin \alpha = 10 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 35^\circ = \mathbf{5,736 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [0,5 \text{ p}]$$

$$F_{2x} = F_2 \cdot \sin \beta = 5 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 23^\circ = \mathbf{1,954 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) [0,5 \text{ p}]$$

$$F_{2y} = F_2 \cdot \cos \beta = 5 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 23^\circ = \mathbf{4,603 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [0,5 \text{ p}]$$

$$R_x = F_{1x} + F_{2x} = 8,192 \text{ kN} - 1,954 \text{ kN} = \mathbf{6,238 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) [1 \text{ p}]$$

$$R_y = F_{1y} + F_{2y} = 5,736 \text{ kN} + 4,603 \text{ kN} = \mathbf{10,339 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) [1 \text{ p}]$$

$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2} = \sqrt{6,238^2 + 10,339^2} = \sqrt{38,9126 + 106,8949} = \sqrt{145,8075} = \mathbf{12,075 \text{ kN}} [1 \text{ p}]$$

$$\gamma = \arctg \frac{R_y}{R_x} = \arctg \frac{10,339 \text{ kN}}{6,238 \text{ kN}} = \arctg 1,657422 = \mathbf{58,895^\circ} [1 \text{ p}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_0 &= -F_{1x} \cdot y + F_{1y} \cdot x + F_{2x} \cdot y + F_{2y} \cdot x \\ &= -8,192 \text{ kN} \cdot 3,5 \text{ m} + 5,736 \text{ kN} \cdot 4,6 \text{ m} + 1,954 \text{ kN} \cdot 3,5 \text{ m} + 4,603 \text{ kN} \cdot 4,6 \text{ m} \\ &= -28,672 \text{ kNm} + 26,386 \text{ kNm} + 6,839 \text{ kNm} + 21,174 \text{ kNm} = \mathbf{25,727 \text{ kNm}} (\curvearrowright) [1 \text{ p}] \end{aligned}$$

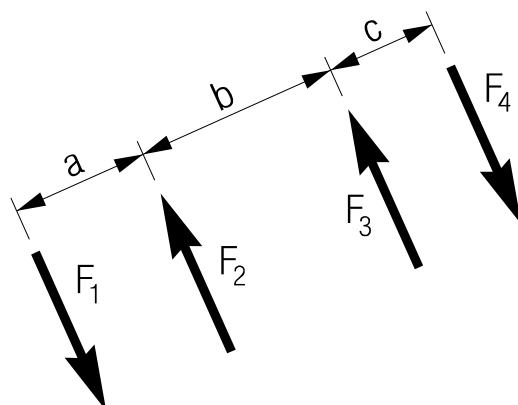
$$k_x = \frac{M_0}{R_y} = \frac{25,727 \text{ kNm}}{10,339 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{2,488 \text{ m}} [1 \text{ p}]$$

$$k_y = -\frac{M_0}{R_x} = -\frac{25,727 \text{ kNm}}{6,238 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{-4,124 \text{ m}} [1 \text{ p}]$$

$$k = \frac{M_0}{R} = \frac{25,727 \text{ kNm}}{12,075 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{2,131 \text{ m}} [1 \text{ p}]$$

1. Határozza meg és ábrázolja az alábbi erőrendszer eredőjét számítással!

[Σ10p]



$$F_1 = 21 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_2 = 44 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_3 = 32 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_4 = 75 \text{ kN}$$

$$a = 2,5 \text{ m}$$

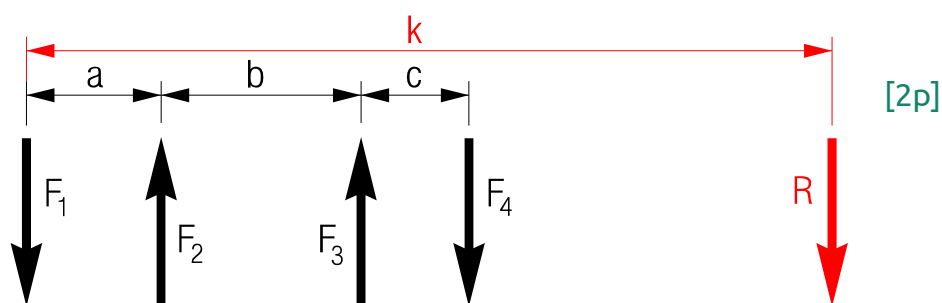
$$b = 3,5 \text{ m}$$

$$c = 2,0 \text{ m}$$

$$R = F_1 + F_2 + F_3 + F_4 = 21 \text{ kN} - 44 \text{ kN} - 32 \text{ kN} + 75 \text{ kN} = \mathbf{20 \text{ kN}} \text{ [4 p]}$$

$$R \cdot k = \sum F_i \cdot k_i$$

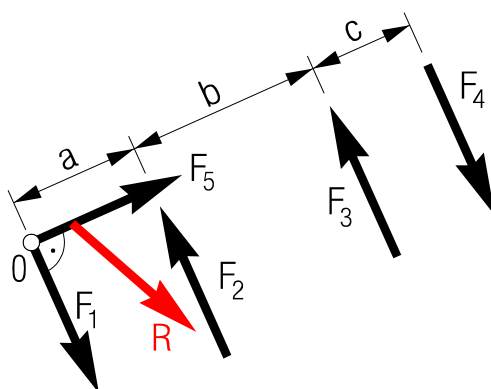
$$\begin{aligned} k &= \frac{F_1 \cdot 0 + F_2 \cdot a + F_3 \cdot (a + b) + F_4 \cdot (a + b + c)}{R} \\ &= \frac{0 - 44 \text{ kN} \cdot 2,5 \text{ m} - 32 \text{ kN} \cdot (2,5 \text{ m} + 3,5 \text{ m}) + 75 \text{ kN} \cdot (2,5 \text{ m} + 3,5 \text{ m} + 2,0 \text{ m})}{20 \text{ kN}} \\ &= \frac{0 - 110 \text{ kNm} - 192 \text{ kNm} + 600 \text{ kNm}}{20 \text{ kN}} = \frac{298 \text{ kNm}}{20 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{14,9 \text{ m}} \text{ [4 p]} \end{aligned}$$



[2p]

1. Határozza meg és ábrázolja az alábbi erőrendszer eredőjét számítással!

[Σ10p]



$$F_1 = 32 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_2 = 20 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_3 = 18 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_4 = 16 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_4 = 6 \text{ kN}$$

$$a = 2,0 \text{ m}$$

$$b = 2,5 \text{ m}$$

$$c = 3,5 \text{ m}$$

[1p]

$$R_x = F_5 = 6 \text{ kN} (\rightarrow) [1p]$$

$$R_y = F_1 + F_2 + F_3 + F_4 = 32 \text{ kN} - 20 \text{ kN} - 18 \text{ kN} + 16 \text{ kN} = 10 \text{ kN} (\downarrow) [2p]$$

$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2} = \sqrt{6^2 + 10^2} = \sqrt{136} = 11,66 \text{ kN} [1p]$$

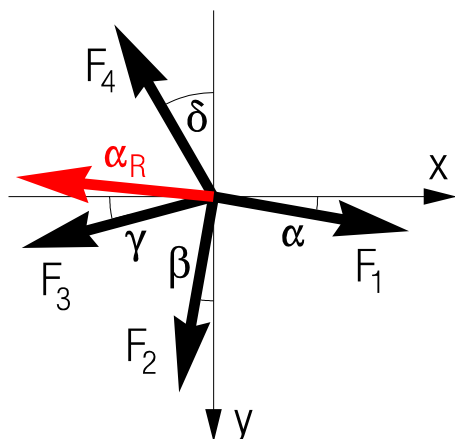
$$\tan(\alpha) = \frac{R_y}{R_x} = \frac{10 \text{ kN}}{6 \text{ kN}} = 1,6667 [1p] \rightarrow \alpha = \arctan(1,6667) = 59,036^\circ [1p]$$

$$R \cdot k = \sum F_i \cdot k_i$$

$$\begin{aligned} k &= \frac{F_1 \cdot 0 + F_2 \cdot a + F_3 \cdot (a + b) + F_4 \cdot (a + b + c) + F_5 \cdot 0}{R_y} \\ &= \frac{0 - 20 \text{ kN} \cdot 2,0 \text{ m} - 18 \text{ kN} \cdot (2,0 \text{ m} + 2,5 \text{ m}) + 16 \text{ kN} \cdot (2,0 \text{ m} + 2,5 \text{ m} + 3,5 \text{ m}) + 0}{10 \text{ kN}} \\ &= \frac{0 - 40 \text{ kNm} - 81 \text{ kNm} + 128 \text{ kNm} + 0}{10 \text{ kN}} = \frac{7 \text{ kNm}}{10 \text{ kN}} = 0,7 \text{ m} [3p] \end{aligned}$$

1. Határozza meg és ábrázolja az alábbi erőrendszer eredőjét számítással!

[Σ10p]



$$F_1 = 12 \text{ kN}$$

$$\alpha = 15^\circ$$

$$F_2 = 21 \text{ kN}$$

$$\beta = 10^\circ$$

$$F_3 = 30 \text{ kN}$$

$$\gamma = 25^\circ$$

$$F_4 = 45 \text{ kN}$$

$$\delta = 35^\circ$$

[1p]

sorszám	F_i kN	szög	$F_{i,x}$ kN [2p]	$F_{i,y}$ kN [2p]	$F_{i,x}$ kN	$F_{i,y}$ kN
1	12	15°	$+ F_1 \cdot \cos \alpha$	$+ F_1 \cdot \sin \alpha$	11,591	3,106
2	21	10°	$- F_2 \cdot \sin \beta$	$+ F_2 \cdot \cos \beta$	-3,647	20,681
3	30	25°	$- F_3 \cdot \cos \gamma$	$+ F_3 \cdot \sin \gamma$	-27,189	12,678
4	45	35°	$- F_4 \cdot \sin \delta$	$- F_4 \cdot \cos \delta$	-25,811	-36,862
Σ	$\text{tg } \alpha_R = 0,397/45,056 = \mathbf{0,008811}$ [1p] $\alpha_R = \mathbf{0,505^\circ}$ [1p]				$\mathbf{-45,056 \leftarrow}$	$\mathbf{-0,397 \uparrow}$
					$\mathbf{45,058 \curvearrowright}$ [3·1p]	

$$R_x = \sum F_{ix} = F_1 \cdot \cos \alpha - F_2 \cdot \sin \beta - F_3 \cdot \cos \gamma - F_4 \cdot \sin \delta$$

$$= 11,591 \text{ kN} - 3,647 \text{ kN} - 27,189 \text{ kN} - 25,811 \text{ kN} = \mathbf{-45,056 \text{ kN} (\leftarrow)}$$

$$R_y = \sum F_{iy} = F_1 \cdot \sin \alpha + F_2 \cdot \cos \beta + F_3 \cdot \sin \gamma - F_4 \cdot \cos \delta$$

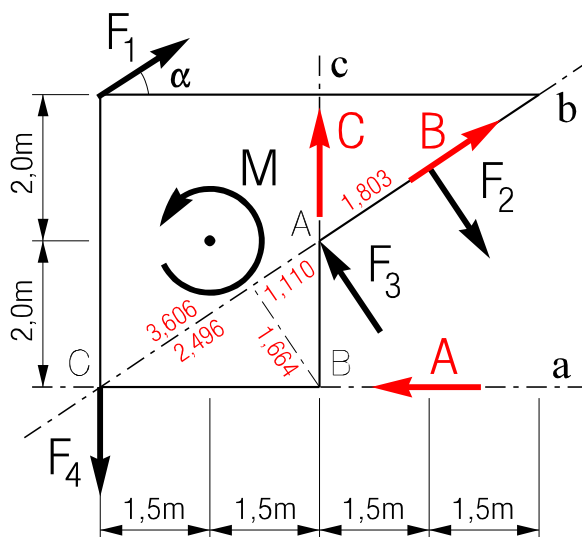
$$= 3,106 \text{ kN} + 20,618 \text{ kN} + 12,678 \text{ kN} - 36,862 \text{ kN} = \mathbf{-0,397 \text{ kN} (\uparrow)}$$

$$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2} = \sqrt{45,056^2 + 0,397^2} = \sqrt{2030,043 + 0,158} = \sqrt{2030,201} = \mathbf{45,058 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\tan(\alpha_R) = \frac{R_y}{R_x} = \frac{0,397 \text{ kN}}{45,056 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{0,008811} \rightarrow \alpha_R = \arctan(0,008811) = \mathbf{0,505^\circ}$$

2. Egyensúlyozza 3 erővel (és ábrázolja) az alábbi erőrendszert számítással!

[Σ15p]



$$F_1 = 20 \text{ kN}$$

$$\alpha = 25^\circ$$

$$F_{1x} = 20 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos \alpha = 18,126 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{1y} = 20 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin \alpha = 8,452 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_2 = 24 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_3 = 12 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_4 = 35 \text{ kN}$$

$$M = 110 \text{ kNm}$$

F_1 hatásvonala nem párhuzamos a B erőével!

$$\sum M_A = 0 = \sum M_A^* + A \cdot k_A \quad [0,5p]$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm [3p]		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F _{1x}	18,126 kN	2,00	↺	+ F _{1x} · 2,00	+18,126 · 2,00	+36,25
F _{1y}	8,452 kN	3,00	↺	+ F _{1y} · 3,00	+8,452 · 3,00	+25,36
F ₂	24 kN	1,803	↺	+ F ₂ · 1,803	+24 · 1,803	+43,27
F ₃	12 kN	0	–	F ₃ · 0	12 · 0	0
F ₄	35 kN	3,00	↻	- F ₄ · 3,00	-35 · 3,00	-105,00
M	110 kNm	–	↻	- M	-110	-110,00
ΣM _A [*]			↻			-110,12
A	55,06 kN (←)	2,00	↺	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		+110,12
ΣM _A	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum M_A = 0 &= F_{1x} \cdot 2,0m + F_{1y} \cdot 3,0m + F_2 \cdot 1,8m - F_4 \cdot 3,0m - M - A \cdot 2,0m \\
 &= 18,13 \text{ kN} \cdot 2,0m + 8,45 \text{ kN} \cdot 3,0m + 24 \text{ kN} \cdot 1,8m - 35 \text{ kN} \cdot 3,0m - 110 \text{ kNm} - A \cdot 2,0m \\
 &= 36,25 \text{ kNm} + 25,36 \text{ kNm} + 43,27 \text{ kNm} - 105,00 \text{ kNm} - 110,00 \text{ kNm} - A \cdot 2,0m \\
 &= -110,12 \text{ kNm} - A \cdot 2,0m \\
 A &= \frac{-110,12 \text{ kNm}}{2,0m} = -55,06 \text{ kN} \quad (\leftarrow [0,5p])
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum M_B = 0 = \sum M_B^* + B \cdot k_B \quad [0,5p]$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm [3p]		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F_{1x}	18,126 kN	4,00	↺	$+ F_{1x} \cdot 4,00$	$+18,126 \cdot 4,00$	+72,50
F_{1y}	8,452 kN	3,00	↺	$+ F_{1y} \cdot 3,00$	$+8,452 \cdot 3,00$	+25,36
F_2	24 kN	2,913	↺	$+ F_2 \cdot 2,913$	$+24 \cdot 2,913$	+69,91
F_3	12 kN	1,110	↻	$- F_3 \cdot 1,110$	$-12 \cdot 1,110$	-13,32
F_4	35 kN	3,00	↻	$- F_4 \cdot 3,00$	$-35 \cdot 3,00$	-105,00
M	110 kNm	–	↻	- M	-110	-110,00
ΣM_B^*			↻			-60,55
B	36,39 kN (↗)	1,664	↻	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		+60,55
ΣM_B	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Sigma M_B = 0 &= F_{1x} \cdot 4,0m + F_{1y} \cdot 3,0m + F_2 \cdot 2,91m - F_3 \cdot 1,11m - F_4 \cdot 3,0m - M + B_y \cdot 3,0m \\
 &= 18,13kN \cdot 4,0m + 8,45kN \cdot 3,0m + 24kN \cdot 2,91m - 12kN \cdot 1,11m - 35kN \cdot 3,0m \\
 &\quad - 110kNm + B_y \cdot 3,0m \\
 &= 72,50kNm + 25,36kNm + 70,08kNm - 13,32kNm - 105kNm \\
 &\quad - 110kNm + B_y \cdot 3,0m \\
 &= -60,55kNm + B_y \cdot 3,0m = -60,55kNm + B \cdot 1,664m
 \end{aligned}$$

$$B_y = \frac{60,55kNm}{3,0m} = \mathbf{20,18kN (\uparrow)} \quad B_x = \frac{3}{2} \cdot B_y = \mathbf{30,28kN (\rightarrow)}$$

$$B = \frac{60,55kNm}{1,664m} = \sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2} = \sqrt{20,18^2 + 30,28^2} = \sqrt{1323,94} = \mathbf{36,39kN (\nearrow [0,5p])}$$

$$\sum M_C = 0 = \sum M_C^* + C \cdot k_C \quad [0,5p]$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm [3p]		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F_{1x}	18,126 kN	4,00	↺	$+ F_{1x} \cdot 4,00$	$+18,126 \cdot 4,00$	+72,50
F_{1y}	8,452 kN	0	–	$F_{1y} \cdot 0$	$8,452 \cdot 0$	0
F_2	24 kN	5,409	↺	$+ F_2 \cdot 5,409$	$+24 \cdot 5,409$	+129,82
F_3	12 kN	3,606	↻	$- F_3 \cdot 3,606$	$-12 \cdot 3,606$	-43,27
F_4	35 kN	0	–	$F_4 \cdot 0$	$35 \cdot 0$	0
M	110 kNm	–	↻	- M	-110	-110,00
ΣM_C^*			↺			+49,05
C	16,35 kN (↑)	3,00	↻	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		-49,05
ΣM_C	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma M_C &= 0 = F_{1x} \cdot 4,0\,m + F_2 \cdot 5,41\,m - F_3 \cdot 3,61\,m - M + C \cdot 3,0\,m \\ &= 18,13\,kN \cdot 4,0\,m + 24\,kN \cdot 5,41\,m - 12\,kN \cdot 3,61\,m - 110\,kNm + C \cdot 3,0\,m \\ &= 72,50\,kNm + 129,82\,kNm - 43,27\,kNm - 110,00\,kNm + C \cdot 3,0\,m \\ &= 49,05\,kNm + C \cdot 3,0\,m\end{aligned}$$

$$C = \frac{-49,05\,kNm}{3,0\,m} = -16,35\,kN \ (\uparrow[0,5\,p])$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Sigma M_A = 0 &= q \cdot (a + b) \cdot \left(\frac{a + b}{2} - a \right) + M + F_y \cdot (b + c + d) + B_y \cdot (b + c + d) \\
&= 5 \text{ kN/m} \cdot (2,5 \text{ m} + 3,5 \text{ m}) \cdot \left(\frac{2,5 \text{ m} + 3,5 \text{ m}}{2} - 2,5 \text{ m} \right) \\
&\quad - 8 \text{ kNm} + 9,659 \text{ kN} \cdot (3,5 \text{ m} + 1,0 \text{ m} + 2,0 \text{ m}) + B_y \cdot (3,5 \text{ m} + 1,0 \text{ m} + 2,0 \text{ m}) \\
&= 5 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 6,0 \text{ m} \cdot 0,5 \text{ m} - 8 \text{ kNm} + 9,659 \text{ kN} \cdot 6,5 \text{ m} + B_y \cdot 6,5 \text{ m} \\
&= 15 \text{ kNm} - 8 \text{ kNm} + 62,784 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 6,5 \text{ m} = 69,784 \text{ kNm} + B_y \cdot 6,5 \text{ m} \\
B_y &= \frac{-69,784 \text{ kNm}}{6,5 \text{ m}} = -10,736 \text{ kN} (\uparrow) [4+0,5 p]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Sigma F_x = 0 &= F_x + B_x = -2,588 \text{ kN} + B_x \\
B_x &= 2,588 \text{ kN} (\rightarrow) [2+0,5 p]
\end{aligned}$$

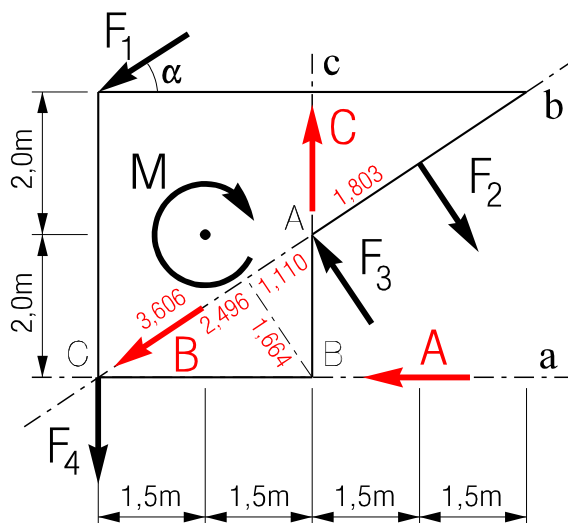
$$\begin{aligned}
\Sigma F_y = 0 &= q \cdot (a + b) + A + F_y + B_y = 5 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 6,0 \text{ m} + A + 9,659 \text{ kN} - 10,736 \text{ kN} \\
A &= -28,923 \text{ kN} (\uparrow) [2,5+0,5 p]
\end{aligned}$$

$$B = \sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2} = \sqrt{2,588^2 + 10,736^2} = \sqrt{121,959} = 11,044 \text{ kN} [1 p]$$

$$\tan(\alpha) = \frac{B_y}{B_x} = \frac{10,736 \text{ kN}}{2,588 \text{ kN}} = 4,1484 [1 p] \rightarrow \alpha = \arctan(4,1484) = 76,45^\circ [1 p]$$

2. Egyensúlyozza 3 erővel (és ábrázolja) az alábbi erőrendszert számítással!

[Σ15p]



$$F_1 = 24 \text{ kN}$$

$$\alpha = 32^\circ$$

$$F_{1x} = 24 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos \alpha = 20,353 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{1y} = 24 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin \alpha = 12,718 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_2 = 20 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_3 = 16 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_4 = 30 \text{ kN}$$

$$M = 130 \text{ kNm}$$

F₁ hatásvonala nem párhuzamos a B erőével!

$$\sum M_A = 0 = \sum M_A^* + A \cdot k_A \quad [0,5p]$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm [3p]		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F _{1x}	20,353 kN	2,00	↻	- F _{1x} · 2,00	-20,353 · 2,00	-40,71
F _{1y}	12,718 kN	3,00	↻	- F _{1y} · 3,00	-12,718 · 3,00	-38,15
F ₂	20 kN	1,803	↻	+ F ₂ · 1,803	+20 · 1,803	+36,06
F ₃	16 kN	0	—	F ₃ · 0	16 · 0	0
F ₄	30 kN	3,00	↻	- F ₄ · 3,00	-30 · 3,00	-90,00
M	130 kNm	—	↻	+ M	130	130,00
ΣM _A *			↻			-2,80
A	1,40 kN (←)	2,00	↻	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		+2,80
ΣM _A	0 kNm	—	—	—	—	0

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum M_A = 0 &= -F_{1x} \cdot 2,0\text{m} - F_{1y} \cdot 3,0\text{m} + F_2 \cdot 1,8\text{m} - F_4 \cdot 3,0\text{m} + M - A \cdot 2,0\text{m} \\
 &= -20,35\text{kN} \cdot 2,0\text{m} - 12,72\text{kN} \cdot 3,0\text{m} + 20\text{kN} \cdot 1,8\text{m} - 30\text{kN} \cdot 3,0\text{m} + 130\text{kNm} - A \cdot 2,0\text{m} \\
 &= -40,71\text{kNm} - 38,15\text{kNm} + 36,06\text{kNm} - 90,00\text{kNm} + 130,00\text{kNm} - A \cdot 2,0\text{m} \\
 &= -2,80\text{kNm} - A \cdot 2,0\text{m} \\
 A &= \frac{-2,80\text{kNm}}{2,0\text{m}} = \mathbf{-1,40 \text{ kN} (\leftarrow [0,5p])}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum M_B = 0 = \sum M_B^* + B \cdot k_B \quad [0,5p]$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm [3p]		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F_{1x}	20,353 kN	4,00	↻	$-F_{1x} \cdot 4,00$	$-20,353 \cdot 4,00$	-81,41
F_{1y}	12,718 kN	3,00	↻	$-F_{1y} \cdot 3,00$	$-12,718 \cdot 3,00$	-38,15
F_2	20 kN	2,913	↺	$+F_2 \cdot 2,913$	$+20 \cdot 2,913$	+58,26
F_3	16 kN	1,110	↻	$-F_3 \cdot 1,110$	$-16 \cdot 1,110$	-17,76
F_4	30 kN	3,00	↻	$-F_4 \cdot 3,00$	$-30 \cdot 3,00$	-90,00
M	130 kNm	–	↺	$+M$	130	130,00
ΣM_B^*			↻			-23,47
B	14,11 kN (↙)	1,664	↺	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		+23,47
ΣM_B	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_B = 0 &= -F_{1x} \cdot 4,0m - F_{1y} \cdot 3,0m + F_2 \cdot 2,91m - F_3 \cdot 1,11m - F_4 \cdot 3,0m + M - B \cdot 1,66m \\ &= -20,35kN \cdot 4,0m - 12,72kN \cdot 3,0m + 20kN \cdot 2,91m - 16kN \cdot 1,11m - 30kN \cdot 3,0m \\ &\quad + 130kNm - B \cdot 1,66m \\ &= -81,41kNm - 38,15kNm + 58,26kNm - 17,76kNm - 90,0kNm + 130,0kNm - B \cdot 1,66m \\ &= -23,47kNm - B \cdot 1,66m \end{aligned}$$

$$B_y = \frac{23,47kNm}{3,0m} = \mathbf{7,82kN} (\downarrow) \quad B_x = \frac{3}{2} \cdot B_y = \mathbf{11,74kN} (\leftarrow)$$

$$B = \frac{23,47kNm}{1,664m} = \sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2} = \sqrt{7,82^2 + 11,74^2} = \sqrt{199,00} = \mathbf{14,11kN} (\swarrow [0,5p])$$

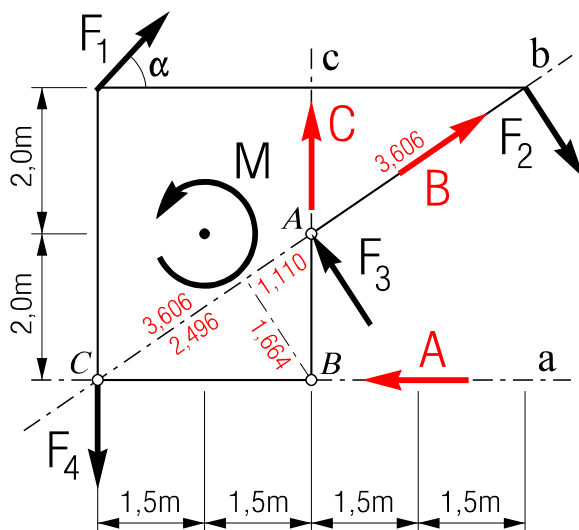
$$\sum M_C = 0 = \sum M_C^* + C \cdot k_C \quad [0,5p]$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm [3p]		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F_{1x}	20,353 kN	4,00	↻	$- F_{1x} \cdot 4,00$	$-20,353 \cdot 4,00$	-81,41
F_{1y}	12,718 kN	–	↻	$- F_{1y} \cdot 0$	$-12,718 \cdot 0$	0
F_2	20 kN	5,409	↺	$+ F_2 \cdot 5,409$	$+20 \cdot 5,409$	+108,18
F_3	16 kN	3,606	↻	$- F_3 \cdot 3,606$	$-16 \cdot 3,606$	-57,70
F_4	30 kN	–	↻	$- F_4 \cdot 0$	$-30 \cdot 0$	0
M	130 kNm	–	↺	$+ M$	130	130,00
ΣM_C^*			↺			+99,07
C	33,02 kN (↑)	3,00	↻	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		-99,07
ΣM_C	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum M_C = 0 &= -F_{1x} \cdot 4,0m + F_2 \cdot 5,41m - F_3 \cdot 3,61m - M + C \cdot 3,0m \\
 &= -20,35kN \cdot 4,0m + 20kN \cdot 5,41m - 16kN \cdot 3,61m + 130kNm + C \cdot 3,0m \\
 &= -81,41kNm + 108,18kNm - 57,70kNm + 130,00kNm + C \cdot 3,0m \\
 &= 99,07kNm + C \cdot 3,0m \\
 C &= \frac{-99,07kNm}{3,0m} = \mathbf{-33,02kN} \quad (\uparrow [0,5p])
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Egyensúlyozza 3 erővel (és ábrázolja) az alábbi erőrendszert számítással!

[Σ15p]



$$F_1 = 23 \text{ kN}$$

$\alpha = 48^\circ$

$$F_{1x} = 23 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos \alpha = 15,390 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{1v} = 23 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin \alpha = 17,092 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_2 = 22 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_3 = 17 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_4 = 32 \text{ kN}$$

$$M = 145 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 = \sum M_A^* + A \cdot k_A \quad [0,5p]$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm [3p]		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F _{1x}	15,390 kN	2,00	↺	+ F _{1x} · 2,00	+15,390 · 2,00	+30,78
F _{1y}	17,092 kN	3,00	↺	+ F _{1y} · 3,00	+17,092 · 3,00	+51,28
F ₂	22 kN	3,606	↺	+ F ₂ · 3,606	+22 · 3,606	+79,33
F ₃	17 kN	0	–	F ₃ · 0	12 · 0	0
F ₄	32 kN	3,00	↻	- F ₄ · 3,00	-32 · 3,00	-96,00
M	145 kNm	–	↻	- M	-145	-145,00
ΣM _A *			↻			-79,61
A	39,805 kN (←)	2,00	↺	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		+79,61
ΣM _A	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned}\sum M_A &= 0 = F_{1x} \cdot 2,0m + F_{1y} \cdot 3,0m + F_2 \cdot 3,61m - F_4 \cdot 3,0m - M - A \cdot 2,0m \\ &= 15,39kN \cdot 2,0m + 17,09kN \cdot 3,0m + 22kN \cdot 3,61m - 32kN \cdot 3,0m - 145kNm - A \cdot 2,0m \\ &= 30,78kNm + 51,28kNm + 79,33kNm - 96,00kNm - 145,00kNm - A \cdot 2,0m \\ &= -79,61kNm - A \cdot 2,0m \\ A &= \frac{-79,61kNm}{2,0m} = \mathbf{-39,805kN} \quad (\leftarrow [0,5p])\end{aligned}$$

$$\sum M_B = 0 = \sum M_B^* + B \cdot k_B \quad [0,5p]$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm [3p]		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F_{1x}	15,390 kN	4,00	↺	$+ F_{1x} \cdot 4,00$	$+15,390 \cdot 4,00$	+61,56
F_{1y}	17,092 kN	3,00	↺	$+ F_{1y} \cdot 3,00$	$+17,092 \cdot 3,00$	+51,28
F_2	22 kN	4,716	↺	$+ F_2 \cdot 4,716$	$+22 \cdot 4,716$	+103,75
F_3	17 kN	1,110	↻	$- F_3 \cdot 1,110$	$-17 \cdot 1,110$	-18,87
F_4	32 kN	3,00	↻	$- F_4 \cdot 3,00$	$-32 \cdot 3,00$	-96,00
M	145 kNm	–	↻	$- M$	-145	-145,00
$\sum M_B^*$			↻			-43,28
B	26,01 kN (↗)	1,664	↺	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		+43,28
$\sum M_B$	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_B = 0 &= F_{1x} \cdot 4,0m + F_{1y} \cdot 3,0m + F_2 \cdot 4,72m - F_3 \cdot 1,11m - F_4 \cdot 3,0m - M + B \cdot 1,66m \\ &= 15,39kN \cdot 4,0m + 17,09kN \cdot 3,0m + 22kN \cdot 4,72m - 17kN \cdot 1,11m - 32kN \cdot 3,0m \\ &\quad - 145kNm + B \cdot 1,66m \\ &= 61,56kNm + 51,28kNm + 103,75kNm - 18,87kNm - 96kNm \\ &\quad - 145kNm + B \cdot 1,66m = -43,28kNm + B \cdot 1,66m \end{aligned}$$

$$B = \frac{43,28Nm}{1,664m} = \mathbf{26,01kN} \quad (\nearrow [0,5p])$$

$$\sum M_C = 0 = \sum M_C^* + C \cdot k_C \quad [0,5p]$$

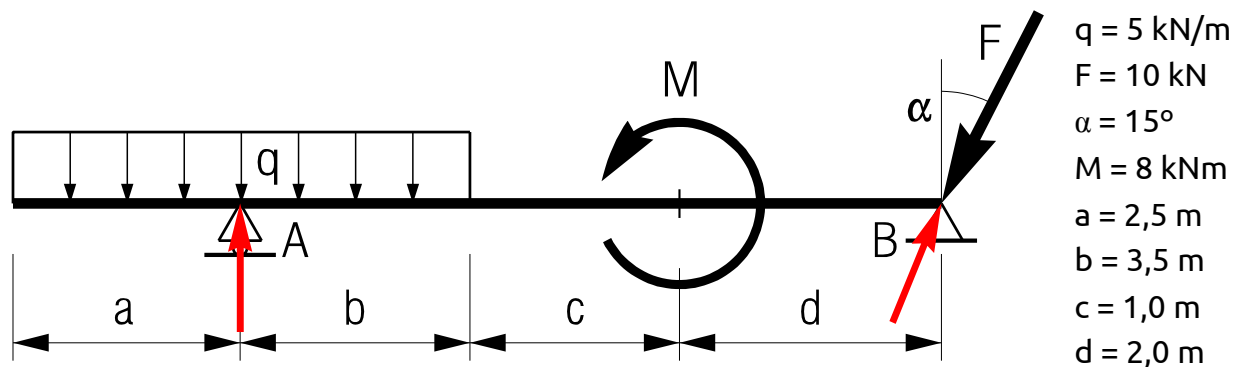
teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm [3p]		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F_{1x}	15,390 kN	4,00	↺	$+ F_{1x} \cdot 4,00$	$+15,390 \cdot 4,00$	+61,56
F_{1y}	17,092 kN	0	–	$F_{1y} \cdot 0$	$8,452 \cdot 0$	0
F_2	22 kN	7,212	↺	$+ F_2 \cdot 7,212$	$+22 \cdot 7,212$	+158,66
F_3	17 kN	3,606	↻	$- F_3 \cdot 3,606$	$-17 \cdot 3,606$	-61,30
F_4	32 kN	0	–	$F_4 \cdot 0$	$35 \cdot 0$	0
M	145 kNm	–	↻	$- M$	-145	-145,00
$\sum M_C^*$			↺			+13,92
C	4,64 kN (↑)	3,00	↺	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		-13,92
$\sum M_C$	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned}\sum M_C &= 0 = F_{1x} \cdot 4,0m + F_2 \cdot 7,21m - F_3 \cdot 3,61m - M + C \cdot 3,0m \\ &= 15,39kN \cdot 4,0m + 22kN \cdot 7,21m - 17kN \cdot 3,61m - 145kNm + C \cdot 3,0m \\ &= 61,56kNm + 158,66kNm - 61,30kNm - 145,00kNm + C \cdot 3,0m \\ &= 13,92kNm + C \cdot 3,0m\end{aligned}$$

$$C = \frac{-13,92kNm}{3,0m} = -4,64kN (\uparrow [0,5p])$$

4. Határozza meg és ábrázolja az alábbi tartó reakcióerőit (támaszerőit)!

[Σ15p]



$$F_x = F \cdot \sin \alpha = 10 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 15^\circ = \mathbf{2,588 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) \text{ [1 p]}$$

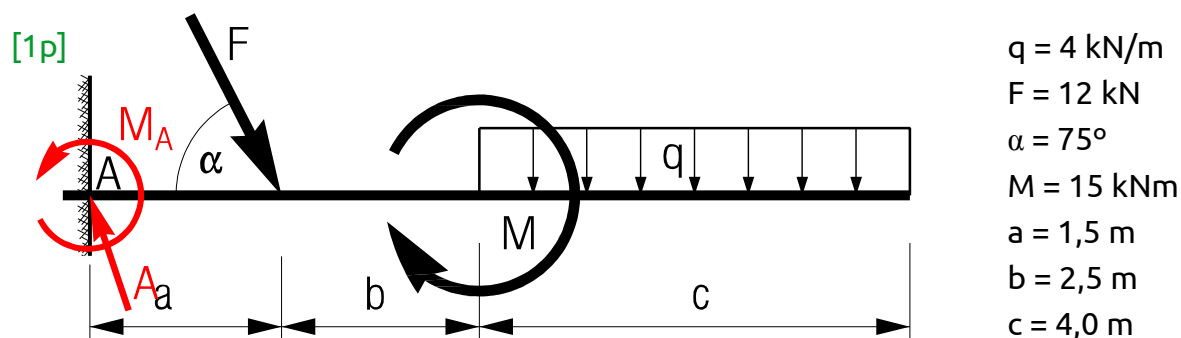
$$F_y = F \cdot \cos \alpha = 10 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 15^\circ = \mathbf{9,659 \text{ kN}} (\downarrow) \text{ [1 p]}$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 = \sum M_A^* + B \cdot (b+c+d)$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F_x	2,588 kN	0	–	0	0	0
F_y	9,659 kN	6,50	↺	$+ F_y \cdot (b + c + d)$	$+9,659 \cdot 6,50$	+62,78
q	5 kN/m	0,50	↺	$+ q \cdot (a + b) \cdot 0,50$	$+5 \cdot 6,00 \cdot 0,50$	+15,00
M	8 kNm	–	↻	$- M$	-8,00	-8,00
$\sum M_A^*$			↺			+69,78
B	10,74 kN (↑)	6,50	↻	← ← ← ← ← ← ← ←		-69,78
$\sum M_A$	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

4. Határozza meg és ábrázolja az alábbi tartó reakcióerőit (támaszerőit)!

[Σ15p]



$$F_x = F \cdot \cos \alpha = 12 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 75^\circ = \mathbf{3,106 \text{ kN}} \ (\rightarrow) \ [1p]$$

$$F_y = F \cdot \sin \alpha = 12 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 75^\circ = \mathbf{11,591 \text{ kN}} \ (\downarrow) \ [1p]$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 = \sum M_A^* + M_A$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F_x	3,106 kN	0	–	0	0	0
F_y	11,591 kN	1,50	⌚	$+ F_y \cdot a$	$+11,591 \cdot 1,50$	+17,39
q	4 kN/m	6,00	⌚	$+ q \cdot c \cdot (a + b + c/2)$	$+4 \cdot 4,00 \cdot 6,00$	+96,00
M	15 kNm	–	⌚	$+ M$	+15,00	+15,00
$\sum M_A^*$			⌚			+128,39
M_A		–	⌚			-128,39
$\sum M_A$	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum M_A^* = 0 &= q \cdot c \cdot \left(a + b + \frac{c}{2} \right) + M + F_y \cdot a + M_A \\
 &= 4 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 4,0 \text{ m} \cdot \left(1,5 \text{ m} + 2,5 \text{ m} + \frac{4,0 \text{ m}}{2} \right) + 15 \text{ kNm} + 11,591 \text{ kN} \cdot 1,5 \text{ m} + M_A \\
 &= 4 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 4,0 \text{ m} \cdot 6,0 \text{ m} + 15 \text{ kNm} + 11,591 \text{ kN} \cdot 1,5 \text{ m} + M_A \\
 &= 96,0 \text{ kNm} + 15 \text{ kNm} + 17,387 \text{ kNm} + M_A = 128,39 \text{ kNm} + M_A
 \end{aligned}$$

$$M_A = \mathbf{-128,39 \text{ kNm}} \ [3+0,5p]$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 = A_x + F_x = A_x + 3,106 \text{ kN} \rightarrow A_x = \mathbf{-3,106 \text{ kN}} \ (\leftarrow) \ [1,5+0,5p]$$

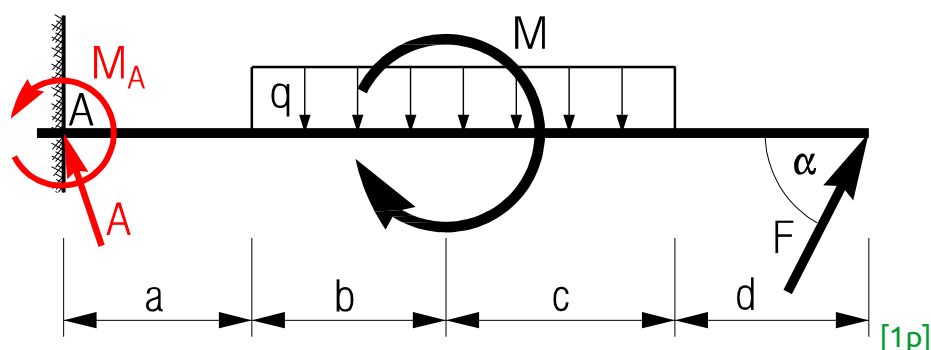
$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum F_y = 0 &= A_y + F_y + q \cdot c = A_y + 11,591 \text{ kN} + 4 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 4,0 \text{ m} \\
 &= A_y + 11,591 \text{ kN} + 16,0 \text{ kN} = A_y + 27,591 \text{ kN} \rightarrow A_y = \mathbf{-27,591 \text{ kN}} \ (\uparrow) \ [2+0,5p]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \sqrt{A_x^2 + A_y^2} = \sqrt{3,106^2 + 27,591^2} = \sqrt{770,91} = \mathbf{27,76 \text{ kN}} \ [1p]$$

$$\tan(\alpha) = \frac{A_y}{A_x} = \frac{27,591 \text{ kN}}{3,106 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{8,883} \ [1p] \rightarrow \alpha = \arctan(8,883) = \mathbf{83,58^\circ} \ [1p]$$

4. Határozza meg és ábrázolja az alábbi tartó reakcióerőit (támaszerőit)!

[Σ15p]



$q = 6 \text{ kN/m}$
 $F = 11 \text{ kN}$
 $\alpha = 70^\circ$
 $M = 18 \text{ kNm}$
 $a = 2,0 \text{ m}$
 $b = 2,0 \text{ m}$
 $c = 4,0 \text{ m}$
 $d = 2,5 \text{ m}$

$$F_x = F \cdot \cos \alpha = 11 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 70^\circ = \mathbf{3,762 \text{ kN}} (\rightarrow) \text{ [1p]}$$

$$F_y = F \cdot \sin \alpha = 11 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 70^\circ = \mathbf{10,337 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) \text{ [1p]}$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 = \sum M_A^* + M_A$$

teher		erőkar, m [1p]	forgatás iránya	nyomaték, kNm		
jel	érték			betűvel	adattal	részeredmény
F_x	3,762 kN	0	–	0	0	0
F_y	10,337 kN	10,50	↺	$-F_y \cdot 10,50$	$-10,337 \cdot 10,50$	-108,54
q	6 kN/m	5,00	↺	$+q \cdot (b+c) \cdot 5,00$	$+6 \cdot 6,00 \cdot 5,00$	+180,00
M	18 kNm	–	↺	$+M$	+18	+18,00
$\sum M_A^*$			↺			+89,46
M_A		–	↻			-89,46
$\sum M_A$	0 kNm	–	–	–	–	0

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum M_A = 0 &= q \cdot (b+c) \cdot \left(a + \frac{b+c}{2}\right) + M + F_y \cdot (a+b+c+d) + M_A \\
 &= 6 \text{ kN/m} \cdot (2,0 \text{ m} + 4,0 \text{ m}) \cdot \left(2,0 \text{ m} + \frac{2,0 \text{ m} + 4,0 \text{ m}}{2}\right) + 18 \text{ kNm} - 10,337 \text{ kN} \cdot 10,5 \text{ m} + M_A \\
 &= 5 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 6,0 \text{ m} \cdot 5,0 \text{ m} + 18 \text{ kNm} - 108,54 \text{ kNm} + M_A \\
 &= 180,00 \text{ kNm} + 18 \text{ kNm} - 108,54 \text{ kNm} + M_A = 89,46 \text{ kNm} + M_A \\
 M_A &= \mathbf{-89,46 \text{ kN}} \text{ [3+0,5 p]}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 = F_x + A_x = 3,762 \text{ kN} + A_x$$

$$A_x = \mathbf{-3,762 \text{ kN}} (\leftarrow) \text{ [1,5+0,5 p]}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 = q \cdot (b+c) + F_y + A_y = 6 \text{ kN/m} \cdot 6,0 \text{ m} - 10,337 \text{ kN} + A_y = 25,663 \text{ kN} + A_y$$

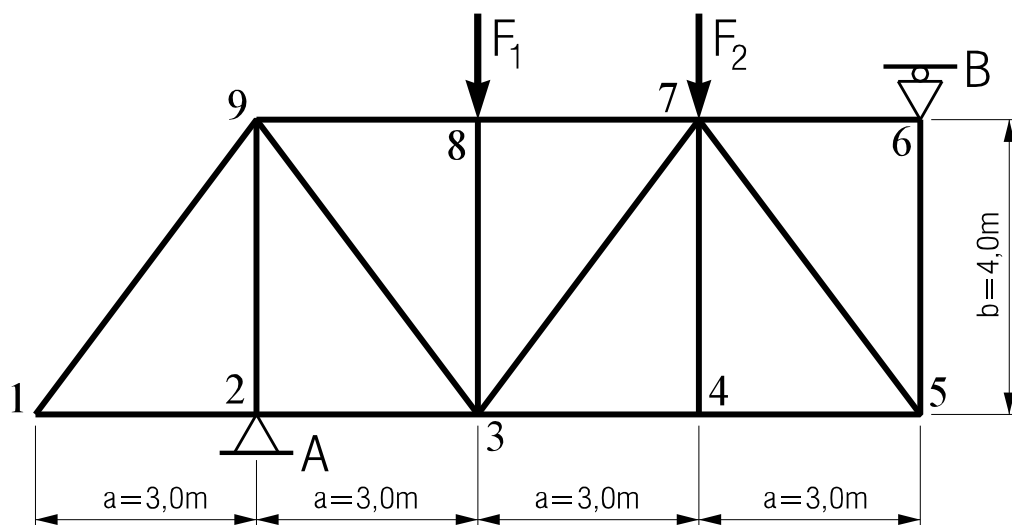
$$A_y = \mathbf{-25,663 \text{ kN}} (\uparrow) \text{ [2+0,5 p]}$$

$$A = \sqrt{A_x^2 + A_y^2} = \sqrt{3,762^2 + 25,663^2} = \sqrt{672,74} = \mathbf{25,937 \text{ kN}} \text{ [1p]}$$

$$\tan(\alpha) = \frac{A_y}{A_x} = \frac{25,663 \text{ kN}}{3,762 \text{ kN}} = \mathbf{6,8216} \text{ [1p]} \rightarrow \alpha = \arctan(6,8216) = \mathbf{81,66^\circ} \text{ [1p]}$$

3. Határozza meg és ábrázolja az alábbi rácsos tartó rúderőit számítással!

[Σ20p]



$$F_1 = 200 \text{ kN}$$

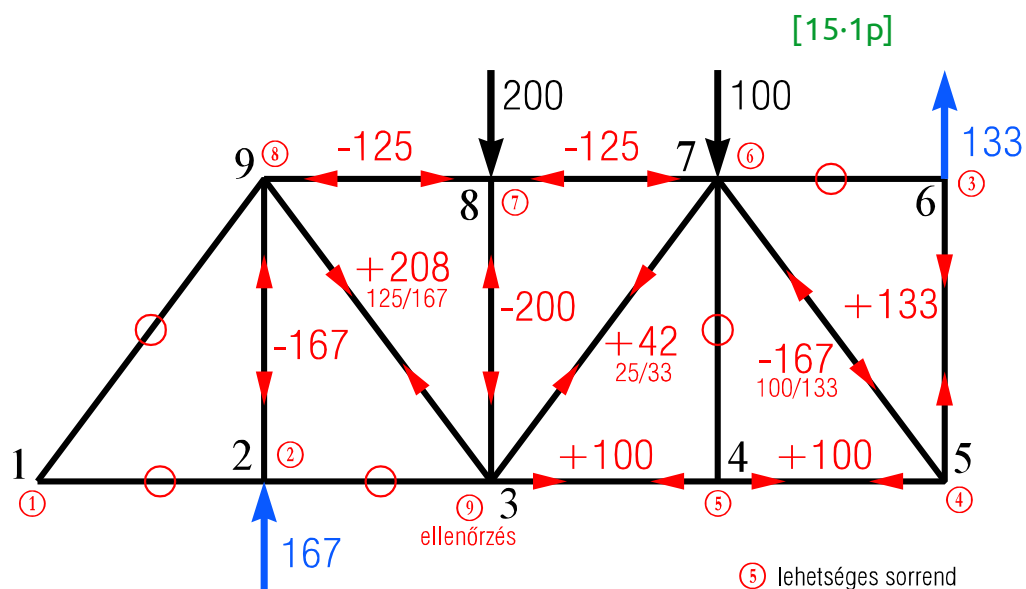
$$F_2 = 100 \text{ kN}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma M_A = 0 &= F_1 \cdot a + F_2 \cdot 2 \cdot a + B \cdot 3 \cdot a = 200 \text{ kN} \cdot 3,0 \text{ m} + 100 \text{ kN} \cdot 6,0 \text{ m} + B \cdot 9,0 \text{ m} \\ &= 600 \text{ kNm} + 600 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 9,0 \text{ m} = 1200 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 9,0 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$B = \frac{-1200 \text{ kNm}}{9,0 \text{ m}} = -133,33 \text{ kN} \approx 133 \text{ kN} (\uparrow) \quad [1p]$$

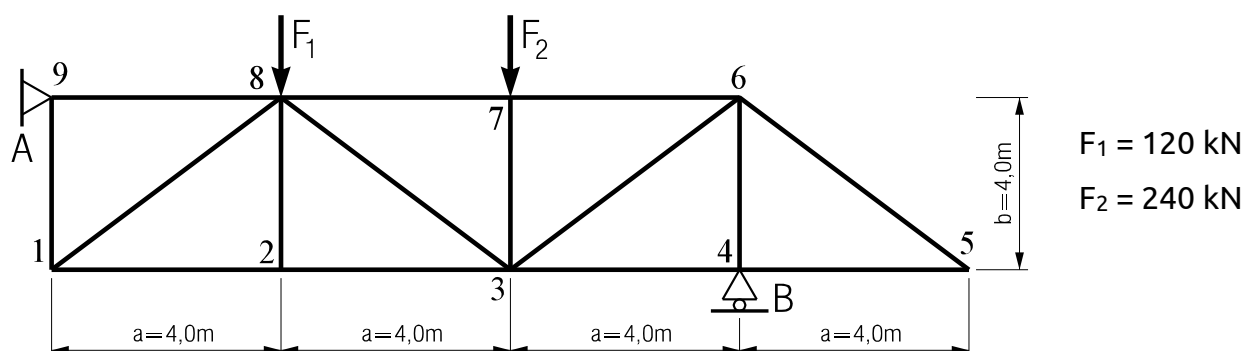
$$\Sigma F_y = 0 = A + F_1 + F_2 + B_y = A + 200 \text{ kN} + 100 \text{ kN} - 133,33 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = -166,67 \text{ kN} \approx 167 \text{ kN} (\uparrow) \quad [1p]$$



3. Határozza meg és ábrázolja az alábbi rácsos tartó rúderőit számítással!

[Σ20p]

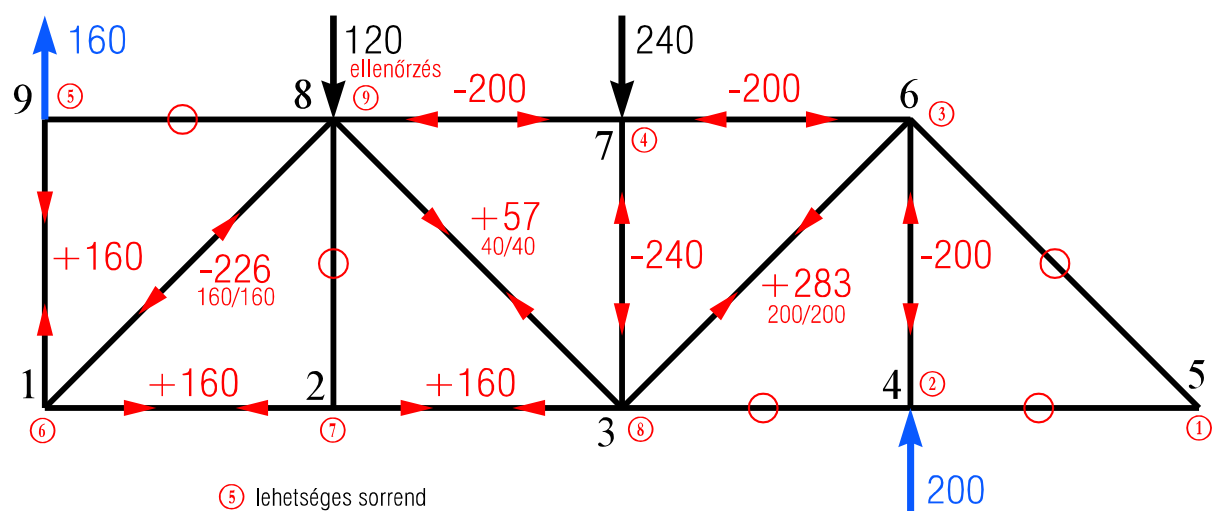


$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_A = 0 &= F_1 \cdot a + F_2 \cdot 2 \cdot a + B \cdot 3 \cdot a = 120 \text{ kN} \cdot 4,0 \text{ m} + 240 \text{ kN} \cdot 8,0 \text{ m} + B \cdot 12,0 \text{ m} \\ &= 480 \text{ kNm} + 1920 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 12,0 \text{ m} = 2400 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 12,0 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$B = \frac{-2400 \text{ kNm}}{12,0 \text{ m}} = -200 \text{ kN} (\uparrow)$$

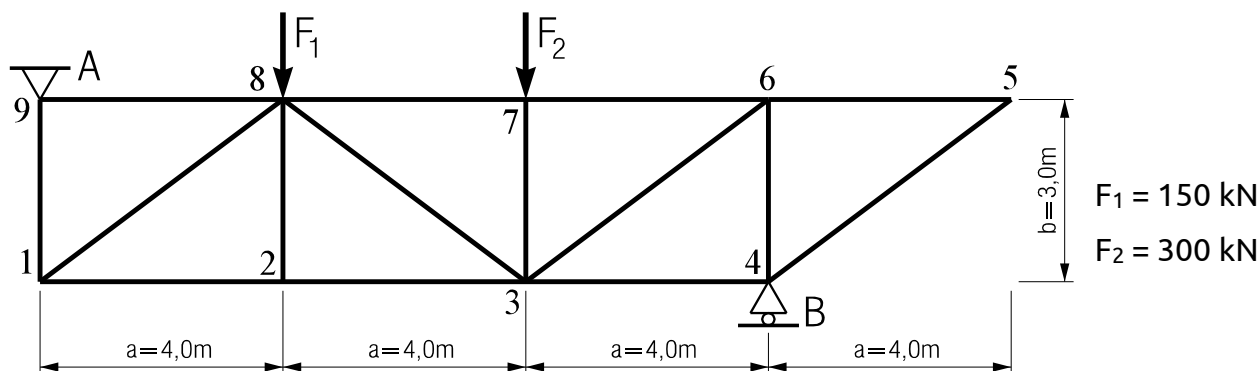
$$\sum F_y = 0 = A + F_1 + F_2 + B_y = A + 120 \text{ kN} + 240 \text{ kN} - 200 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = -160 \text{ kN} (\uparrow)$$



3. Határozza meg és ábrázolja az alábbi rácsos tartó rúderőit számítással!

[Σ20p]



$$\sum M_A = 0 = F_1 \cdot a + F_2 \cdot 2 \cdot a + B \cdot 3 \cdot a = 150 \text{ kN} \cdot 4,0 \text{ m} + 300 \text{ kN} \cdot 8,0 \text{ m} + B \cdot 12,0 \text{ m}$$

$$= 600 \text{ kNm} + 240 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 12,0 \text{ m} = 3000 \text{ kNm} + B \cdot 120 \text{ m}$$

$$B = \frac{-3000 \text{ kNm}}{12,0 \text{ m}} = -250 \text{ kN} (\uparrow) \quad [1p]$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow A_x = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 = A_y + F_1 + F_2 + B = A_y + 150 \text{ kN} + 300 \text{ kN} - 250 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = A_y = -200 \text{ kN} (\uparrow) \quad [1p]$$

[15·1p]

